UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA JACKSONVILLE DIVISION

FILED IN OPEN COURT

CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

V.

CASE NO. 3:17-cr- 149-5.32 Lice

DINO AJLONI

PLEA AGREEMENT

Pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 11(c), the United States of America, by W. Stephen Muldrow, Acting United States Attorney for the Middle District of Florida, and the defendant, DINO AJLONI, and the attorneys for the defendant, ALAN CEBALLOS and ALEX KING, mutually agree as follows:

A. Particularized Terms

1. Count(s) Pleading To

The defendant shall enter a plea of guilty to Count One of the Information. Count One charges the defendant with health care fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1347.

2. Maximum Penalties

Count One carries a maximum sentence of not more than 10 years, a fine of not more than \$250,000, or both imprisonment and fine, a term of supervised release of not more than 3 years, and a mandatory special

Defendant's Initials

AF Approval

assessment of \$100, said special assessment to be due the date of sentencing. A violation of the terms and conditions of supervised release is punishable by a term of not more than 2 years' imprisonment, as well as the possibility of an additional term of supervised release.

3. Elements of the Offense(s)

The defendant acknowledges understanding the nature and elements of the offense(s) with which defendant has been charged and to which defendant is pleading guilty. The elements of an offense in violation of 18 U.S.C. Section 1347, that is, healthcare fraud, as charged in Count One of the information, are as follows:

First: The Defendant knowingly executed, or attempted

to execute, a scheme or artifice to defraud a health-

care benefit program, by means of false or

fraudulent pretenses, representations, or promises;

Second: The health care benefit program affected interstate

commerce;

Third: The false or fraudulent pretenses, representations,

or promises related to a material fact;

Fourth: The Defendant acted willfully and intended to

defraud; and

Fifth: The Defendant did so in connection with the

delivery of or payment for health-care benefits,

items, or services.



4. Indictment Waiver

Defendant will waive the right to be charged by way of indictment before a federal grand jury.

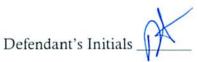
5. No Further Charges

If the Court accepts this plea agreement, the United States Attorney's Office for the Middle District of Florida agrees not to charge defendant with committing any other federal criminal offenses known to the United States Attorney's Office at the time of the execution of this agreement, related to the conduct giving rise to this plea agreement.

6. Acceptance of Responsibility - Three Levels

At the time of sentencing, and in the event that no adverse information is received suggesting such a recommendation to be unwarranted, the United States will recommend to the Court that the defendant receive a two-level downward adjustment for acceptance of responsibility, pursuant to USSG § 3E1.1(a). The defendant understands that this recommendation or request is not binding on the Court, and if not accepted by the Court, the defendant will not be allowed to withdraw from the plea.

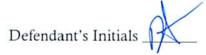
Further, at the time of sentencing, if the defendant's offense level prior to operation of subsection (a) is level 16 or greater, and if the defendant complies with the provisions of USSG § 3E1.1(b) and all terms of this Plea



Agreement, including but not limited to, the timely submission of the financial affidavit referenced in Paragraph B.4., the United States agrees to file a motion pursuant to USSG § 3E1.1(b) for a downward adjustment of one additional level. The defendant understands that the determination as to whether the defendant has qualified for a downward adjustment of a third level for acceptance of responsibility rests solely with the United States Attorney for the Middle District of Florida, and the defendant agrees that the defendant cannot and will not challenge that determination, whether by appeal, collateral attack, or otherwise.

7. Cooperation - Substantial Assistance to be Considered

Defendant agrees to cooperate fully with the United States in the investigation and prosecution of other persons, and to testify, subject to a prosecution for perjury or making a false statement, fully and truthfully before any federal court proceeding or federal grand jury in connection with the charges in this case and other matters, such cooperation to further include a full and complete disclosure of all relevant information, including production of any and all books, papers, documents, and other objects in defendant's possession or control, and to be reasonably available for interviews which the United States may require. If the cooperation is completed prior to sentencing, the government agrees to consider whether such cooperation qualifies as



"substantial assistance" in accordance with the policy of the United States Attorney for the Middle District of Florida, warranting the filing of a motion at the time of sentencing recommending (1) a downward departure from the applicable guideline range pursuant to USSG § 5K1.1, or (2) the imposition of a sentence below a statutory minimum, if any, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3553(e), or (3) both. If the cooperation is completed subsequent to sentencing, the government agrees to consider whether such cooperation qualifies as "substantial assistance" in accordance with the policy of the United States Attorney for the Middle District of Florida, warranting the filing of a motion for a reduction of sentence within one year of the imposition of sentence pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 35(b). In any case, the defendant understands that the determination as to whether "substantial assistance" has been provided or what type of motion related thereto will be filed, if any, rests solely with the United States Attorney for the Middle District of Florida, and the defendant agrees that defendant cannot and will not challenge that determination, whether by appeal, collateral attack, or otherwise.

8. <u>Use of Information - Section 1B1.8</u>

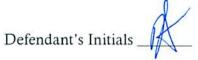
Pursuant to USSG § 1B1.8(a), the United States agrees that no selfincriminating information which the defendant may provide during the course of defendant's cooperation and pursuant to this agreement shall be used in determining the applicable sentencing guideline range, subject to the restrictions and limitations set forth in USSG § 1B1.8(b).

9. Cooperation - Responsibilities of Parties

- a. The government will make known to the Court and other relevant authorities the nature and extent of defendant's cooperation and any other mitigating circumstances indicative of the defendant's rehabilitative intent by assuming the fundamental civic duty of reporting crime. However, the defendant understands that the government can make no representation that the Court will impose a lesser sentence solely on account of, or in consideration of, such cooperation.
- b. It is understood that should the defendant knowingly provide incomplete or untruthful testimony, statements, or information pursuant to this agreement, or should the defendant falsely implicate or incriminate any person, or should the defendant fail to voluntarily and unreservedly disclose and provide full, complete, truthful, and honest knowledge, information, and cooperation regarding any of the matters noted herein, the following conditions shall apply:
- (1) The defendant may be prosecuted for any perjury or false declarations, if any, committed while testifying pursuant to this agreement, or for obstruction of justice.



- (2)The United States may prosecute the defendant for the charges which are to be dismissed pursuant to this agreement, if any, and may either seek reinstatement of or refile such charges and prosecute the defendant thereon in the event such charges have been dismissed pursuant to this agreement. With regard to such charges, if any, which have been dismissed, the defendant, being fully aware of the nature of all such charges now pending in the instant case, and being further aware of defendant's rights, as to all felony charges pending in such cases (those offenses punishable by imprisonment for a term of over one year), to not be held to answer to said felony charges unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, and further being aware that all such felony charges in the instant case have heretofore properly been returned by the indictment of a grand jury, does hereby agree to reinstatement of such charges by recision of any order dismissing them or, alternatively, does hereby waive, in open court, prosecution by indictment and consents that the United States may proceed by information instead of by indictment with regard to any felony charges which may be dismissed in the instant case, pursuant to this plea agreement, and the defendant further agrees to waive the statute of limitations and any speedy trial claims on such charges.
- (3) The United States may prosecute the defendant for any offenses set forth herein, if any, the prosecution of which in accordance with

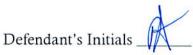


this agreement, the United States agrees to forego, and the defendant agrees to waive the statute of limitations and any speedy trial claims as to any such offenses.

- (4) The government may use against the defendant the defendant's own admissions and statements and the information and books, papers, documents, and objects that the defendant has furnished in the course of the defendant's cooperation with the government.
- (5) The defendant will not be permitted to withdraw the guilty pleas to those counts to which defendant hereby agrees to plead in the instant case but, in that event, defendant will be entitled to the sentencing limitations, if any, set forth in this plea agreement, with regard to those counts to which the defendant has pled; or in the alternative, at the option of the United States, the United States may move the Court to declare this entire plea agreement null and void.

10. Forfeiture of Assets

The defendant agrees to forfeit to the United States immediately and voluntarily any and all assets and property, or portions thereof, subject to forfeiture, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 982(a)(7), whether in the possession or control of the United States, the defendant or defendant's nominees. The assets to be forfeited specifically include, but are not limited to, the sum of



\$1,916,206.97, which constitutes or was derived, directly or indirectly, from gross proceeds traceable to the commission of the offenses charged in Count One. The defendant further consents to the United States filing of a motion for entry of an Order of Forfeiture.

The defendant agrees and consents to the forfeiture of these assets pursuant to any federal criminal, civil judicial or administrative forfeiture action. The defendant also agrees to waive all constitutional, statutory and procedural challenges (including direct appeal, habeas corpus, or any other means) to any forfeiture carried out in accordance with this Plea Agreement on any grounds, including that the forfeiture described herein constitutes an excessive fine, was not properly noticed in the charging instrument, addressed by the Court at the time of the guilty plea, announced at sentencing, or incorporated into the judgment.

The defendant admits and agrees that the conduct described in the Factual Basis below provides a sufficient factual and statutory basis for the forfeiture of the property sought by the government. Pursuant to Rule 32.2(b)(4), the defendant agrees that the preliminary order of forfeiture will satisfy the notice requirement and will be final as to the defendant at the time it is entered. In the event the forfeiture is omitted from the judgment, the



defendant agrees that the forfeiture order may be incorporated into the written judgment at any time pursuant to Rule 36.

The defendant agrees to take all steps necessary to identify and locate all property subject to forfeiture and to transfer custody of such property to the United States before the defendant's sentencing. The defendant agrees to be interviewed by the government, prior to and after sentencing, regarding such assets and their connection to criminal conduct. The defendant further agrees to be polygraphed on the issue of assets, if it is deemed necessary by the United States. The defendant agrees that Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11 and USSG § 1B1.8 will not protect from forfeiture assets disclosed by the defendant as part of the defendant's cooperation.

The defendant agrees to take all steps necessary to assist the government in obtaining clear title to the forfeitable assets before the defendant's sentencing. In addition to providing full and complete information about forfeitable assets, these steps include, but are not limited to, the surrender of title, the signing of a consent decree of forfeiture, and signing of any other documents necessary to effectuate such transfers. To that end, the defendant agrees to make a full and complete disclosure of all assets over which defendant exercises control directly or indirectly, including all assets held by nominees, to execute any documents requested by the United States to obtain from any

Defendant's Initials

other parties by lawful means any records of assets owned by the defendant, and to consent to the release of the defendant's tax returns for the previous five years. The defendant agrees to be interviewed by the government, prior to and after sentencing, regarding such assets and their connection to criminal conduct.

The defendant agrees that the United States is not limited to forfeiture of the property specifically identified for forfeiture in this Plea Agreement. The defendant agrees that the property identified for forfeiture cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence; has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party; has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the Court; has been substantially diminished in value; or has been commingled with other property which cannot be divided without difficulty; and that the United States shall be entitled to forfeiture of any other property (substitute assets) of the defendant up to the value of any property described above. The Defendant expressly consents to the forfeiture of any substitute assets sought by the Government and consents to the immediate filing of a motion for preliminary order of forfeiture of substitute assets as to any property owned by the defendant up to the value of the proceeds sought in forfeiture. The defendant agrees that forfeiture of substitute assets as authorized herein shall not be deemed an alteration of the defendant's sentence.

Defendant's Initials

Forfeiture of the defendant's assets shall not be treated as satisfaction of any fine, restitution, cost of imprisonment, or any other penalty the Court may impose upon the defendant in addition to forfeiture.

The defendant agrees that, in the event the Court determines that the defendant has breached this section of the Plea Agreement, the defendant may be found ineligible for a reduction in the Guidelines calculation for acceptance of responsibility and substantial assistance, and may be eligible for an obstruction of justice enhancement.

The defendant agrees that the forfeiture provisions of this plea agreement are intended to, and will, survive the defendant, notwithstanding the abatement of any underlying criminal conviction after the execution of this agreement. The forfeitability of any particular property pursuant to this agreement shall be determined as if the defendant had survived, and that determination shall be binding upon defendant's heirs, successors and assigns until the agreed forfeiture is collected in full.

B. Standard Terms and Conditions

1. Restitution, Special Assessment and Fine

The defendant understands and agrees that the Court, in addition to or in lieu of any other penalty, <u>shall</u> order the defendant to make restitution to any victim of the offense(s), pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3663A, for all offenses



described in 18 U.S.C. § 3663A(c)(1); and the Court may order the defendant to make restitution to any victim of the offense(s), pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3663, including restitution as to all counts charged, whether or not the defendant enters a plea of guilty to such counts, and whether or not such counts are dismissed pursuant to this agreement. The defendant further understands that compliance with any restitution payment plan imposed by the Court in no way precludes the United States from simultaneously pursuing other statutory remedies for collecting restitution (18 U.S.C. § 3003(b)(2)), including, but not limited to, garnishment and execution, pursuant to the Mandatory Victims Restitution Act, in order to ensure that the defendant's restitution obligation is satisfied.

On each count to which a plea of guilty is entered, the Court shall impose a special assessment pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3013. The special assessment is due on the date of sentencing.

The defendant understands that this agreement imposes no limitation as to fine.

2. Supervised Release

The defendant understands that the offense(s) to which the defendant is pleading provide(s) for imposition of a term of supervised release upon release



from imprisonment, and that, if the defendant should violate the conditions of release, the defendant would be subject to a further term of imprisonment.

3. Immigration Consequences of Pleading Guilty

The defendant has been advised and understands that, upon conviction, a defendant who is not a United States citizen may be removed from the United States, denied citizenship, and denied admission to the United States in the future.

4. Sentencing Information

The United States reserves its right and obligation to report to the Court and the United States Probation Office all information concerning the background, character, and conduct of the defendant, to provide relevant factual information, including the totality of the defendant's criminal activities, if any, not limited to the count(s) to which defendant pleads, to respond to comments made by the defendant or defendant's counsel, and to correct any misstatements or inaccuracies. The United States further reserves its right to make any recommendations it deems appropriate regarding the disposition of this case, subject to any limitations set forth herein, if any.

5. Financial Disclosures

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3664(d)(3) and Fed. R. Crim. P. 32(d)(2)(A)(ii), the defendant agrees to complete and submit to the United States Attorney's



Office within 30 days of execution of this agreement an affidavit reflecting the defendant's financial condition. The defendant promises that his/her financial statement and disclosures will be complete, accurate and truthful and will include all assets in which he/she has any interest or over which the defendant exercises control, directly or indirectly, including those held by a spouse, dependent, nominee or other third party. The defendant further agrees to execute any documents requested by the United States needed to obtain from any third parties any records of assets owned by the defendant, directly or through a nominee, and, by the execution of this Plea Agreement, consents to the release of the defendant's tax returns for the previous five years. The defendant similarly agrees and authorizes the United States Attorney's Office to provide to, and obtain from, the United States Probation Office, the financial affidavit, any of the defendant's federal, state, and local tax returns, bank records and any other financial information concerning the defendant, for the purpose of making any recommendations to the Court and for collecting any assessments, fines, restitution, or forfeiture ordered by the Court. defendant expressly authorizes the United States Attorney's Office to obtain current credit reports in order to evaluate the defendant's ability to satisfy any financial obligation imposed by the Court.

Defendant's Initials

6. Sentencing Recommendations

It is understood by the parties that the Court is neither a party to nor bound by this agreement. The Court may accept or reject the agreement, or defer a decision until it has had an opportunity to consider the presentence report prepared by the United States Probation Office. The defendant understands and acknowledges that, although the parties are permitted to make recommendations and present arguments to the Court, the sentence will be determined solely by the Court, with the assistance of the United States Probation Office. Defendant further understands and acknowledges that any discussions between defendant or defendant's attorney and the attorney or other agents for the government regarding any recommendations by the government are not binding on the Court and that, should any recommendations be rejected, defendant will not be permitted to withdraw defendant's plea pursuant to this plea agreement. The government expressly reserves the right to support and defend any decision that the Court may make with regard to the defendant's sentence, whether or not such decision is consistent with the government's recommendations contained herein.

7. <u>Defendant's Waiver of Right to Appeal the Sentence</u>

The defendant agrees that this Court has jurisdiction and authority to impose any sentence up to the statutory maximum and expressly waives the



right to appeal defendant's sentence on any ground, including the ground that the Court erred in determining the applicable guidelines range pursuant to the United States Sentencing Guidelines, except (a) the ground that the sentence exceeds the defendant's applicable guidelines range as determined by the Court pursuant to the United States Sentencing Guidelines; (b) the ground that the sentence exceeds the statutory maximum penalty; or (c) the ground that the sentence violates the Eighth Amendment to the Constitution; provided, however, that if the government exercises its right to appeal the sentence imposed, as authorized by 18 U.S.C. § 3742(b), then the defendant is released from his waiver and may appeal the sentence as authorized by 18 U.S.C. § 3742(a).

8. Middle District of Florida Agreement

It is further understood that this agreement is limited to the Office of the United States Attorney for the Middle District of Florida and cannot bind other federal, state, or local prosecuting authorities, although this office will bring defendant's cooperation, if any, to the attention of other prosecuting officers or others, if requested.

9. Filing of Agreement

This agreement shall be presented to the Court, in open court or <u>in</u> <u>camera</u>, in whole or in part, upon a showing of good cause, and filed in this cause, at the time of defendant's entry of a plea of guilty pursuant hereto.

10. Voluntariness

The defendant acknowledges that defendant is entering into this agreement and is pleading guilty freely and voluntarily without reliance upon any discussions between the attorney for the government and the defendant and defendant's attorney and without promise of benefit of any kind (other than the concessions contained herein), and without threats, force, intimidation, or coercion of any kind. The defendant further acknowledges defendant's understanding of the nature of the offense or offenses to which defendant is pleading guilty and the elements thereof, including the penalties provided by law, and defendant's complete satisfaction with the representation and advice received from defendant's undersigned counsel (if any). The defendant also understands that defendant has the right to plead not guilty or to persist in that plea if it has already been made, and that defendant has the right to be tried by a jury with the assistance of counsel, the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against defendant, the right against compulsory selfincrimination, and the right to compulsory process for the attendance of



witnesses to testify in defendant's defense; but, by pleading guilty, defendant waives or gives up those rights and there will be no trial. The defendant further understands that if defendant pleads guilty, the Court may ask defendant questions about the offense or offenses to which defendant pleaded, and if defendant answers those questions under oath, on the record, and in the presence of counsel (if any), defendant's answers may later be used against defendant in a prosecution for perjury or false statement. The defendant also understands that defendant will be adjudicated guilty of the offenses to which defendant has pleaded and, if any of such offenses are felonies, may thereby be deprived of certain rights, such as the right to vote, to hold public office, to serve on a jury, or to have possession of firearms.

11. Factual Basis

Defendant is pleading guilty because defendant is in fact guilty. The defendant certifies that defendant does hereby admit that the facts set forth in the attached "Factual Basis," which is incorporated herein by reference, are true, and were this case to go to trial, the United States would be able to prove those specific facts and others beyond a reasonable doubt.

12. Entire Agreement

This plea agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the government and the defendant with respect to the aforementioned guilty plea

and no other promises, agreements, or representations exist or have been made to the defendant or defendant's attorney with regard to such guilty plea.

13. Certification

The defendant and defendant's counsel certify that this plea agreement has been read in its entirety by (or has been read to) the defendant and that defendant fully understands its terms.

DATED this 17 day of August, 2017.

W. STEPHEN MULDROW Acting United States Attorney

Defendant

Assistant United States Attorney

ALAN CEBALLOS, Esquire

Attorney for Defendant

FRANK TALBOT

Assistant United States Attorney

Chief, Jacksonville Division

ALEX KING, Esquire Attorney for Defendant

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA JACKSONVILLE DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

V.

CASE NO. 3:17-cr-

DINO AJLONI

PERSONALIZATION OF ELEMENTS

- 1. Do you admit that you knowingly executed a scheme or artifice to defraud the TRICARE healthcare programs by falsely attesting that all prescriptions for compounded prescriptions were being filled in compliance with all TRICARE rules and regulations when, in fact, you knew that the prescriptions had been induced by improper remuneration, such as payments to marketers and inducements to medical assistants?
- 2. Do you admit that the TRICARE healthcare programs affected interstate commerce?
- 3. Do you admit that your false representations regarding compliance with all TRICARE rules and regulations related to a material fact?
- 4. Do you admit that you acted willfully, with the intent to defraud the TRICARE program?

Defendant's Initials

5. Do you admit that your false representations were made in connection with the delivery of or payment for health care benefits, items, or services?



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA JACKSONVILLE DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

V.

CASE NO. 3:17-cr- 149- 5-32 MCL

DINO AJLONI

FACTUAL BASIS

DINO AJLONI, Defendant, was the operator of Wellness Pharmacy in Saint Augustine, Florida. From approximately 2014 until approximately May 2015, Wellness Pharmacy received \$1,916,206.97 in reimbursement from TRICARE.

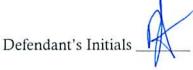
TRICARE is a government healthcare program that provides coverage to 9.5 million active duty military personnel and their families. Among other things, TRICARE pays for its members to receive prescription medications. TRICARE will only pay for prescription medication when a physician writes a prescription for such medication. Put another way, if a pharmacy dispenses a prescription without a physician first writing such a prescription, TRICARE will not reimburse for that prescription. TRICARE depends on pharmacies to act honestly and ethically in submitting claims for reimbursement.



In addition to the requirement that a physician must write a prescription in order for a pharmacy to seek reimbursement, TRICARE requires that pharmacies comply with all federal statutes, including the Anti-Kickback Statute. The Anti-Kickback Statute prohibits the offering of anything of value as an inducement for the referral of healthcare work. Under the Anti-Kickback Statute's broad prohibitions, absent a narrow exception, a pharmacy cannot provide remuneration of any kind to marketers, patients, or physicians.

While operator of Wellness Pharmacy, AJLONI performed various jobs, including marketing prescriptions, recruiting physicians to write and fill prescriptions at Wellness Pharmacy, introducing patients to Wellness Pharmacy and other jobs. AJLONI effectively ran Wellness Pharmacy without reporting to anyone else.

AJLONI relied on marketers, including V.S., to help recruit patients to get prescriptions filled at Wellness Pharmacy. V.S. brought his family to become "patients" of Wellness Pharmacy. In so doing, Wellness Pharmacy filled numerous prescriptions for V.S. and his family. Wellness Pharmacy received nearly \$200,000 in government reimbursement for these prescriptions. In return for this work and other referrals, AJLONI paid V.S. nearly \$50,000. This payment for the referral of work violated the terms of the Anti-Kickback



Statute in that V.S. received an item of value in exchange for the referral of work.

AJLONI also recruited patients himself. For example, AJLONI offered patients access to "anything in the store" if the patients agreed to receive compound prescription drugs. At other times, AJLONI offered gift baskets, with chocolate, deodorant, nuts, and other accessories for those patients that accepted compounded prescription. AJLONI offered these inducements in an effort to further get healthcare business.

AJLONI also recruited a physician's office to participate in the compound pharmacy business. In late 2014, AJLONI met A.C., an employee who worked as a Medical Assistant. AJLONI provided A.C. with lunches, concert tickets, and other inducements in an effort to further obtain healthcare business.

AJLONI routinely faxed prescriptions to A.C. for A.C. to complete and receive a physician's signature. AJLONI provided all of the necessary patient demographic information; A.C. simply had to receive a physician's signature. A.C. received a physician's signature by simply including these prescriptions within a stack of other documents that the physician agreed to sign.

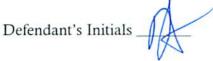
For example, on or about January 27, 2015, AJLONI filled a prescription and billed TRICARE for a prescription for patient V.S. AJLONI

JIM

attested on the claim that the prescription cost \$4,431.48. He also attested that the prescription was a valid prescription written by a physician. No physician had ever met with patient C.P. and prescribed this particular compound. Nonetheless, TRICARE paid this prescription based on AJLONI's attestations.

In 2016, TRICARE developed suspicions regarding the legitimacy of these compound prescriptions. Because the vast majority of Wellness Pharmacy's claims were purportedly written by a doctor who had never separately billed for these patient visits, TRICARE requested Wellness Pharmacy to complete an audit. During the course of responding to this audit, AJLONI and others made a variety of statements that were false and misleading. Among other things, AJLONI noted that all patients paid co-pays, no patient was offered anything of value to receive prescriptions, and that Wellness Pharmacy called the doctor prior to dispensing the prescriptions. These statements were inaccurate and false in that some patients did not pay co-payments, some patients were offered items of value, and a physician was not called prior to dispensing the prescription.

Subsequent to this audit, AJLONI's then-lawyers created a series of documents purportedly from a physician in which the physician purportedly attested to the validity of the prescriptions. Representatives from Wellness



Pharmacy asked the purportedly prescribing physician to sign these attestations. A.C. signed these forms purporting to be the prescribing physician, even though A.C. the doctor had never actually seen these patients in person.

The United States and AJLONI agree that, because of these false statements, AJLONI received \$1,916,206.97 in healthcare reimbursement that he was not otherwise entitled to receive.

Defendant's Initials