

CITY OF PALM COAST, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For The Year Ended September 30, 2010

Prepared by:

City of Palm Coast Financial Services Department



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This section contains the following subsections:

- Table of Contents
- Letter of Transmittal
- Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting
- Organizational ChartList of Principal Officials



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE CITY OF PALM COAST, FLORIDA

For The Year Ended September 30, 2010

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LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL





CITY MANAGER'S OFFICE

February 10, 2011

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Palm Coast:

This report consists of management representations concerning the finances of the City of Palm Coast. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Palm Coast's financial statements have been audited by James Moore & Co., P.L., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Palm Coast for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of the report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader federally mandated single audit designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the City's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are in the compliance section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Palm Coast's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

Palm Coast is situated in the eastern portion of Flagler County. The City was developed in 1969 on 68,000 acres owned by the ITT Corporation. The original ITT development plan encompassed 48,000 home sites on approximately 42,000 acres (65.62 square miles). Paved streets and central water and sewer serve all lots developed within the City. An extensive water management system was designed to replenish the area's water table, which includes 26 miles of freshwater canals and 23 miles of saltwater canals.

In 1975, the Flagler County Board of County Commissioners established the Palm Coast Service District, consisting of almost 40,000 acres. Funds for the district were derived primarily from ad valorem taxes and were utilized to provide fire services, fire hydrants, street maintenance and lighting, animal control and emergency services.

In September 1999, the citizenry of Palm Coast voted overwhelmingly by a margin of two to one to incorporate as a council/manager form of government. On December 31, 1999, the City of Palm Coast was officially incorporated. On October 1, 2000, all services were officially transferred from the former Service District to the City of Palm Coast. The five-member City Council is elected at large and serves staggered four-year terms. One member is elected as Mayor. The promulgation and adoption of policy are the responsibility of the Council and the execution of such policy is the responsibility of the Council appointed city manager. The City hired its first city manager on April 17, 2000.

The City of Palm Coast currently has a population of 74,067 residents and covers an area of approximately 81 square miles. For fiscal year 2011, property within the City has a taxable value of \$4,466,504,753. This was a decrease of almost 15 percent from 2010. The City's property tax rate for fiscal year 2011 remained at \$3.5000 per \$1,000 of taxable value. Lost revenue was offset by reducing staff and delaying some capital projects that had been planned.

The City provides a wide range of services including development services, fire services, street construction and maintenance, parks, and recreational activities. Palm Coast contracts with the Flagler County Sheriff for law enforcement services.

Economic Outlook

The City's economy is still suffering due to the collapse of the housing market, both new construction and existing homes. Because so many homes were constructed and sold during the boom period, when the prices were high, many homes are now vacant and in various stages of foreclosure. Since the construction industry was a large portion of the local economy, the unemployment rate is one of the highest in the State of Florida and has been around 16% for an extended period.

That said, there are some bright spots beginning to appear in the local economy. A national restaurant chain will soon complete a prototype building that will house two of its restaurants. It will have separate seating areas and menus for each restaurant but they will share a kitchen facility. The new prototype is expected to be used in smaller markets that cannot support two full-sized restaurants. The restaurants are expected to open in March 2011 and employ about 200 people. Other commercial projects are also underway including a national chain pharmacy and an office building. Some other retail buildings have also been completed and opened within the past few months. In the industrial sector, a local manufacturing company has recently announced plans to expand and add about 50 jobs over the next couple of years and one the largest employers in Palm Coast continues to add jobs at a steady pace. Residential construction also seems to be starting to pick up. While it is unlikely to ever return to the boom days, singlefamily building permits issued have been consistently in the low double digits for the past few months which seems to indicate some stability returning to the local construction market. There have also been reports by the realtors that existing home sales has begun to pick up recently which should also help stabilize the housing market. While individually, no project provides a large number of jobs, collectively these new and expanding businesses can have a significant

impact on the local unemployment rate given our relatively small workforce of about 37,000 people.

Future Programs

The City completed two large road projects during the past year, North Belle Terre Parkway and South Old Kings Road, Phase 1. Also completed this year was the installation of fiber optic cable that will serve as the backbone to provide service to the commercial areas of the city. The system now named FiberNET is being marketed to the hospital and the schools by the City and to commercial businesses in Palm Coast by service providers that have a contract with the City to lease space on FiberNET. This system is expected to help improve opportunities for economic development in the future.

The City was very successful in obtaining grant money for projects in both fiscal year 2010 and 2011. Much of the money was stimulus dollars designed to create jobs. Most of this money went into projects constructing bike paths and trails throughout the City. There was also grant money used to complete the new Waterfront Park and rehabilitation of a bridge within the City. Some of these projects have been completed, but several will continue through most of 2011. The City also received money for the Neighborhood Stabilization Program. Several houses have already been bought, refurbished and sold. This program will probably continue for several years since the money from the sales are reinvested in the program.

One very long-term project, the Coquina Coast Desalination project, is in the preliminary design phase. This project will result in the construction of a desalination plant that is intended to serve the region around Palm Coast. The project involves several jurisdictions and the plant would not begin production for several years. When it is completed and in operation, it will supply the water needs for any new development in the region for years to come.

Other projects that were expected to be funded by tax dollars or impact fees will likely be delayed until growth picks up significantly. This is not expected to negatively impact any current facilities since the lack of growth postpones the need for new or expanded facilities. Some projects that will be needed when growth occurs will continue through the design and permitting stages so that they are ready for construction when growth dictates and money is available.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Palm Coast for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009. This is the ninth year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City of Palm Coast also received the GFOA Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its Fiscal Year 2010 budget document. This is the seventh time that the City has received this award.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire Finance staff. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Palm Coast's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Jim Landon City Manager Ray W. Britt, Jr. Finance Director

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Palm Coast Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
September 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

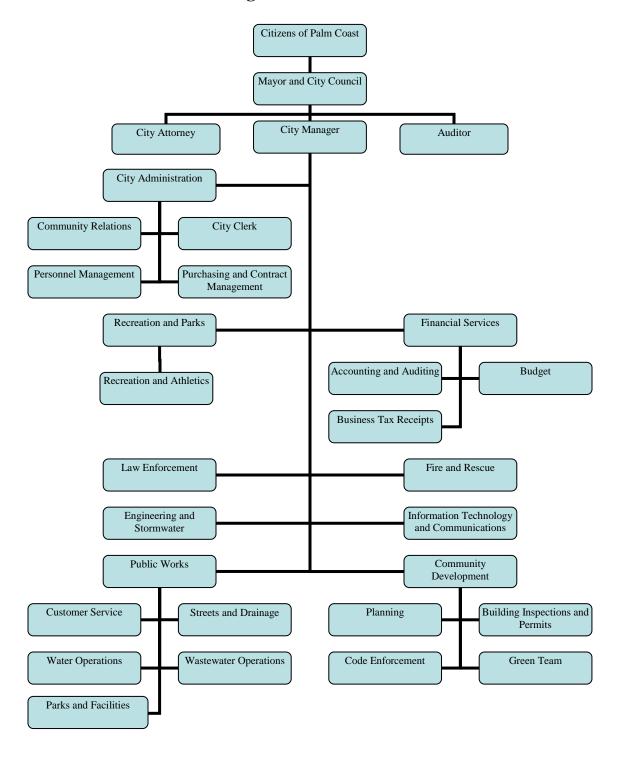
UNITED STATES
AND
CANADA
CORPORATION
SE AL

CHICAGO

Executive Director



City of Palm Coast, Florida Organizational Chart



LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

September 30, 2010

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Honorable Jon Netts

City Council Members: Holsey Moorman

Frank Meeker Mary DiStefano William Lewis

CITY OFFICIALS

City Manager James S. Landon

City Attorney William Reischmann

City Auditor James Moore & Co., P.L.

Finance Director Ray W. Britt, Jr.

FINANCIAL SECTION

This section contains the following subsections:

- Independent Auditors' Report
 Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
 Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



JAMES MOORE & CO., P.L. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager, City of Palm Coast, Florida:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Palm Coast, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Palm Coast, Florida, as of September 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009 financial statements have been restated to correct certain contributions of land at the inception of the City that were recorded in error.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 10, 2011, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express and opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Palm Coast, Florida's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, fiduciary fund schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Palm Coast, Florida. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, fiduciary fund schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Games Moore & Co.

Daytona Beach, Florida February 10, 2011





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Palm Coast, we offer readers of the City of Palm Coast's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Palm Coast for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages vii-x of this report.

The City of Palm Coast management's discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Palm Coast exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2010 by \$401,782,166. Of this amount, \$16,912,957 may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$4,045,536. The entire amount of this increase was attributable to one-time resources such as impact fees and developer contributions.
- As of the close of fiscal year 2010, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,807,000 a decrease of \$13,241,422 over the prior year. This amount includes negative unassigned fund balance of \$10,168,202 which was due to capital expenditures in advance of related revenues.
- At the end of fiscal year 2010, unassigned fund balance in the general fund was \$2,393,217 or 9% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City of Palm Coast's total debt increased by \$5,556,820 during the current fiscal year. The City continued to draw on loans to improve the stormwater system that serves the community, and obtained CRA revenue note for land purchases. These were partially offset by principal payments during the year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Palm Coast's basic financial statements. The City of Palm Coast's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Palm Coast's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City of Palm Coast's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Palm Coast is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Palm Coast that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Palm Coast include general government, public safety, transportation and physical environment, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Palm Coast include a water and sewer utility, solid waste collection, stormwater management, building permits and inspections, information technology and communications (IT&C), a tennis center, and a golf course.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 23-24 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Palm Coast, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Palm Coast can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Palm Coast maintains eleven individual governmental funds. Six of the governmental funds are classified as nonmajor and are summarized under this heading in the governmental fund presentation. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, capital projects fund, transportation impact fee fund, streets improvement fund, and SR100 CRA fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriation budget for its general, capital projects, transportation impact fee, streets improvement, SR100 CRA and nonmajor governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 26-29 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Palm Coast maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Palm Coast uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer utility, solid waste collection, stormwater management, building permits and inspections, information technology and communications (IT&C), a tennis center, and golf course. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Palm Coasts various functions. The City of Palm Coast uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles and self-insured health program. Because these service predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer utility, stormwater management, and solid waste collection major funds, as well as the building permits and inspections, information technology and communications (IT&C), golf course and tennis center nonmajor funds. Data from the nonmajor proprietary funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for nonmajor proprietary funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The internal service funds are also presented in the proprietary fund financial statements, but not included in the totals for proprietary funds. Individual fund data for internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-35 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Palm Coast's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City maintains two fiduciary funds, which are the volunteer firefighters' pension fund and the Coquina Coast Cooperative agency fund.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 36-37 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 40-76 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This includes budget and actual comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds with adopted budgets. This also includes the City of Palm Coast's progress in funding its obligation to provide

pension benefits to the volunteer firefighters and its Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) obligation. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 78-84 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Palm Coast, assets exceeded liabilities by \$401,782,166 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Of the net assets, 4.2% falls in the unrestricted category. These may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Approximately 1.2% of net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions. By far the largest portion of the City of Palm Coast's net assets (94.6%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and therefore are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt used to acquire the assets, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Palm Coast is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

City of Palm Coast's Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		<u>Total</u>	
<u>-</u>	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Current and other assets	\$24,772,671	\$37,439,732	\$39,081,179	\$45,592,070	\$63,853,850	\$83,031,802
Capital assets	308,499,420	291,330,417	230,625,949	218,059,729	539,125,369	509,390,146
Total assets	333,272,091	328,770,149	269,707,128	263,651,799	602,979,219	592,421,948
Long-term liabilities	5,314,716	1,805,734	174,764,586	174,889,872	180,079,302	176,695,606
Other liabilities	8,826,869	8,111,080	12,290,882	9,878,632	21,117,751	17,989,712
Total liabilities	14,141,585	9,916,814	187,055,468	184,768,504	201,197,053	194,685,318
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net						
of related debt	307,069,337	291,330,417	72,856,080	60,854,530	379,925,417	352,184,947
Restricted	919,709	8,201,392	4,024,083	6,051,501	4,943,792	14,252,893
Unrestricted	11,141,460	19,321,526	5,771,497	11,977,264	16,912,957	31,298,790
Total net assets	\$319,130,506	\$318,853,335	\$82,651,660	\$78,883,295	\$401,782,166	\$397,736,630

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City of Palm Coast's net assets by \$277,171 during the current fiscal year. This represents 6.9% of the total growth in net assets for the City. Increases in franchise fees are the primary factor for the increase in net assets. Restricted net assets decreased by \$7,281,683 during the fiscal year. This change is primarily due to decreased impact fee collections from depressed demand for residential building permits, and

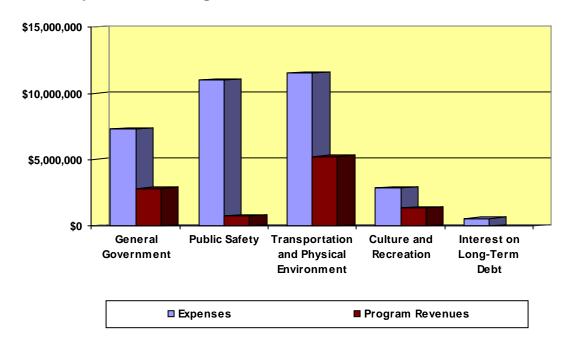
ongoing construction of infrastructure. Governmental activities unrestricted net assets decreased by \$8,180,066. Amounts restricted for enabling legislation of approximately \$1.3 million and unrestricted net assets of approximately \$4.65 million were transferred to establish the building permits and inspections enterprise fund. Construction spending in advance of revenues in the transportation impact fee special revenue fund primarily constitutes the balance of the decrease. Public safety expenditures increased nearly \$1.5 million over fiscal year 2009. This was the direct result of the full year effect of two new fire stations opening.

Ending governmental activities net assets for fiscal year 2009 have been restated. Additional information is available in Note 15 on page 74 of this report.

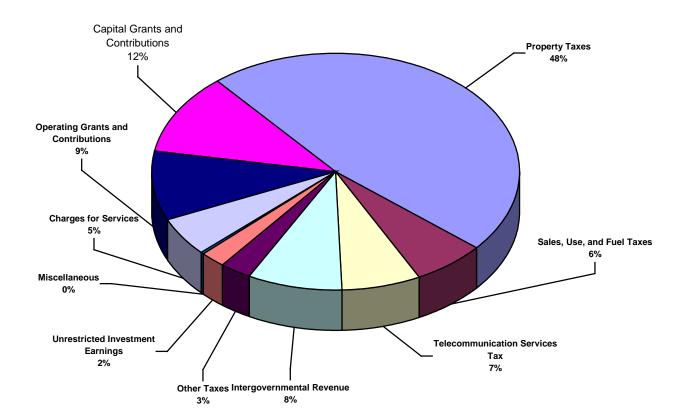
Table II
City of Palm Coast's Changes in Net Assets

Revenue: Revenue: Common Procession Proces		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		<u>Total</u>	
Program revenues: Charges for services \$2,078,464 \$3,724,306 \$42,774,407 \$40,454,760 \$44,852,871 \$44,179,066 Operating grants and contributions 3,661,398 2,696,553 - 3,661,398 2,696,553 Capital grants and contributions 4,401,134 11,116,163 2,940,853 12,605,884 7,341,987 23,722,047 General revenues: 18,614,730 18,211,813 - - 6,392,215 5,149,102 Other taxes 6,392,215 5,149,102 - - 3,253,543 3,310,696 Other 991,681 1,712,531 647,219 1,358,094 1,638,900 3,070,625 Total revenues 3,939,3165 45,921,164 46,362,479 54,418,738 85,755,644 100,339,902 Expenses: 2 - 7,291,611 9,089,652 - 7,291,611 9,089,652 Public safety 11,029,379 9,558,547 - - 7,291,611 9,089,652 Public safety 11,029,379 9,558,547 - <t< th=""><th></th><th>2010</th><th>2009</th><th>2010</th><th>2009</th><th>2010</th><th>2009</th></t<>		2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Charges for services \$2,078,464 \$3,724,306 \$42,774,407 \$40,454,760 \$44,852,871 \$44,179,066 Operating grants and contributions 3,661,398 2,696,553 - - 3,661,398 2,696,553 Capital grants and contributions 4,401,134 11,116,163 2,940,853 12,605,884 7,341,987 23,722,047 General revenues: Property taxes 18,614,730 18,211,813 - - 18,614,730 18,211,813 Other taxes 6,392,215 5,149,102 - - 6,392,215 5,149,102 Intergovernmental 3,253,543 3,310,696 - - 6,392,215 5,149,102 Other 991,681 1,712,531 647,219 1,358,094 1,638,900 3,070,625 Total revenues 39,393,165 45,921,164 46,362,479 54,418,738 85,755,644 100,339,902 Expenses: General government 7,291,611 9,089,652 - 7,291,611 9,089,652 Public safety 11,029,379 9	Revenues:						
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions 3,661,398 2,696,553 - - 3,661,398 2,696,553 Capital grants and contributions 4,401,134 11,116,163 2,940,853 12,605,884 7,341,987 23,722,047 General revenues 18,614,730 18,211,813 - - 18,614,730 18,211,813 Other taxes 6,392,215 5,149,102 - - 6,392,215 5,149,102 Other taxes 6,392,215 5,149,102 - - 6,392,215 5,149,102 Other taxes 6,392,215 5,149,102 - - 6,392,215 5,149,102 Other 991,681 1,712,531 647,219 1,358,094 16,389,00 3,070,625 Total revenues 3,393,165 45,921,614 46,362,479 54,418,738 85,755,644 100,339,905 Expenses: 5 5 5 5 4,21,14 4,6362,479 54,418,738 85,755,644 100,339,905 Expenses: 5	Program revenues:						
Capital grants and contributions 4,401,134 11,116,163 2,940,853 12,605,884 7,341,987 23,722,047 General revenues: Property taxes 18,614,730 18,211,813 - - 18,614,730 18,211,813 Other taxes 6,392,215 5,149,102 - - 6,392,215 5,149,102 Intergovernmental 3,253,543 3,310,696 - 3,253,543 3,310,696 Other 991,681 1,712,531 647,219 1,358,094 1,638,900 3,070,625 Total revenues 39,393,165 45,921,164 46,362,479 54,418,738 85,755,644 100,339,902 Expenses: Caperal government 7,291,611 9,089,652 - 7,291,611 9,089,652 Public safety 11,029,379 9,558,547 - 11,029,379 9,558,547 Transportation and physical environment 11,552,570 12,035,335 - 11,552,570 12,035,335 Culture & recreation 2,874,115 2,710,434 - 2,874,115	Charges for services	\$2,078,464	\$3,724,306	\$42,774,407	\$40,454,760	\$44,852,871	\$44,179,066
General revenues: Property taxes 18,614,730 18,211,813 - - 18,614,730 18,211,813 Other taxes 6,392,215 5,149,102 - - 6,392,215 5,149,102 Intergovernmental 3,253,543 3,310,696 - - 3,253,543 3,310,696 Other 991,681 1,712,531 647,219 1,358,094 1,638,900 3,070,625 Total revenues 39,393,165 45,921,164 46,362,479 54,418,738 85,755,644 100,339,902 Expenses: General government 7,291,611 9,089,652 - 7,291,611 9,089,652 Public safety 11,029,379 9,558,547 - 11,029,379 9,558,547 Transportation and physical environment 11,552,570 12,035,335 - 11,552,570 12,035,335 Culture & recreation 2,874,115 2,710,434 - 2,874,115 2,710,434 Utility 2 1,22,25,373 3,241,473 3,2873,576 3,24	Operating grants and contributions	3,661,398	2,696,553	-	-	3,661,398	2,696,553
Property taxes 18,614,730 18,211,813 - - 18,614,730 18,211,813 Other taxes 6,392,215 5,149,102 - - 6,392,215 5,149,102 Intergovernmental 3,253,543 3,310,696 - - 3,253,543 3,300,696 Other 991,681 1,712,531 647,219 1,358,094 16,389,00 3,070,625 Total revenues 39,393,165 45,921,164 46,362,479 54,418,738 85,755,644 100,339,902 Expenses: General government 7,291,611 9,089,652 - 7,291,611 9,089,652 Public safety 11,029,379 9,558,547 - 11,029,379 9,558,547 Transportation and physical environment 11,552,570 12,035,335 - 11,552,570 12,035,335 Culture & recreation 2,874,115 2,710,434 - 2,874,115 2,710,434 Utility - - 7,557,209 7,492,553 32,414,733 32,414,733 32,414,733 32,414,73	Capital grants and contributions	4,401,134	11,116,163	2,940,853	12,605,884	7,341,987	23,722,047
Other taxes 6,392,215 5,149,102 - 3,253,543 3,310,696 - 4, - 3,253,543 3,310,696 - 4, - 3,253,543 3,310,696 - 4, - 3,253,543 3,310,696 - 4, - 3,253,543 3,310,696 - 4, - 3,253,543 3,310,696 - 4, - 3,253,543 3,310,696 - 4, - 3,253,544 - 3,270,625 - 3,253,644 - 3,270,625 - 3,270,615 - 3,270,625 - 3,270,615 - 3,270,625 - 3,270,615 - 3	General revenues:						
Intergovernmental 3,253,543 3,310,696 - - 3,253,543 3,310,696 Other 991,681 1,712,531 647,219 1,358,094 1,638,900 3,070,625 Total revenues 39,393,165 45,921,164 46,362,479 54,418,738 85,755,644 100,339,902 Expenses:	Property taxes	18,614,730	18,211,813	-	-	18,614,730	18,211,813
Other Total revenues 991,681 1,712,531 647,219 1,358,094 1,638,900 3,070,625 Expenses: 39,393,165 45,921,164 46,362,479 54,418,738 85,755,644 100,339,020 Expenses: September of Control of September of September of September of Control of September of	Other taxes	6,392,215	5,149,102	-	-	6,392,215	5,149,102
Expenses:	Intergovernmental	3,253,543	3,310,696	-	-	3,253,543	3,310,696
Expenses: General government 7,291,611 9,089,652 - 7,291,611 9,089,652 Public safety Transportation and physical environment 11,029,379 9,558,547 - 11,029,379 9,558,547 Culture & recreation environment 2,874,115 2,710,434 - 2,874,115 2,710,434 Utility - - 32,414,733 32,873,576 32,414,733 32,873,576 Solid Waste - - 7,557,209 7,492,553 7,557,209 7,492,553 Stormwater - - 1,787,281 1,787,281 - - IT&C - 1,876,394 84,219 1,876,394 84,219 Tennis Center - 1,876,394 84,219 1,876,394 84,219 Tennis Center - 2,84,833 242,969 2,84,483 242,969 Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers 6,100,074 12,212,859 (2,054,538) 10,070,628 4,045,536 22,283,487 Transfers (5,822,903) 5,756,982	Other	991,681	1,712,531	647,219	1,358,094	1,638,900	3,070,625
General government 7,291,611 9,089,652 - 7,291,611 9,089,652 Public safety Transportation and physical environment 11,029,379 9,558,547 - 11,029,379 9,558,547 Culture & recreation 2,874,115 2,710,434 - 2,874,115 2,710,434 Utility - - 32,414,733 32,873,576 32,414,733 32,873,576 Solid Waste - - 7,557,209 7,492,553 7,557,209 7,492,553 Stormwater - - 1,787,281 - 1,787,281 - Building Permits and Inspections - - 1,787,281 1,787,281 - IT&C - - 1,876,394 84,219 1,876,394 84,219 Tennis Center - - 2,844,83 242,969 284,483 242,969 Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers 6,100,074 12,212,859 (2,054,538) 10,070,628 4,045,536 22,283,487 Transfers (5,822,903) 5,756,982 <td>Total revenues</td> <td>39,393,165</td> <td>45,921,164</td> <td>46,362,479</td> <td>54,418,738</td> <td>85,755,644</td> <td>100,339,902</td>	Total revenues	39,393,165	45,921,164	46,362,479	54,418,738	85,755,644	100,339,902
Public safety 11,029,379 9,558,547 - 11,029,379 9,558,547 Transportation and physical environment 11,552,570 12,035,335 - 11,552,570 12,035,335 Culture & recreation 2,874,115 2,710,434 - 2,874,115 2,710,434 Utility - - 32,414,733 32,873,576 32,414,733 32,873,576 Solid Waste - - 7,557,209 7,492,553 7,557,209 7,492,553 Stormwater - - 4,339,649 3,654,793 4,339,649 3,654,793 Building Permits and Inspections - - 1,787,281 - - IT&C - - 1,876,394 84,219 1,876,394 84,219 Tennis Center - - 1,876,394 84,219 1,876,394 84,219 Interest on long-term debt 545,416 314,337 - - 545,416 314,337 Total expenses 33,293,091 33,708,305 48,417,017 44,348,110 </td <td>Expenses:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Expenses:						
Transportation and physical environment 11,552,570 12,035,335 - 11,552,570 12,035,335 Culture & recreation 2,874,115 2,710,434 - 2,874,115 2,710,434 Utility - - 32,414,733 32,873,576 32,414,733 32,873,576 Solid Waste - - 7,557,209 7,492,553 7,557,209 7,492,553 Stormwater - - 4,339,649 3,654,793 4,339,649 3,654,793 Building Permits and Inspections - - 1,787,281 1,787,281 - IT&C - - 1,876,394 84,219 1,876,394 84,219 Tennis Center - - 2,84,483 242,969 2,84,483 242,969 Interest on long-term debt 545,416 314,337 - - 545,416 314,337 Total expenses 33,293,091 33,708,305 48,417,017 44,348,110 81,710,108 78,056,415 Increase (decrease) in net assets 6,100,074 12	General government	7,291,611	9,089,652	-	-	7,291,611	9,089,652
environment 11,552,570 12,035,335 - 11,552,570 12,035,335 Culture & recreation 2,874,115 2,710,434 - 2,874,115 2,710,434 Utility - - 32,414,733 32,873,576 32,414,733 32,873,576 Solid Waste - - - 7,557,209 7,492,553 7,557,209 7,492,553 Stormwater - - - 4,339,649 3,654,793 4,339,649 3,654,793 Building Permits and Inspections - - 1,787,281 - 1,787,281 - IT&C - - 157,268 157,268 - - Golf Course - - 1,876,394 84,219 1,876,394 84,219 Tennis Center - - 284,483 242,969 284,483 242,969 Interest on long-term debt 545,416 314,337 - - 545,416 314,337 Total expenses 33,293,091 33,708,305 48,417,017		11,029,379	9,558,547	-	-	11,029,379	9,558,547
Utility - - 32,414,733 32,873,576 32,414,733 32,873,576 Solid Waste - - 7,557,209 7,492,553 7,557,209 7,492,553 Stormwater - - 4,339,649 3,654,793 4,339,649 3,654,793 Building Permits and Inspections - - 1,787,281 - 1,787,281 - IT&C - - - 157,268 - 157,268 - Golf Course - - - 1,876,394 84,219 1,876,394 84,219 Tennis Center - - 284,483 242,969 284,483 242,969 Interest on long-term debt 545,416 314,337 - - 545,416 314,337 Total expenses 33,293,091 33,708,305 48,417,017 44,348,110 81,710,108 78,056,415 Increase (decrease) in net assets 6,100,074 12,212,859 (2,054,538) 10,070,628 4,045,536 22,283,487 Trans		11,552,570	12,035,335	-	_	11,552,570	12,035,335
Solid Waste - - 7,557,209 7,492,553 7,557,209 7,492,553 Stormwater - - 4,339,649 3,654,793 4,339,649 3,654,793 Building Permits and Inspections - - 1,787,281 - 1,787,281 - IT&C - - - 1,876,394 84,219 1,876,394 84,219 Golf Course - - - 1,876,394 84,219 1,876,394 84,219 Tennis Center - - - 284,483 242,969 284,483 242,969 Interest on long-term debt 545,416 314,337 - - 545,416 314,337 Total expenses 33,293,091 33,708,305 48,417,017 44,348,110 81,710,108 78,056,415 Increase (decrease) in net assets 6,100,074 12,212,859 (2,054,538) 10,070,628 4,045,536 22,283,487 Transfers (5,822,903) 5,756,982 5,822,903 (5,756,982) - -	Culture & recreation	2,874,115	2,710,434	-		2,874,115	2,710,434
Stormwater - - 4,339,649 3,654,793 4,339,649 3,654,793 Building Permits and Inspections - - 1,787,281 1,787,281 - IT&C - - 1,57,268 157,268 - Golf Course - - 1,876,394 84,219 1,876,394 84,219 Tennis Center - - 284,483 242,969 284,483 242,969 Interest on long-term debt 545,416 314,337 - - 545,416 314,337 Total expenses 33,293,091 33,708,305 48,417,017 44,348,110 81,710,108 78,056,415 Increase (decrease) in net assets 6,100,074 12,212,859 (2,054,538) 10,070,628 4,045,536 22,283,487 Transfers (5,822,903) 5,756,982 5,822,903 (5,756,982) - - - Increase (decrease) in net assets 277,171 17,969,841 3,768,365 4,313,646 4,045,536 22,283,487 Net assets - beginnin	Utility	-	-	32,414,733	32,873,576	32,414,733	32,873,576
Building Permits and Inspections - - 1,787,281 1,787,281 - IT&C - - 157,268 157,268 - Golf Course - - 1,876,394 84,219 1,876,394 84,219 Tennis Center - - 284,483 242,969 284,483 242,969 Interest on long-term debt 545,416 314,337 - - 545,416 314,337 Total expenses 33,293,091 33,708,305 48,417,017 44,348,110 81,710,108 78,056,415 Increase (decrease) in net assets 6,100,074 12,212,859 (2,054,538) 10,070,628 4,045,536 22,283,487 Transfers (5,822,903) 5,756,982 5,822,903 (5,756,982) - - - Increase (decrease) in net assets 277,171 17,969,841 3,768,365 4,313,646 4,045,536 22,283,487 Net assets - beginning, restated 318,853,335 305,651,146 78,883,295 74,569,649 397,736,630 380,220,795 <	Solid Waste	-	-	7,557,209	7,492,553	7,557,209	7,492,553
IT&C - - 157,268 157,268 - Golf Course - - 1,876,394 84,219 1,876,394 84,219 Tennis Center - - - 284,483 242,969 284,483 242,969 Interest on long-term debt 545,416 314,337 - - 545,416 314,337 Total expenses 33,293,091 33,708,305 48,417,017 44,348,110 81,710,108 78,056,415 Increase (decrease) in net assets 6,100,074 12,212,859 (2,054,538) 10,070,628 4,045,536 22,283,487 Transfers (5,822,903) 5,756,982 5,822,903 (5,756,982) - - - Increase (decrease) in net assets 277,171 17,969,841 3,768,365 4,313,646 4,045,536 22,283,487 Net assets - beginning, restated 318,853,335 305,651,146 78,883,295 74,569,649 397,736,630 380,220,795	Stormwater	-	-	4,339,649	3,654,793	4,339,649	3,654,793
Golf Course - - 1,876,394 84,219 1,876,394 84,219 Tennis Center - - - 284,483 242,969 284,483 242,969 Interest on long-term debt 545,416 314,337 - - 545,416 314,337 Total expenses 33,293,091 33,708,305 48,417,017 44,348,110 81,710,108 78,056,415 Increase (decrease) in net assets 6,100,074 12,212,859 (2,054,538) 10,070,628 4,045,536 22,283,487 Transfers (5,822,903) 5,756,982 5,822,903 (5,756,982) - - - Increase (decrease) in net assets 277,171 17,969,841 3,768,365 4,313,646 4,045,536 22,283,487 Net assets - beginning, restated 318,853,335 305,651,146 78,883,295 74,569,649 397,736,630 380,220,795	Building Permits and Inspections	-	-	1,787,281	-	1,787,281	-
Tennis Center - - 284,483 242,969 284,483 242,969 Interest on long-term debt 545,416 314,337 - - 545,416 314,337 Total expenses 33,293,091 33,708,305 48,417,017 44,348,110 81,710,108 78,056,415 Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers 6,100,074 12,212,859 (2,054,538) 10,070,628 4,045,536 22,283,487 Transfers (5,822,903) 5,756,982 5,822,903 (5,756,982) - - - Increase (decrease) in net assets 277,171 17,969,841 3,768,365 4,313,646 4,045,536 22,283,487 Net assets - beginning, restated 318,853,335 305,651,146 78,883,295 74,569,649 397,736,630 380,220,795	IT&C	-	-	157,268	-	157,268	-
Interest on long-term debt 545,416 314,337 - - 545,416 314,337 Total expenses 33,293,091 33,708,305 48,417,017 44,348,110 81,710,108 78,056,415 Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers 6,100,074 12,212,859 (2,054,538) 10,070,628 4,045,536 22,283,487 Transfers (5,822,903) 5,756,982 5,822,903 (5,756,982) - - - Increase (decrease) in net assets 277,171 17,969,841 3,768,365 4,313,646 4,045,536 22,283,487 Net assets - beginning, restated 318,853,335 305,651,146 78,883,295 74,569,649 397,736,630 380,220,795	Golf Course	-	-	1,876,394	84,219	1,876,394	84,219
Interest on long-term debt 545,416 314,337 - - 545,416 314,337 Total expenses 33,293,091 33,708,305 48,417,017 44,348,110 81,710,108 78,056,415 Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers 6,100,074 12,212,859 (2,054,538) 10,070,628 4,045,536 22,283,487 Transfers (5,822,903) 5,756,982 5,822,903 (5,756,982) - - - Increase (decrease) in net assets 277,171 17,969,841 3,768,365 4,313,646 4,045,536 22,283,487 Net assets - beginning, restated 318,853,335 305,651,146 78,883,295 74,569,649 397,736,630 380,220,795	Tennis Center	-	-	284,483	242,969	284,483	242,969
Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers 6,100,074 12,212,859 (2,054,538) 10,070,628 4,045,536 22,283,487 Transfers (5,822,903) 5,756,982 5,822,903 (5,756,982) - - - Increase (decrease) in net assets 277,171 17,969,841 3,768,365 4,313,646 4,045,536 22,283,487 Net assets - beginning, restated 318,853,335 305,651,146 78,883,295 74,569,649 397,736,630 380,220,795	Interest on long-term debt	545,416	314,337	-	-	545,416	314,337
before transfers 6,100,074 12,212,859 (2,054,538) 10,070,628 4,045,536 22,283,487 Transfers (5,822,903) 5,756,982 5,822,903 (5,756,982) - - - Increase (decrease) in net assets 277,171 17,969,841 3,768,365 4,313,646 4,045,536 22,283,487 Net assets - beginning, restated 318,853,335 305,651,146 78,883,295 74,569,649 397,736,630 380,220,795	Total expenses	33,293,091	33,708,305	48,417,017	44,348,110	81,710,108	78,056,415
Increase (decrease) in net assets 277,171 17,969,841 3,768,365 4,313,646 4,045,536 22,283,487 Net assets - beginning, restated 318,853,335 305,651,146 78,883,295 74,569,649 397,736,630 380,220,795		6,100,074	12,212,859	(2,054,538)	10,070,628	4,045,536	22,283,487
Net assets - beginning, restated 318,853,335 305,651,146 78,883,295 74,569,649 397,736,630 380,220,795	Transfers	(5,822,903)	5,756,982	5,822,903	(5,756,982)	-	-
	Increase (decrease) in net assets	277,171	17,969,841	3,768,365	4,313,646	4,045,536	22,283,487
Net assets - ending \$319,130,506 \$323,620,987 \$82,651,660 \$78,883,295 \$401,782,166 \$402,504,282	Net assets - beginning, restated	318,853,335	305,651,146	78,883,295	74,569,649	397,736,630	380,220,795
	Net assets - ending	\$319,130,506	\$323,620,987	\$82,651,660	\$78,883,295	\$401,782,166	\$402,504,282

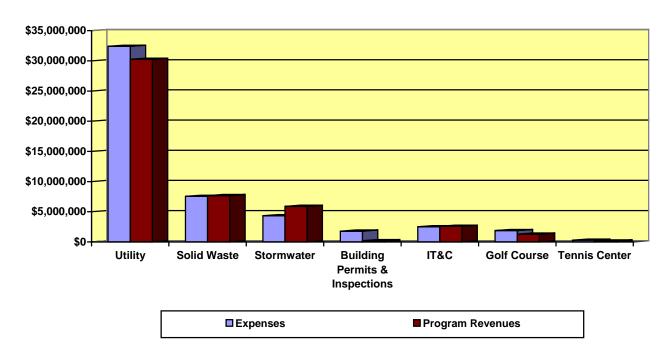
Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



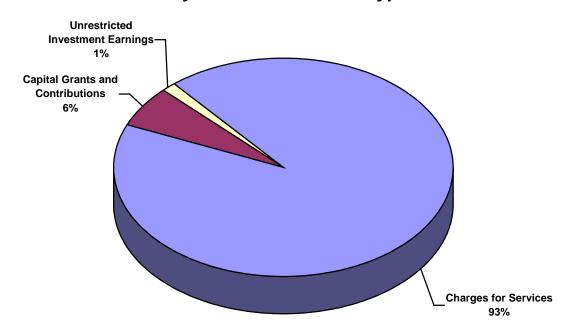
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City of Palm Coast's net assets by \$3,768,365 or 93.1% of the total growth in net assets. The increase in net assets was primarily attributable to capital grants and contributions. Approximately \$1.35 million of the capital grants and contributions for the year are from developer infrastructure contributions. Business-type activities unrestricted net assets decreased by \$6,205,767 for the year. The decrease in unrestricted net assets was primarily due to a loss before capital contributions in the utility fund of approximately \$4.3 million with the balance attributable to a loss before capital contributions in the nonmajor enterprise funds.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Governmental funds. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the general fund was \$2,393,217, with an additional \$2,171,614 committed as a disaster reserve. The total fund balance stood at \$10,540,407. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned and total fund balance to fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 9% of total general fund expenditures versus 13% for fiscal year 2009. Total fund balance represents approximately 40% of the total general fund expenditures versus 57% for fiscal year 2009.

The fund balance of the City of Palm Coast's general fund decreased by \$6,634,415 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this decrease are as follows:

The primary driver for the overall decrease in the fund balance is related to the establishment of a building permits and inspections proprietary fund and related transfer out of approximately \$6 million. Overall general fund revenues decreased over \$3.5 million, but expenses were nearly \$4 million less than in 2009. The revenue decreases are primarily due to decreases in construction related revenues, charges for services, and intergovernmental revenue. The decrease in expenses are primarily in the general government function due to a reorganization and related cost control program.

The capital projects fund has a total fund balance of \$14,092,639, an increase of \$2,075,544. A portion of the total property tax revenue is allocated to this fund to cover capital expenditures. Tax collections increased nearly \$500,000 due to a decrease in the amount of tax revenue collected and allocated to this fund. Proceeds from the sale of capital assets are primarily responsible for the increase in fund balance during the fiscal year. This relates to the sale of fiber optic assets as part of the Fibernet project throughout the City. The transportation impact fee fund balance was (\$4,867,803), a decrease of \$6,068,379. This decrease is primarily reflective of decreased impact fees due to a low number of new residential building permits, as well as increased infrastructure construction. The streets improvement fund balance was \$1,153,751 representing a decrease of \$2,948,001. Investment in infrastructure in advance of related revenues is the primary reason for the decrease. The SR100 CRA fund balance was (\$2,585,777), an increase of \$2,998,278. Debt proceeds of \$4 million for future land acquisition is the primary factor for the increase.

The other governmental funds have a total fund balance (\$4,526,217). This was a decrease of \$2,664,449 during the current fiscal year, primarily due to decreased impact fee collections in the park and fire impact fee funds, coupled with increased capital project expenditures in

advance of expected special assessment revenues in the Old Kings Road special assessment fund.

Proprietary funds. The City of Palm Coast's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the utility fund were \$7,895,341 at the end of the year, with the total fund balance at \$66,962,715. The unrestricted net assets decreased \$10,906,409 for the year. Nearly \$4.3 million of the change was due to a loss before capital contributions. The balance of the decrease is due to increased capital investment in lieu of decreasing impact fee collections.

Unrestricted net assets of the solid waste fund were \$508,139, which represents an increase of \$110,755. An ongoing revenue maximization program is the primary factor for the change.

Unrestricted net assets of the stormwater fund were (\$817,118), which represents an increase of \$3,202,055. This increase is primarily due to the partial repayment of an interfund loan.

Unrestricted net assets in the golf course fund were (\$5,602,756), which represents a decrease of \$1,669,530. This decrease is primarily due to investment in renovation of the golf course, and a first year operating loss and transfers out of nearly \$1 million.

Unrestricted net assets in the tennis center fund were (\$35,444), which represents a decrease of \$624. This decrease is primarily due to operating expenses in excess of operating revenues.

Unrestricted net assets in the building permits and inspections fund were \$4,492,123. This is the first year for this fund and represents the net of the operating loss for year of approximately \$1.5 million and a transfer in to establish the fund of nearly \$6 million.

Unrestricted net assets in the information technology and communications fund (IT&C) were (\$1,661,702). This is the first year for this fund. Investment in infrastructure assets is the primary driver behind the negative unrestricted net assets.

Fund Balance Policy Compliance

Governmental funds. The general fund adjusted unassigned fund balance exceeds the policy target by approximately \$2.9 million. The City Council has chosen to leave this excess in place to hedge against anticipated future revenue decreases.

Proprietary funds. The utility fund unreserved fund balance exceeds the policy target by approximately \$1.6 million. The fiscal year 2011 budget includes a transfer for capital expenditures to address this excess. The stormwater, golf course, and tennis center fund unrestricted net assets are all below the minimum fund balance threshold. A plan is currently in place to return unrestricted net assets to the minimum threshold within three years.

Additional information relating to the fund balance policy can be found in Note 16 on pages 74-76 of this report.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budgeted expenses and transfers out totaled an increase of \$2,968,644. The change was due to net budget revisions in various departments as part of our ongoing cost reduction and reallocation program and an increase to transfers out to establish the building permits and inspections fund. During the year, final amended expenditures exceeded the revenues budget by \$2,904,730. This was the result of budgeted utilization of accumulated fund balance. Actual expenditures were less than the final amended budget by \$3,102,891. The overall cost reduction program is the primary reason for this difference.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Palm Coast's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2010, amounts to \$539,125,369 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment. This is an increase of \$24,967,571 for the current fiscal year. Approximately 33% of the increase is related to the expansion and improvement of the utility systems during the year. The rest of the increase can be attributed to the improvements to city streets, land purchases, fire station construction, contributed developer infrastructure, and construction of parks and recreation facilities.

Table III

City of Palm Coast's Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	Total	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Land	\$84,521,638	\$84,141,419	\$16,051,194	\$15,894,216	\$100,572,832	\$100,035,635
Buildings and improvements						
other than buildings	26,761,352	25,285,161	73,644,398	69,807,638	100,405,750	95,092,799
Infrastructure	181,637,131	141,343,955	134,689,541	121,809,302	316,326,672	263,153,257
Equipment	8,424,507	7,797,650	1,226,355	971,814	9,650,862	8,769,464
Construction in progress	7,154,792	32,762,232	5,014,461	9,576,759	12,169,253	42,338,991
Total	\$308,499,420	\$291,330,417	\$230,625,949	\$218,059,729	\$539,125,369	\$509,390,146

Additional information on the City of Palm Coast's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 52-53 of this report.

Long-term debt. The City of Palm Coast owes \$133,746,906 in revenue bonds, net of premiums and bond costs, used for the purchase and expansion of the utility system. There is a CDBG loan with a balance of \$25,929 and State Revolving Fund loans of \$31,572,319 for utility and stormwater improvements. There is also a line of credit to finance stormwater improvements with a balance of \$7,982,812. The City also obtained a CRA revenue loan during the fiscal year with a balance of \$3,770,000 at year end. The remainder of the long-term debt is made up of compensated absences, capital leases, and an unfunded net OPEB liability. The total long-term debt of the City is \$180,079,302.

Table IV City of Palm Coast's Long-term Debt

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Loans from other governments	\$25,929	\$63,552	\$31,572,319	\$32,782,922	\$31,598,248	\$32,846,474
Loans from financial institutions	3,770,000	-	7,982,812	2,299,000	11,752,812	2,299,000
Revenue bonds, net	-	-	133,746,906	136,661,196	133,746,906	136,661,196
Capital leases	-	-	252,015	-	252,015	-
Net OPEB liability	144,000	71,000	50,000	27,000	194,000	98,000
Compensated absences	1,374,787	1,671,182	1,160,534	890,950	2,535,321	2,562,132
Total	\$5,314,716	\$1,805,734	\$174,764,586	\$172,661,068	\$180,079,302	\$174,466,802

Additional information on the City of Palm Coast's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 beginning on pages 56-65 of this report.

Next Year's Budget and Rates

During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund decreased to \$2,393,217. The available fund balance, as a percentage of prior year expenditures and transfers out is approximately 7%.

The City Council approved a millage rate of 3.500 mills for fiscal year 2011.

On January 29, 2008, the Florida electorate approved an amendment (referred to as Amendment 1) to the Florida Constitution relative to property taxation. With respect to homestead property, Amendment 1 increases the current \$25,000 homestead exemption by another \$25,000 (by exempting the assessed property values from \$50,000 - \$75,000), except for school district taxes. Since the new \$25,000 homestead exemption does not apply to school district taxes, this effectively amounts to a \$15,000 increase to the existing homestead exemption, resulting in an estimated annual savings of \$240 for an average homeowner. Amendment 1 also allows property owners to transfer (make portable) up to \$500,000 of their Save Our Homes benefits to their next homestead when they move. Save Our Homes became effective in 1995 and limits (caps) the annual increase in assessed value for homestead property to 3% or the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index, whichever is less. With respect to non-homestead property, Amendment 1 limits (caps) the annual increase in assessed value for non-homestead property (businesses, industrial property, rental property, second homes, etc.) to 10%, except for school district taxes. The Amendment also provides a \$25,000 exemption for tangible personal property. Amendment 1 became effective on October 1, 2008, with the exception of the 10% assessment cap on non-homestead property which became effective on January 1, 2009. Declining market values contributed to an overall decrease in taxable property value of approximately 16%. New construction added a little over 1% to the taxable value, so the City had a net 14.9% reduction in taxable property value for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City of Palm Coast's financial condition and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information you may contact the City of Palm Coast as follows:

City of Palm Coast Financial Services 160 Cypress Point Parkway, Suite B-106 Palm Coast, FL 32164

Or

Telephone (386) 986-3725 Fax (386) 986-3773 E-mail rbritt@palmcoastqov.com

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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City of Palm Coast, Florida Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 18,680,549	\$ 11,257,832	\$ 29,938,381
Accounts receivable - net	1,421,030	7,149,300	8,570,330
Due from other governments	4,364,086	-	4,364,086
Prepaid items	246,625	81,583	328,208
Inventories	60,381	588,199	648,580
Unamortized debt issuance costs	-	633,245	633,245
Restricted assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	-	19,176,350	19,176,350
Due from other governments	-	194,670	194,670
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):			
Land	84,521,638	16,051,194	100,572,832
Building and improvements other than buildings	26,761,352	73,644,398	100,405,750
Infrastructure	181,637,131	134,689,541	316,326,672
Equipment	8,424,507	1,226,355	9,650,862
Construction in progress	7,154,792	5,014,461	12,169,253
Total assets	333,272,091	269,707,128	602,979,219
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	9,414,505	2,523,989	11,938,494
Due to other governments	91,505	3,871	95,376
Due to other funds	111,970	-	111,970
Internal balances	(1,130,917)	1,130,917	-
Accrued loan interest payable	-	7,927	7,927
Customer deposits	333,373	3,153,800	3,487,173
Unearned revenue	6,433	22,193	28,626
Payable from restricted assets:			
Accrued bond interest payable	-	3,176,182	3,176,182
Accrued loan interest payable	-	296,734	296,734
Accounts payable	-	1,785,289	1,785,289
Contracts payable	-	189,980	189,980
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	727,646	5,216,480	5,944,126
Due in more than one year	4,587,070	169,548,106	174,135,176
Total liabilities	14,141,585	187,055,468	201,197,053
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	307,069,337	72,856,080	379,925,417
Restricted for:			
Construction	650,876	86,605	737,481
Debt service	-	3,937,478	3,937,478
Public safety	268,833	-	268,833
Unrestricted	11,141,460	5,771,497	16,912,957
Total Net Assets	\$ 319,130,506	\$ 82,651,660	\$ 401,782,166

City of Palm Coast, Florida Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in		n Net Assets	
	•				F	Primary Government		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Primary Government: General government Public safety Transportation and physical	\$ 7,291,611 11,029,379	\$ 1,147,521 679,557	\$ 1,664,826 10,095	\$ - 61,359	\$ (4,479,264) (10,278,368)	\$ -	\$ (4,479,264) (10,278,368)	
environment Culture and recreation Interest on long-term debt	11,552,570 2,874,115 545,416	92,840 158,546	1,972,129 14,348 -	3,175,703 1,164,072	(6,311,898) (1,537,149) (545,416)	- - -	(6,311,898) (1,537,149) (545,416)	
Total governmental activities Business-Type Activities	33,293,091	2,078,464	3,661,398	4,401,134	(23,152,095)	<u> </u>	(23,152,095)	
Utility Solid Waste Stormwater Building Permits & Inspections	32,414,733 7,557,209 4,339,649 1,787,281	27,771,725 7,667,964 5,509,260 201,626	- - -	2,488,974 - 382,765 -		(2,154,034) 110,755 1,552,376 (1,585,655)	(2,154,034) 110,755 1,552,376 (1,585,655)	
Information Technology & Communication Golf Course Tennis Center	157,268 1,876,394 284,483	246,094 1,213,334 164,404		67,854 1,260		88,826 (595,206) (118,819)	88,826 (595,206) (118,819)	
Total Business-Type Activities	48,417,017	42,774,407	_	2,940,853	_	(2,701,757)	(2,701,757)	
Total Primary Government	\$ 81,710,108	\$ 44,852,871	\$ 3,661,398	\$ 7,341,987	(23,152,095)	(2,701,757)	(25,853,852)	
	General revenues: Property taxes Sales and use taxes Telecommunication s Franchise fees Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental Re Unrestricted investme Miscellaneous Gain on sale of capita Transfers Total general revenues ar Change in Net Assets	evenue, non-program ent earnings al assets			18,614,730 2,495,167 2,748,010 744,353 404,685 3,253,543 888,531 21,425 81,725 (5,822,903) 23,429,266	647,219 - - 5,822,903 - - - - 3,768,365	18,614,730 2,495,167 2,748,010 744,353 404,685 3,253,543 1,535,750 21,425 81,725 29,899,388 4,045,536	
	Net assets - beginning of	year, restated			318,853,335	78,883,295	397,736,630	
	Net assets - end of year				\$ 319,130,506	\$ 82,651,660	\$ 401,782,166	



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City of Palm Coast, Florida Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2010

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Impact Fee Fund	Streets Improvement Fund	SR100 CRA Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 5,213,218	\$ 4,857,131	\$ 23,976	\$ 1,929,454	\$ 3,224,630	\$ 487,029	\$ 15,735,438
Accounts receivable - net	1,150,165	39,139	-	42,440	-	-	1,231,744
Special Assessment receivable - net	-	-	-	-	-	131,047	131,047
Prepaid items	183,047	-	-	-	-	-	183,047
Notes receivable - current	25,929	-	-	-	-	-	25,929
Due from other governments	1,126,051	725,586	366,687	952,161	-	1,193,601	4,364,086
Due from other funds	-	430,000	-	-	-	-	430,000
Advances to other funds	5,792,529	9,425,998	-	-	-	-	15,218,527
Total assets	\$ 13,490,939	\$ 15,477,854	\$ 390,663	\$ 2,924,055	\$ 3,224,630	\$ 1,811,677	\$ 37,319,818
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 752,076	\$ 1,385,215	\$ 3,183,466	\$ 1,727,864	\$ 17,878	\$ 674,294	\$ 7,740,793
Accrued liabilities	429,347	-	-	-	-	-	429,347
Due to other governments	91,505	-	-	-	-	-	91,505
Deferred revenue	1,232,261	-	-	42,440	-	6,433	1,281,134
Customer deposits	333,373	-	-	-	-	-	333,373
Due to other funds	111,970	-	-	-	-	430,000	541,970
Advances from other funds	-	-	2,075,000	-	5,792,529	5,227,167	13,094,696
Non-Spendable Total liabilities	2,950,532	1,385,215	5,258,466	1,770,304	5,810,407	6,337,894	23,512,818
Fund Balances:	2,950,552	1,303,213	3,230,400	1,770,304	3,010,407	0,337,034	23,312,010
Nonspendable							
Prepaid items	183.047	_	_	_	_	_	183,047
Advances to other funds	5,792,529	_	_	_	_	_	5,792,529
Restricted for	0,. 02,020						0,. 02,020
Public safety	_	-	_	-	-	268,833	268,833
Construction	_	338,087	_	_	-	312,789	650,876
Committed for							
Disaster Reserve	2,171,614	-	-	-	-	-	2,171,614
Construction	-	13,754,552	-	1,153,751	-	-	14,908,303
Unassigned	2,393,217	=	(4,867,803)	-	(2,585,777)	(5,107,839)	(10,168,202)
Total fund balances	10,540,407	14,092,639	(4,867,803)	1,153,751	(2,585,777)	(4,526,217)	13,807,000
Total liailities and fund balances	\$ 13,490,939	\$ 15,477,854	\$ 390,663	\$ 2,924,055	\$ 3,224,630	\$ 1,811,677	\$ 37,319,818

City of Palm Coast, Florida Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets Governmental Funds September 30, 2010

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 13,807,000
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	301,710,587
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred revenues in the funds.	1,274,701
Internal services funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet leases and maintenance. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	7,638,771
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	 (5,300,553)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 319,130,506

City of Palm Coast, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	General Fund	Сар	ital Projects Fund	Transportation Impact Fee Fund	lm	Streets provement Fund	SR100 CRA Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$ 19,544,242	\$	2,631,273	\$ -	\$	4,084,768	\$ 786,325	\$ -	\$ 27,046,608
Licenses and permits	391,479		_	-		-	-	-	391,479
Intergovernmental revenue	1,967,830		1,431,161	366,687		1,624,916	-	2,549,075	7,939,669
Charges for services	2,444,783		108,120	-		-	-	-	2,552,903
Special assessments	-		_	-		-	-	219,391	219,391
Fines and forfeitures	387,000		_	-		626,952	-	29,143	1,043,095
Impact fees	-		_	886,171		-	-	330,490	1,216,661
Contributions	5,350		8,998	-		-	-	-	14,348
Investment earnings	469,223		158,684	15,842		66,594	83,602	39,644	833,589
Miscellaneous	21,255		-	· -		170	-	· -	21,425
Total revenues	25,231,162		4,338,236	1,268,700		6,403,400	869,927	3,167,743	41,279,168
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government	7,266,784		494,912	-		-	-	1,652,210	9,413,906
Public safety	10,448,326		_	-		249,749	-	21,314	10,719,389
Transportation and physical environment	6,361,631		_	-		-	39,409	-	6,401,040
Culture and recreation	1,878,028		_	-		-	-	-	1,878,028
Capital outlay:									
General Government	-		22,515	-		-	-	-	22,515
Public Safety	48,522		42,411	-		-	-	3,925	94,858
Transportation and physical environment	32,819		2,164,074	10,937,079		5,501,652	1,746,032	2,004,611	22,386,267
Culture and recreation	20,550		379,106	-		-	-	2,262,979	2,662,635
Debt service:									
Principal	37,623		-	-		-	230,000	-	267,623
Interest and Other	1,857		-	-		-	456,406	87,153	545,416
Total expenditures	26,096,140		3,103,018	10,937,079		5,751,401	2,471,847	6,032,192	54,391,677
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(864,978)		1,235,218	(9,668,379)		651,999	(1,601,920)	(2,864,449)	(13,112,509)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	785,401		85,000	3,600,000		-	600,198	200,000	5,270,599
Transfers out	(6,587,620)		(1,039,172)	-		(3,600,000)	-	-	(11,226,792)
Sale of Capital Assets	32,782		1,794,498	-		-	-	-	1,827,280
Issuance of long term debt	-		-	-		-	4,000,000	-	4,000,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,769,437)		840,326	3,600,000		(3,600,000)	4,600,198	200,000	(128,913)
Net change in fund balances	(6,634,415)		2,075,544	(6,068,379)		(2,948,001)	2,998,278	(2,664,449)	(13,241,422)
Fund balances - beginning	17,174,822		12,017,095	1,200,576		4,101,752	(5,584,055)	(1,861,768)	27,048,422
Fund balances - ending	\$ 10,540,407	\$	14,092,639	\$ (4,867,803)	\$	1,153,751	\$ (2,585,777)	\$ (4,526,217)	\$ 13,807,000

City of Palm Coast, Florida Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds September 30, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(13,241,422)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.		
	:	
Expenditures for capital assets 25,166,275		10 051 454
Less current year depreciation (6,914,821)	<u>) </u>	18,251,454
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		40.000
Contributed capital assets		18,630
Change in revenue collections expected after 60 days		62,412
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and adjustments) is to decrease net assets.		(2,449,865)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		(3,732,377)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences		301,832
Annual OPEB Cost		(73,000)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of the		
internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.		1,139,507
Change in net assets of governmental activities.	\$	277,171
	_	

City of Palm Coast, Florida Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds September 30, 2010

Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds

	Utility Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Stormwater Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 5,838,572	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,419,260	\$ 11,257,832	\$ 2,945,111
Accounts receivable - net	4,300,588	1,410,204	1,431,506	7,002	7,149,300	32,310
Inventories	562,140	-	-	26,059	588,199	60,381
Prepaid Items	39,136	-	15,817	26,630	81,583	63,578
Restricted current assets:						
Cash with fiscal agent	6,236,182	-	-	-	6,236,182	-
Due from other governments	· · ·	_	194,670	-	194,670	_
Total current assets	16,976,618	1,410,204	1,641,993	5,478,951	25,507,766	3,101,380
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted assets:						
Debt Service	1,033,307	_	140,905	-	1,174,212	_
Impact Fees	951,847	_	· -	-	951,847	-
Bond proceeds	10,814,109	_	_	-	10,814,109	_
Total restricted assets	12,799,263	-	140,905	-	12,940,168	-
Capital assets:						
Land	12,920,099	-	848,614	2,282,481	16,051,194	-
Building and improvements other						
than buildings	89,029,086	-	-	387,554	89,416,640	1,097,144
Infrastructure	128,076,277	-	22,475,154	7,591,821	158,143,252	-
Equipment	913,663	-	717,539	704,628	2,335,830	11,299,484
Less accumulated depreciation	(36,775,501)	-	(3,028,120)	(531,807)	(40,335,428)	(5,607,795)
Construction in progress	4,928,190	-	86,271	-	5,014,461	=
Total capital assets	199,091,814	-	21,099,458	10,434,677	230,625,949	6,788,833
Due from other funds	1,917,011	-	-	-	1,917,011	-
Advances to other funds	5,227,167	-	-	-	5,227,167	-
Loan acquisition costs	481,500		151,745		633,245	
Total assets	\$ 236,493,373	\$ 1,410,204	\$ 23,034,101	\$ 15,913,628	\$ 276,851,306	\$ 9,890,213

City of Palm Coast, Florida Statement of Net Assets (continued) Proprietary Funds September 30, 2010

Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds

	Utility Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Stormwater Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 611,118	\$ 582,662	\$ 410,189	\$ 595,603	\$ 2,199,572	\$ 889,961
Claims Payable	-	-	-	-	-	349,314
Due to Other Governments	-	-	-	3,871	3,871	-
Loans payable	1,234,671	-	347,880	126,973	1,709,524	-
Compensated absences	298,573	-	75,504	72,879	446,956	3,454
Accrued liabilities	181,356	-	45,650	97,411	324,417	5,090
Accrued loan interest payable	-	-	-	7,927	7,927	-
Customer deposits	3,153,800	-	_	-	3,153,800	_
Deferred revenue	-	-	-	22,193	22,193	-
Current liabilities payable from rstrd assets:				,	ŕ	
Current maturities of bonds payable	3,060,000	-	-	-	3,060,000	-
Accrued bond interest payable	3,176,182	-	-	-	3,176,182	-
Accrued loan interest payable	194,296	-	102,438	-	296,734	-
Accounts payable	1,785,289	-	· -	-	1,785,289	-
Contract payable	164,961	-	25,019	-	189,980	-
Total current liabilities	13,860,246	582,662	1,006,680	926,857	16,376,445	1,247,819
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences	475,259	-	102,471	135,848	713,578	10,709
Net OPEB Obligation	42,000	-	8,000	-	50,000	-
Bonds payable	130,686,906	-	-	-	130,686,906	-
Loans payable	24,466,247	-	13,366,856	264,519	38,097,622	-
Due to other funds	-	319,403	1,597,608	-	1,917,011	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	7,350,998	7,350,998	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	155,670,412	319,403	15,074,935	7,751,365	178,816,115	10,709
Total liabilities	169,530,658	902,065	16,081,615	8,678,222	195,192,560	1,258,528
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	55,081,758	-	7,731,137	10,043,185	72,856,080	6,788,833
Restricted for construction	86,605	-	-	-	86,605	· · ·
Restricted for debt service	3,899,011	-	38,467	-	3,937,478	-
Unrestricted	7,895,341	508,139	(817,118)	(2,807,779)	4,778,583	1,842,852
Total net assets	\$ 66,962,715	\$ 508,139	\$ 6,952,486	\$ 7,235,406	81,658,746	\$ 8,631,685

 $\label{prop:constraint} \mbox{Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.}$

992,914 \$82,651,660



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City of Palm Coast, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Utility Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Stormwater Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services:						
Water sales	\$ 16,546,126	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,546,126	\$ -
Sewer charges	10,060,446	-	-	-	10,060,446	-
Garbage charges	-	7,667,964	-	-	7,667,964	-
Stormwater charges	-	-	5,509,260	-	5,509,260	-
Tennis program charges	-	-	-	164,404	164,404	-
Golf Course charges	-	-	-	1,213,334	1,213,334	-
Building Permit & Inspection Charges	-	-	-	201,626	201,626	-
IT&C Charges	-	-	-	2,604,275	2,604,275	-
Miscellaneous	1,165,153	-	-	-	1,165,153	4,000,350
Total operating revenues	27,771,725	7,667,964	5,509,260	4,183,639	45,132,588	4,000,350
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Administrative	4,765,725	_	-	_	4,765,725	2,431,470
Water system	7,714,832	_	-	_	7,714,832	
Sewer system	4,690,206	-	-	-	4,690,206	-
Solid waste system	· · ·	7,550,827	-	-	7,550,827	-
Stormwater system	-	-	3,076,204	-	3,076,204	-
Golf Course	-	-	-	1,626,517	1,626,517	-
Tennis Center	-	-	-	281,361	281,361	-
Building Permits and Inspections	-	-	-	1,796,345	1,796,345	-
IT&C	-	-	-	2,241,757	2,241,757	-
Depreciation	8,428,115	-	1,077,467	523,653	10,029,235	1,086,913
Total operating expenses	25,598,878	7,550,827	4,153,671	6,469,633	43,773,009	3,518,383
Operating income (loss)	2,172,847	117,137	1,355,589	(2,285,994)	1,359,579	481,967
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment revenue	503.736	_	_	143.483	647,219	54.942
Interest/amortization expense	(6,971,542)	(6,382)	(240,650)	(11,180)	(7,229,754)	
Other	-	-	136,918	-	136,918	48,943
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(6,467,806)	(6,382)	(103,732)	132,303	(6,445,617)	103,885
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	(4,294,959)	110,755	1,251,857	(2,153,691)	(5,086,038)	585,852
and transfers	(4,294,909)	110,733	1,231,037	(2,155,091)	(5,000,030)	303,032
TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS						
Capital grants and contributions	2,488,974		245,847	717,044	3,451,865	
Transfers in	2,400,374	-	245,047	6,826,594	6,826,594	781,220
Transfers out	(884,585)	_	(391,450)	(375,586)	(1,651,621)	701,220
			, , ,	, , ,	1	704.000
Total transfers and contributions	1,604,389	-	(145,603)	7,168,052	8,626,838	781,220
Change in net assets	(2,690,570)	110,755	1,106,254	5,014,361	3,540,800	1,367,072
Total net assets - beginning	69,653,285	397,384	5,846,232	2,221,045		7,264,613
Total net assets - ending	\$ 66,962,715	\$ 508,139	\$ 6,952,486	\$ 7,235,406		\$ 8,631,685
rotal fiet assets - enting	Ψ 00,302,113	ψ 300,139	ψ 0,302,400	ψ 1,230, 4 00		ψ 0,051,005

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.

227,565 \$3,768,365

City of Palm Coast, Florida Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Business-type Activities -Enterprise Funds

		Solid	Storm	Nonmajor		Governmental Activities - Internal
Cash flows from operating	Utility	Waste	Water	Enterprise	Totals	Service Funds
activities						
Cash received from customers	\$27,385,817	\$7,512,058	\$5,212,550	\$4,180,415	\$44,290,840	\$3,985,860
Cash paid to suppliers	(11,983,582)	(7,543,555)	(2,472,965)	(2,654,555)	(24,654,657)	(2,003,041)
Cash paid to employees	(5,081,714)	-	(603,340)	(2,473,261)	(8,158,315)	(131,409)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	10,320,521	(31,497)	2,136,245	(947,401)	11,477,868	1,851,410
Cash flow from noncapital						
financing activities						=0.4.000
Transfers in from other funds	(004.505)	-	- (004 450)	6,826,594	6,826,594	781,220
Transfers out to other funds	(884,585)	-	(391,450)	(375,586)	(1,651,621)	-
Advances to other funds	-	-	(2,379,521)	-	2,097,642	-
Advances from other funds	2 ,097,642	37,879	-	2,850,998	509,356	
Net cash provided by (used in)	1 212 057	27.070	(2.770.071)	0.202.006	7 701 071	704 220
noncapital financing activities	1,213,057	37,879	(2,770,971)	9,302,006	7,781,971	781,220
Cash flow from capital and related financing activities						
Proceeds from issuance of long-term						
debt	46,385		8,006,593	535,023	8,588,001	
debt	40,383	-	0,000,595	333,023	0,366,001	-
Loan Principal Payments	(4,713,594)	-	(331,261)	(143,531)	(5,188,386)	-
Interest paid	(7,085,586)	(6,382)	(304,230)	(3,253)	(7,399,451)	-
Acquisition and construction of						
property, plant and equipment	(9,443,666)	-	(6,931,408)	(5,351,878)	(21,726,952)	(2,423,992)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	37,238
Impact fees and contributions	1,257,897	-	196,087	649,190	2,103,174	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities Cash flow from investing activities	(19,938,564)	(6,382)	635,781	(4,314,449)	(23,623,614)	(2,386,754)
Interest on investments	503,736	-	-	143,483	647,219	54,942
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	503,736	-	-	143,483	647,219	54,942
Net increase (decrease) in cash and					, <u>, </u>	
cash equivalents	(7,901,250)	-	1,055	4,183,639	(3,716,556)	300,818
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	32,775,267	-	139,850	1,235,621	34,150,738	2,644,293
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$24,874,017	\$ -	\$140,905	\$5,419,260	\$30,434,182	\$2,945,111

(continued)

City of Palm Coast, Florida Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Business-type Activities -Enterprise Funds

	Utility	Solid Waste	Storm Water	Nonmajor Enterprise	Totals	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income				<u>-</u>		
to net cash provided by operating						
activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$2,172,847	\$117,137	\$1,355,589	(\$2,285,994)	\$1,359,579	\$481,967
Adjustment to reconcile operating						
income to net cash provided by						
operating activities						
Depreciation and amortization	8,428,115	-	1,077,467	523,653	10,029,235	1,086,913
Change in assets and liabilities:				-		
Accounts receivable	(455,767)	(155,906)	(296,710)	(7,002)	(915,385)	(14,490)
Inventories	60,313	-	-	(26,059)	34,254	(25,771)
Prepaids	-	-	(15,817)	(21,113)	(36,930)	(63,578)
Accounts payable	6,708	7,272	(54,176)	595,187	554,991	379,373
Accrued liabilities	55,910	-	18,699	77,208	151,817	1,559
Customer deposits	30,723	-	-	-	30,723	-
Compensated absences	21,672	-	51,193	196,719	269,584	5,437
Net cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities	\$10,320,521	(\$31,497)	\$2,136,245	(\$947,401)	\$11,477,868	\$1,851,410
Cash and cash equivalents						
classified as:						
Equity in pooled cash and investments incurrent assets Restricted equity in pooled cash and	\$5,838,572	\$ -	\$ -	\$5,419,260	\$11,257,832	\$2,945,111
investments						
Cash with fiscal agent	6,236,182	-	<u>-</u>	-	6,236,182	-
Debt service	1,033,307	-	140,905	-	1,174,212	-
Impact fees	951,847	-	-	-	951,847	-
Bond proceeds	10,814,109	-	-	-	10,814,109	-
Total restricted equity in pooled	10 005 115		440.005		40 470 050	
cash and investments	19,035,445	-	140,905	- 05 440 000	19,176,350	- -
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$24,874,017	\$ -	\$140,905	\$5,419,260	\$30,434,182	\$2,945,111
Noncash capital and related						
financing activities:						
Developer contributions of capital assets	1,231,077	-	49,760	67,854	1,348,691	-

City of Palm Coast, Florida Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2010

	Volunteer Firefighter Pension Fund	Coquina Coast Agency Fund
ASSETS		
Cash Pension Investments	\$ 360	\$ 1,668,059
External investment pools	1,708,316	-
Due from other funds	111,970	
Total assets	\$ 1,820,646	\$ 1,668,059
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	-	63,206
Deposits held in escrow		1,604,853
Total liabilities		\$ 1,668,059
NET ASSETS		
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Other Purposes	\$ 1,820,646	

City of Palm Coast, Florida Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2010

Total contributions 339,247 Investment earnings: 116,473 Interest 116,473 Total investment earnings 116,473 Total additions 455,720 DEDUCTIONS 38,492 Benefit Distributions 38,492 Total deductions 54,728 Net Increase (Decrease) 400,992 Net assets - beginning 1,419,654		F	Volunteer Firefighter Pension Fund	
State contributions \$ 339,247 Total contributions 339,247 Investment earnings: 116,473 Total investment earnings 116,473 Total additions 455,720 DEDUCTIONS 38,492 Benefit Distributions 38,492 Total deductions 54,728 Net Increase (Decrease) 400,992 Net assets - beginning 1,419,654	ADDITIONS		_	
Total contributions 339,247 Investment earnings: 116,473 Interest 116,473 Total investment earnings 116,473 Total additions 455,720 DEDUCTIONS 38,492 Benefit Distributions 38,492 Total deductions 54,728 Net Increase (Decrease) 400,992 Net assets - beginning 1,419,654	Contributions:			
Investment earnings: 116,473 Interest 116,473 Total investment earnings 116,473 Total additions 455,720 DEDUCTIONS Administrative Expenses Benefit Distributions 38,492 Total deductions 54,728 Net Increase (Decrease) 400,992 Net assets - beginning 1,419,654	State contributions	\$	339,247	
Interest 116,473 Total investment earnings 116,473 Total additions 455,720 DEDUCTIONS 38,492 Administrative Expenses 16,236 Benefit Distributions 38,492 Total deductions 54,728 Net Increase (Decrease) 400,992 Net assets - beginning 1,419,654	Total contributions		339,247	
Total investment earnings 116,473 Total additions 455,720 DEDUCTIONS	Investment earnings:			
Total additions 455,720 DEDUCTIONS	Interest		116,473	
DEDUCTIONS 16,236 Administrative Expenses 16,236 Benefit Distributions 38,492 Total deductions 54,728 Net Increase (Decrease) 400,992 Net assets - beginning 1,419,654	Total investment earnings		116,473	
Administrative Expenses 16,236 Benefit Distributions 38,492 Total deductions 54,728 Net Increase (Decrease) 400,992 Net assets - beginning 1,419,654	Total additions		455,720	
Benefit Distributions 38,492 Total deductions 54,728 Net Increase (Decrease) 400,992 Net assets - beginning 1,419,654	DEDUCTIONS			
Total deductions 54,728 Net Increase (Decrease) 400,992 Net assets - beginning 1,419,654	Administrative Expenses		16,236	
Net Increase (Decrease) 400,992 Net assets - beginning 1,419,654	Benefit Distributions		38,492	
Net assets - beginning 1,419,654	Total deductions		54,728	
	Net Increase (Decrease)		400,992	
Net assets - ending \$ 1,820,646	Net assets - beginning		1,419,654	
	Net assets - ending	\$	1,820,646	



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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2010

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City of Palm Coast, Florida (the "City") was incorporated December 31, 1999 under the laws of the State of Florida. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (fire and law enforcement), highways and streets, parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. The accompanying financial statements include all those separately administered departments and funds for which the City has financial accountability. There are no potential component units or related organizations of the City.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The pension trust fund and agency fund are reported as a separate financial statement, and are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

When grant terms provide that the expenditure of resources is the prime factor for determining eligibility for Federal, State, and other grant resources, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The capital projects fund accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for the acquisition of land and construction of major capital facilities.

The transportation impact fee special revenue fund is used to track impact fees collected for the purpose of funding capital expenditures for the expansion of road capacity.

The streets improvement special revenue fund is used to account for the revenue from a half-cent local government infrastructure surtax, state revenue sharing, and a local option gas tax that is being used for road maintenance and improvements as well as to resurface city streets.

The SR100 CRA special revenue fund accounts for the tax increment financing and related expenditures of the State Road 100 community redevelopment area.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The utility enterprise fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to activities in the government's treatment and distribution of water, pumping of sewage, collection of sewage and treatment of sewage.

The stormwater management fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to the maintenance and improvement of the stormwater system.

The solid waste enterprise fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to the collection and removal of solid waste.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The internal service funds account for a self-insured employee medical insurance program and fleet management services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

The pension trust fund accounts for the activities of the Volunteer Firefighters' Pension, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified volunteer firefighters.

The Coquina Coast Cooperative agency fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of funds related to a regional desalinization water plant project.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to the general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water, sewer, stormwater, and information technology and communications (IT&C) functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues included 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing activities. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and the internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and the internal service fund includes the cost

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of the acquisition. Investments are reported at fair value.

Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Receivables consist primarily of amounts due from other governments, as well as utility, solid waste, and stormwater billings. All General Fund receivables are deemed collectible, and an allowance for doubtful accounts has been set up in the utility, solid waste, and stormwater funds for 19%, 16% and 62%, respectively, of the outstanding receivable amounts. Under Florida law, the assessment and collection of all county, municipal, and school district property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The laws of the state regulating tax assessment are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. State Statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate up to 10 mills.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Receivables and payables (Continued)

The property tax calendar is as follows:

Valuation Date		January 1, 2009
of January 1, 2009, submits thi	e assessment roll with values as is preliminary roll for approval by king authority of their respective	July 1, 2009
City Council holds two required budget and ad valorem tax milla year.		September 2009
Property Appraiser certifies the tangible personal property taxes Date).	assessment roll and all real and are due and payable (Levy	November 1, 2009
	to each property owner on the d November 2009 through March ole discounts:	
Month Paid November December January February March	Discount (%) 4 3 2 1	November 1, 2009 through March 31, 2010
All unpaid taxes on real and tan delinquent.	gible personal property become	April 1, 2010
A list of unpaid tangible persona unpaid real property taxes are a		April and May 2010
Tax certificates are sold on all rereal property taxes (Lien Date).	eal estate parcels with unpaid	June 1, 2010
A court order is obtained authorizing personal property if the taxpayer fail property taxes.		June 1, 2010

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method for the fleet management fund and the utility fund. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time inventory is used. No required minimum levels of inventory are maintained.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the utility enterprise fund revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Other enterprise fund restricted assets include accumulated impact fees, intergovernmental receivables and debt service requirements; their use is limited by state statute and various regulatory authorities.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the City as property and equipment with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Contributed assets are recorded at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	20 - 40
Improvements other than buildings	7 - 30
Infrastructure	15 - 100
Equipment	5 - 20

Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Employees may accumulate vacation and sick leave with certain limitations as to the number of hours of accumulation. Employees are paid 100% of their accumulated vacation pay and sick leave when they terminate up to a maximum of 320 hours for vacation and 320 hours for sick leave, as long as they are not dismissed with cause or fail to meet the 10 day notice requirement for voluntary resignations.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond and loan issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2010, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance - amounts that are not in spendable form (such as prepaid expenses and advances due from other funds) or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (City Council). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned fund balance - amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the City Council or as delegated to the City Manager.

Unassigned fund balance - amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. Assigned fund balance is established by the City Council through adoption or amendment of the budget and through delegation to the City Manager.

Note 2 – Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance* – *total governmental funds* and *net assets* – *governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$301,710,587 difference are as follows:

Capital assets	\$328,510,268
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(33,954,474)
Construction in progress	7,154,793
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive	
at net assets - governmental activities	\$301,710,587

A second element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$5,300,553 difference are as follows:

Loans payable	\$3,795,929
Net OPEB liability	144,000
Compensated absences	1,360,624
Net adjustment to decrease fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive	
at net assets - governmental activities	\$5,300,553

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, the governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs when debt is first issued, whereas amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$3,732,377 difference are as follows:

Debt issued: SR100 CRA Revenue Note	\$4,000,000
Principal payments:	
CDBG Loan	(37,623)
SR100 CRA Revenue Note	(230,000)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total governmental	
funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$3,732,377

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Compliance with Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provision

The City has no material violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

Deficit Fund Balance

The SR100 Community Redevelopment Area Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$2,585,777 as of September 30, 2010. This fund incurred redevelopment expenditures in advance of future anticipated property tax revenues. The Transportation Impact Fee and OKR Special Assessment special revenue funds had deficit fund balances of \$4,867,803 and \$5,107,839, respectively. These funds incurred construction expenses in excess of current revenues and transfers. The Tennis Center proprietary fund had deficit net assets of \$12,686. This fund incurred expenses in excess of current revenues and transfers.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2010, no departments exceeded appropriations.

Budgetary Information

The City follows these procedures in adopting the budget:

- 1. On or before the 30th day of September of each year, the City Council, by resolution, adopts an annual budget for all funds after public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 2. If, during the fiscal year, revenues in excess of those estimated in the budget are available for appropriation, the Council may, by resolution, make supplemental appropriations for the year in an amount not to exceed such excess.
- 3. The City cannot legally exceed the budget; however, the City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a department. Any revisions that change the total expenditures of any department must be approved by the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level.
- 4. Budgeted amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budget during the year. Encumbrance accounting is employed. Unexpended and unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year and may be reappropriated in the ensuing year.
- 5. The budget includes a portion of the prior year's fund balance represented by unappropriated liquid assets remaining in the fund as a budgeted revenue in the succeeding year. The results of operations on a GAAP basis do not recognize the fund balance allocation as revenue as it represents prior periods' excess of revenues over expenditures.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$3,409,415 and the bank balance was \$3,329,470. All bank deposits were fully covered by federal depository insurance and by deposits held in banks that are members of the State of Florida's Collateral Pool as specified under Florida law. Florida Statutes provide for collateral pooling by banks and savings and loans. This limits local government deposits to "authorized depositories". Included in the carrying amount of the City deposits is \$12,045 in petty cash. In addition, the City has a money market cash balance of \$2,326,898 in its investment account.

Investments

The City follows guidelines of Florida Statute Section 218.415, which allows the following investments:

- 1. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund
- 2. SEC registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 3. Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories.
- 4. Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.
- 5. Federal Agencies and instrumentalities.
- 6. Commercial paper
- 7. Corporate bonds

As of September 30, 2010, the City has the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Percentage of Total	Average Maturities
Florida SBA LGIP	\$13,734,343	36.98%	52 Days
Florida SBA LGIP Fund B	1,067,973	2.88%	7.49 Years
U.S. Government Agencies	16,523,463	44.49%	1-4 Years
U.S. Treasuries	1,811,190	4.88%	1-3 Years
Corporate Notes	1,775,706	4.78%	1-3 Years
Commercial Paper	1,521,839	4.09%	90 Days
Municipal Bonds	707,722	1.90%	1-3 Years
_	\$37,142,236		

The City's investments in the Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool (LGIP), a Securities and Exchange Commission rule 2a7-like external investment pool, are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool is administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA) pursuant to section 218.405 of the Florida Statutes. On November 29, 2007, the State Board of Administration implemented a temporary freeze on the assets held in

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments (Continued)

the Pool due to an unprecedented amount of withdrawals from the Pool coupled with the absence of market liquidity for certain securities within the Pool. The significant amount of withdrawals followed reports that the Pool held asset-backed commercial paper that was subject to sub prime mortgage risk. On December 4, 2007, based on recommendations from an outside financial advisor, the State Board of Administration restructured the Pool into two separate funds. Fund A consisted of all money market appropriate assets, which was approximately 86% of Pool assets. Fund B consisted of assets that defaulted on a payment, paid more slowly than expected, and/or had any significant credit and liquidity risk, which was approximately 14% of Pool assets. At the time of the restructuring, all current Pool participants had their existing balances proportionately allocated into Fund A and Fund B.

Fund A, currently known as the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME), is a Securities and Exchange Commission rule 2a7-like external investment pool. The pool invests in short–term, high-quality fixed income securities. To be considered high-quality, the security must be rated highest in the short-term rating category by one or more nationally recognized statistical ratings organizations, or deemed to be of comparable quality by the investment manager. The account balance of this fund is considered to be the fair value of this investment. As of September 30, 2010, Standard and Poor's Ratings Services assigned its "AAAm" principal stability fund rating to Florida PRIME.

Currently, Fund B participants are prohibited from withdrawing any amount from the Fund. Fund B is accounted for as a fluctuating NAV pool. The fair value factor of Fund B as of September 30, 2010 was .707058094. Fund B is not rated by any nationally recognized statistical rating agency.

Interest Rate Risk. The City's investment policy limits the maturities of operating funds to a maximum of twenty-four (24) months. Bond reserves, construction funds, and other non-operating funds cannot exceed maturities of ten (10) years. Longer maturities, not to exceed thirty (30) years, may be used in special circumstances. The maximum length to maturity for an investment in any U.S. Government Agency security is ten (10) years from the date of purchase.

Credit Risk. The City's investment policy allows investment in high grade corporate notes and government sponsored agencies with a minimum AA rating by Standard and Poor's. Commercial paper is required to have a rating of A-1 by Standard and Poor's. As of September 30, 2010, the City's investments in U.S. Government Agencies were rated AAA, commercial paper rated A-1+, and corporate and municipal bonds rated AA+ to AAA by Standard & Poor's.

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Concentrations of Credit Risk. The City's investment policy allows a maximum of seventy-five (75) percent of available funds to be invested in U.S. Government Agencies. As of September 30, 2010, the City's largest agency investment is in Fannie Mae (FNMA) and Freddie Mac (FHLMC). These securities represent 22 and 17 percent, respectively, of the City's total investments.

Cash with fiscal agent as of September 30, 2010 totaled \$6,236,182. This amount represents the semi-annual utility bond principal and interest payments on deposit with the distributing agent.

Note 5 - Receivables

Receivables consist of the following at September 30, 2010:

	Accounts	Special Assessments	Notes Receivable -	Allowance for Doubtful	
	Receivable	Receivable	Current	Accounts	Totals
General Fund	\$ 1,150,165	\$ -	\$ 25,929	\$ -	\$1,176,094
Capital Projects Fund	39,139	-	-	-	39,139
Streets Improvement Fund	42,440	-	-	-	42,440
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	131,047	-	-	131,047
Utility Fund	5,335,738	-	-	(1,035,150)	4,300,588
Solid Waste Fund	1,672,587	-	-	(262,383)	1,410,204
Stormwater Fund	3,796,991	-	-	(2,365,485)	1,431,506
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	7,002	-	-	-	7,002
Fleet Management Fund	32,310	-	-	-	32,310
Totals	\$12,076,372	\$131,047	\$25,929	\$(3,663,018)	\$8,570,330

Notes receivable is a loan to Flamingo Development of Flagler, Inc. The City received a Community Development Block Grant loan for the same amount. The amount owed by the City is included in long-term debt.

The special assessments receivable is the amount due from property owners within the Old Kings Road Special Assessment District. The amount due as of September 30, 2010 represents the interest on an interfund loan (see Note 7) used for the financing of the expansion and realignment of Old Kings Road.

Deferred/Unearned Revenue:

Deferred revenues are recorded on the governmental funds balance sheet in the amount of \$1,281,134. Of this amount, \$1,274,701 represents amounts that are deferred solely because they are not yet considered to be available. Therefore, \$6,433 is shown as unearned revenue on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Balance 9/30/2009	Inorogogo	Decreases	Balance 9/30/2010
A. Governmental Activities	9/30/2009	Increases	Decreases	9/30/2010
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land Construction in progress	\$ 88,909,071 32,762,232	\$ 1,729,509 23,649,961	\$ (6,116,942) (49,257,401)	\$ 84,521,638 7,154,792
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	121,671,303	25,379,470	(55,374,343)	91,676,430
•			, , ,	
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements other than buildings	27,917,078	2,782,447	_	30,699,525
Infrastructure	162,234,068	47,824,244	(2,635,102)	207,423,210
Equipment	16,165,483	2,469,840	(372,798)	18,262,525
Total capital assets, being depreciated	206,316,629	53,076,531	(3,007,900)	256,385,260
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements other than buildings	(2,631,917)	(1,306,256)	-	(3,938,173)
Infrastructure	(20,890,110)	(5,088,640)	192,671	(25,786,079)
Equipment Total accumulated depreciation	(8,367,833)	(1,606,838) (8,001,734)	136,653 329,324	(9,838,018) (39,562,270)
Total accumulated acpresiation	(31,003,000)	(0,001,704)	020,024	(55,502,270)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	174,426,769	45,074,797	(2,678,576)	216,822,990
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 296,098,072	\$ 70,454,267	\$ (58,052,919)	\$ 308,499,420
	Balance			Balance
	Balance 9/30/2009	Increases	Decreases	Balance 9/30/2010
B. Business-type Activities		Increases	Decreases	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	9/30/2009		Decreases	9/30/2010
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	9/30/2009	\$156,978	\$ -	9/30/2010
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	9/30/2009 \$15,894,216 9,576,759	\$156,978 18,071,200	\$ - (22,633,498)	9/30/2010 \$16,051,194 5,014,461
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	9/30/2009	\$156,978	\$ -	9/30/2010
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	9/30/2009 \$15,894,216 9,576,759	\$156,978 18,071,200	\$ - (22,633,498)	9/30/2010 \$16,051,194 5,014,461
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements other than buildings	\$15,894,216 9,576,759 25,470,975 82,123,404	\$156,978 18,071,200 18,228,178 7,293,236	\$ - (22,633,498) (22,633,498)	9/30/2010 \$16,051,194 5,014,461 21,065,655 89,416,640
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements other than buildings Infrastructure	\$15,894,216 9,576,759 25,470,975 82,123,404 139,058,047	\$156,978 18,071,200 18,228,178 7,293,236 19,085,205	\$ - (22,633,498)	9/30/2010 \$16,051,194 5,014,461 21,065,655 89,416,640 158,143,252
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements other than buildings	\$15,894,216 9,576,759 25,470,975 82,123,404	\$156,978 18,071,200 18,228,178 7,293,236	\$ - (22,633,498) (22,633,498)	9/30/2010 \$16,051,194 5,014,461 21,065,655 89,416,640
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Equipment	\$15,894,216 9,576,759 25,470,975 82,123,404 139,058,047 1,718,522	\$156,978 18,071,200 18,228,178 7,293,236 19,085,205 617,308	\$ - (22,633,498) (22,633,498)	9/30/2010 \$16,051,194 5,014,461 21,065,655 89,416,640 158,143,252 2,335,830
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:	9/30/2009 \$15,894,216 9,576,759 25,470,975 82,123,404 139,058,047 1,718,522 222,899,973	\$156,978 18,071,200 18,228,178 7,293,236 19,085,205 617,308 26,995,749	\$ - (22,633,498) (22,633,498) - - - -	9/30/2010 \$16,051,194 5,014,461 21,065,655 89,416,640 158,143,252 2,335,830 249,895,722
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements other than buildings	9/30/2009 \$15,894,216 9,576,759 25,470,975 82,123,404 139,058,047 1,718,522 222,899,973 (12,315,766)	\$156,978 18,071,200 18,228,178 7,293,236 19,085,205 617,308 26,995,749 (3,456,476)	\$ - (22,633,498) (22,633,498) - - - -	9/30/2010 \$16,051,194 5,014,461 21,065,655 89,416,640 158,143,252 2,335,830 249,895,722 (15,772,242)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements other than buildings Infrastructure	9/30/2009 \$15,894,216 9,576,759 25,470,975 82,123,404 139,058,047 1,718,522 222,899,973 (12,315,766) (17,248,743)	\$156,978 18,071,200 18,228,178 7,293,236 19,085,205 617,308 26,995,749 (3,456,476) (6,204,968)	\$ - (22,633,498) (22,633,498) - - - -	9/30/2010 \$16,051,194 5,014,461 21,065,655 89,416,640 158,143,252 2,335,830 249,895,722 (15,772,242) (23,453,711)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements other than buildings	9/30/2009 \$15,894,216 9,576,759 25,470,975 82,123,404 139,058,047 1,718,522 222,899,973 (12,315,766)	\$156,978 18,071,200 18,228,178 7,293,236 19,085,205 617,308 26,995,749 (3,456,476)	\$ - (22,633,498) (22,633,498) - - - -	9/30/2010 \$16,051,194 5,014,461 21,065,655 89,416,640 158,143,252 2,335,830 249,895,722 (15,772,242)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Equipment	9/30/2009 \$15,894,216 9,576,759 25,470,975 82,123,404 139,058,047 1,718,522 222,899,973 (12,315,766) (17,248,743) (746,708)	\$156,978 18,071,200 18,228,178 7,293,236 19,085,205 617,308 26,995,749 (3,456,476) (6,204,968) (367,791)	\$ - (22,633,498) (22,633,498) - - - - - - 5,024	9/30/2010 \$16,051,194 5,014,461 21,065,655 89,416,640 158,143,252 2,335,830 249,895,722 (15,772,242) (23,453,711) (1,109,475)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Equipment	9/30/2009 \$15,894,216 9,576,759 25,470,975 82,123,404 139,058,047 1,718,522 222,899,973 (12,315,766) (17,248,743) (746,708)	\$156,978 18,071,200 18,228,178 7,293,236 19,085,205 617,308 26,995,749 (3,456,476) (6,204,968) (367,791)	\$ - (22,633,498) (22,633,498) - - - - - - 5,024	9/30/2010 \$16,051,194 5,014,461 21,065,655 89,416,640 158,143,252 2,335,830 249,895,722 (15,772,242) (23,453,711) (1,109,475)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Equipment Total accumulated depreciation	9/30/2009 \$15,894,216 9,576,759 25,470,975 82,123,404 139,058,047 1,718,522 222,899,973 (12,315,766) (17,248,743) (746,708) (30,311,217)	\$156,978 18,071,200 18,228,178 7,293,236 19,085,205 617,308 26,995,749 (3,456,476) (6,204,968) (367,791) (10,029,235)	\$ - (22,633,498) (22,633,498) 5,024 5,024	9/30/2010 \$16,051,194 5,014,461 21,065,655 89,416,640 158,143,252 2,335,830 249,895,722 (15,772,242) (23,453,711) (1,109,475) (40,335,428)

Note 6 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs as follows:

Governmental	activities:
Ceneral nov	vernment

General government	\$ 229,436
Public safety	406,008
Transportation and physical environment	5,268,896
Culture and recreation	1,010,481
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	1,086,913
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$8,001,734
Business activities:	
Utility	\$ 8,428,115
Stormwater	1,077,467
Information Technology and Communication (IT&C)	269,718
Golf Course	249,877
Tennis Center	4,058
Total depreciation expense - business activities	\$10,029,235

Note 7 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2010, is as follows:

Due from/to other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Purpose	Amount
Volunteer Fire Fighter Pension Fund	General Fund	Annual pension contribution	\$ 111,970
Capital Projects Fund	Neighborhood Stabilization Fund	Supplement operating cash flow	430,000
Utility Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Supplement operating cash flow	319,403
Utility Fund	Stormwater Fund	Supplement operating cash flow	1,597,608
		Total	\$2,458,981

The outstanding balance between the Volunteer Fire Fighter Pension Fund and the General Fund are for State contributions due to the Volunteer Fire Fighter Pension Fund as of September 30, 2010. The remaining balances are the amount of working capital loans that are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

Note 7 – Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

Advances from/to other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Purpose	Amount		
General Fund Capital Projects Fund Capital Projects Fund Capital Projects Fund Utility Fund	SR100 CRA Fund Golf Course Fund IT&C Fund Transportation Impact Fee Fund OKR Special Assessment Fund	Purchase and redevelopment of land Renovation of golf course Purchase of Fiber Optic infrastructure Expansion and realignment of road Expansion and realignment of road	\$5,792,529 5,556,500 1,794,498 2,075,000 5,227,167		
,	,		\$20,445,6		

The advances from the General Fund relate to working capital loans made to the SR100 CRA Fund upon its creation. The Capital Projects Fund loans are to renovate a donated golf course for public use, purchase a fiber optic network, and fund a major road expansion. The Utility Fund loan is a working capital loan made to the OKR Special Assessment Fund upon its creation. Certain members of the district have agreed to pay interest at a rate of 5% on this loan in the form of a special assessment. None of these balances are scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year.

Interfund transfers:

								Transfe	er I	ln:				
Transfer out:	G	Seneral		Capital	T	ransportation		SR 100		Nonmajor		Nonmajor	Internal	
		Fund	F	Projects	lm	pact Fee Fund	С	RA Fund	G	overnmental	F	Proprietary	Service	Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	511,026	\$	5 -	\$	6,076,594	\$ -	\$ 6,587,620
Utility Fund		749,401		77,000				-		-		-	58,184	884,585
Streets Improvement Fund		-		-		3,600,000		-		-		-	-	3,600,000
Capital Projects Fund		-		-		-		89,172		200,000		750,000	-	1,039,172
Stormwater Fund		28,000		5,000		-		-		-		-	358,450	391,450
Nonmajor Proprietary		8,000		3,000		-		-		-		-	364,586	375,586
Total transfers out	\$	785,401	\$	85,000	\$	3,600,000	\$	600,198	\$	200,000	\$	6,826,594	\$ 781,220	\$ 12,878,413

Transfers from the General Fund are generally made to establish reserves for future capital expenditures and possible emergency related expenditures. For the year ended September 30, 2010, there was also a transfer of \$5,959,594 to establish the Building Permits and Inspections nonmajor enterprise fund. Transfers to the CRA Fund represent base property tax collections within the redevelopment area. Transfers from the Utility Fund and Nonmajor Proprietary Funds are in lieu of tax transfers, maintenance transfers, and to establish reserves for future capital expenditures. Transfers from the Stormwater Fund are in lieu of tax transfers, maintenance transfers, and reserves for equipment replacement. The transfers to the Internal Service Fund are to establish new equipment purchases for the City's fleet. Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental and the Transportation Impact Fee Funds are for expenditures related to capital projects.

Note 8 - Leases and Agreements

Interlocal Agreements:

The City maintains an interlocal agreement with the Flagler County Sheriff for law enforcement services. The agreement provides for additional services above the base level of service provided by the Sheriff on a County-wide basis. For 2010 the total cost was \$2,599,691 and provided 27 additional personnel.

Lease of City Owned Facilities

The City leases various facilities to telecommunications companies, who provide wireless phone and Internet access to the public. The leases are for a five year period, with renewal options for an additional five years. Annual lease payments increase by the U.S. Consumer Price Index or 3 to 4%, whichever is greater. For fiscal year 2010, the total amount of lease payments received was \$182,658.

Lease of City Administrative Offices

The City executed a noncancelable operating lease for new administrative office space on November 1, 2008 for a three year term at \$20,000 monthly. The total cost for year ended September 30, 2010 was \$240,000. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending						
September 30,	<u>Amount</u>					
2011	\$ 240,000					
		_				
	\$	240,000				

Operating Lease

In October 2009, the City entered into a noncancelable operating lease agreement for golf carts for the Palm Harbor Golf Club. The lease calls for monthly payments of \$5,449 for a term of 48 months with a fair market value buy out. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	Amount
2011	\$ 65,388
2012	65,388
2013	65,388
	\$196,164

Note 9 – Long-Term Debt

A. Governmental Activities

CDBG Loan

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2000, the City of Palm Coast entered into an agreement with Florida Department of Community Affairs (DCA). DCA agreed to lend \$324,953 to the City who then entered into an agreement to lend the same amount to a private company who agreed to construct and operate a day care center.

This loan is payable to DCA at \$3,290 per month at 4% interest through May 14, 2011. The same terms apply to the note receivable from the day care center.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending		
September 30,	Principal	Interest
2011	\$25,929	\$391
	\$25,929	\$391

SR100 CRA Redevelopment Revenue Note, Series 2009

During year ended September 30, 2010, the City executed an agreement with BB&T Bank for the purpose of purchasing properties within the redevelopment area. The loan principal of \$4,000,000 is payable annually in accordance with the schedule below at an interest rate 4.34% through October 1, 2024.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan are as follows.:

Year Ending				
September 30,	Princip	oal	Inte	est
2011	\$	230,000	\$	163,618
2012		200,000		154,938
2013		210,000		145,824
2014		220,000		136,276
2015		230,000		126,294
2016-2020	1	,305,000		466,333
2021-2025	1	,605,000		145,390
	\$ 4	,000,000	\$	1,338,673

The 2011 principal payment was made during the year ended September 30, 2010, leaving a principal balance of \$3,770,000 payable at the end of the fiscal year.

Note 9 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

B. Business Activities

Utility System Long-term Debt

Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003

On October 30, 2003, the City issued debt and closed on the purchase of the water and wastewater utility that serves the City of Palm Coast and some surrounding areas. The purchase price was \$82,774,934. Another \$10,690,000 was borrowed to complete some capital projects that were in process or needed in the near future and to fund a renewal and replacement reserve. Acquisition and closing costs included in the bond issue brought the total debt issued to \$96,650,000. The interest rate on these bonds ranges from 2.0 - 5.25%. This debt will be paid over 30 years from water and wastewater revenues.

Disposition of Revenue in order of Priority

Deposits are made in the Utility Fund for payment of operation and maintenance costs.

Funds are transferred to Debt Service Reserve for the following purposes:

Interest Payments
Parity Contract Obligations Payments
Principal Payments
Redemption of Term Bonds
Subordinated Debt Payments

A reserve fund is not required since the City has acquired municipal bond insurance, which unconditionally and irrevocably guarantees that the full and complete payment will be made by or on behalf of the City to the Paying Agent or its successor.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, MBIA Insurance Corporation (MBIA), the City's bond insurer, was downgraded by the three major credit rating agencies. However, this has not had a financial impact on any of the City's outstanding obligations. All three agencies affirmed an underlying rating of "A" on the City's outstanding bonds.

Deposits are made into a utility capital projects account for renewal, replacement and improvement, in an amount at least equal to one-twelfth of 5% of gross revenues received during the immediately preceding Fiscal Year.

Any remaining revenues are surplus and may be used for any lawful purpose of the City.

Note 9 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Early Redemption

A. Optional Redemption

The series 2003 bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2014 are redeemable prior to their stated dates of maturity, at the option of the City, in whole or in part on any date on or after October 1, 2013, at the redemption prices equal to the principal amount of the Series 2003 Bonds to be redeemed plus interest accrued to the date of redemption.

Debt Service

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the bonds are as follows:

Year Ending				
September 30,	Pri	ncipal	Int	terest
2011	\$	2,055,000	\$	4,167,203
2012		2,120,000		4,097,243
2013		2,190,000		4,018,403
2014		2,270,000		3,934,413
2015		2,355,000		3,816,663
2016-2020		13,670,000		17,058,513
2021-2025		17,610,000		12,931,913
2026-2030		22,490,000		7,845,738
2031-2035		22,290,000		1,739,996
	\$	87,050,000	\$	59,610,085

Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2007

On January 25, 2007, the City issued debt to finance the construction of a water treatment plant and associated infrastructure. Construction proceeds, capitalized interest, and issuance costs were included in the bond issue and brought the total debt issued to \$49,840,000. The interest rate on these bonds ranges from 3.625 - 5.0%. This debt will be paid over 30 years from water and wastewater revenues.

Disposition of Revenue in order of Priority

Deposits are made in the Utility Fund for payment of operation and maintenance costs.

Note 9 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Funds are transferred to Debt Service Reserve for the following purposes:

Interest Payments
Parity Contract Obligations Payments
Principal Payments
Redemption of Term Bonds
Subordinated Debt Payments

A reserve fund is not required since the City has acquired municipal bond insurance, which unconditionally and irrevocably guarantees that the full and complete payment will be made by or on behalf of the City to the Paying Agent or its successor.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, MBIA Insurance Corporation (MBIA), the City's bond insurer, was downgraded by the three major credit rating agencies. However, this has not had a financial impact on any of the City's outstanding obligations. All three agencies affirmed an underlying rating of "A" on the City's outstanding bonds.

Deposits are made into a utility capital projects account for renewal, replacement and improvement, in an amount at least equal to one-twelfth of 5% of gross revenues received during the immediately preceding Fiscal Year.

Any remaining revenues are surplus and may be used for any lawful purpose of the City.

Early Redemption

A. Optional Redemption

The series 2007 bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2017 are redeemable prior to their stated dates of maturity, at the option of the City, in whole or in part on any date on or after April 1, 2017, at the redemption prices equal to the principal amount of the Series 2007 Bonds to be redeemed plus interest accrued to the date of redemption.

Note 9 - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Debt Service

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the bonds are as follows:

Year Ending					
September 30,	Р	rincipal	Interest		
2011	\$	1,005,000	\$	2,081,256	
2012		1,050,000		2,039,256	
2013		1,090,000		2,001,106	
2014		1,130,000		1,955,906	
2015		1,175,000		1,908,906	
2016-2020		6,615,000		8,755,956	
2021-2025		8,140,000		7,130,106	
2026-2030		10,180,000		5,028,806	
2031-2035		12,620,000		2,455,194	
2036-2040		5,865,000		131,033	
	\$	48,870,000	\$	33,487,525	

State Revolving Fund Loans

During year ended September 30, 2005, the City executed an agreement with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection to borrow through the State Revolving Fund loan program, for the purpose of lift station and force main improvements (WW90302S). The loan principal of \$2,734,789 is payable semi-annually in the amount of \$88,586 at an interest rate 2.71% through December 15, 2025.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending				
September 30,	Pı	rincipal	Inte	erest
2011	\$	117,524	\$	59,648
2012		120,731		56,441
2013		124,025		53,147
2014		127,409		49,763
2015		130,885		46,287
2016-2020		709,978		175,882
2021-2025		812,263		73,597
2026-2030		87,400		1,186
	\$	2,230,215	\$	515,951

Note 9 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

During year ended September 30, 2005, the City executed an agreement with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection to borrow through the State Revolving Fund loan program, for the purpose of wastewater treatment facilities improvements (WW90303S). The loan principal of \$13,281,775 is payable semi-annually in the amount of \$424,354 at an interest rate 2.60% through June 15, 2026.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending				
September 30,	Pri	ncipal	lı	nterest
2011	\$	565,028	\$	283,680
2012		579,814		268,894
2013		594,987		253,721
2014		610,558		238,150
2015		626,535		222,173
2016-2020		3,387,365		856,175
2021-2025		3,854,397		389,143
2026-2030		832,442		16,266
	\$	11,051,126	\$	2,528,202

During the year ended September 30, 2007, the City executed an agreement with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection to borrow up to \$14,607,514 through the State Revolving Fund loan program, for the purpose of biosolids, reclaimed water and aerobic digestion improvements (WW903050). On January 30, 2008, the loan principal was amended to \$7,668,560. The loan principal is payable semi-annually in the amount of \$245,558 at an interest rate 2.54% through June 15, 2028.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending				
September 30,	Principal Interest			
2011	\$	313,845	\$	177,271
2012		321,800		169,316
2013		330,025		161,091
2014		338,461		152,655
2015		347,113		144,003
2016-2020		1,873,277		582,303
2021-2025		2,125,250		330,330
2026-2030		1,410,015		63,333
	\$	7,059,786	\$	1,780,302

Note 9 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

During the year ended September 30, 2008, the City executed an agreement with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection to borrow up to \$6,965,490 at an interest rate of 2.54% through the State Revolving Fund loan program, for the purpose of construction of water reuse facilities (WW903080). On June 23, 2010 the loan principal was amended to \$5,999,136. The loan principal is payable semi-annually in the amount of \$186,428 at an interest rate 2.54% through June 15, 2028.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending				
September 30,	Principal Interest			nterest
2011	\$	238,273	\$	134,583
2012		244,310		128,546
2013		250,555		122,301
2014		256,960		115,896
2015		263,528		109,328
2016-2020		1,422,192		442,088
2021-2025		1,613,490		250,790
2026-2030		1,070,483		48,085
	\$	5,359,791	\$	1,351,617

Stormwater System Long-Term Debt

State Revolving Fund Loans

During the year ended September 30, 2006, the City executed an agreement with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection to borrow up to \$4,285,694 at an interest rate of 2.55% through the State Revolving Fund loan program, for the purpose of stormwater drainage improvements and swale rehabilitation (SW903040). On August 10, 2007, the loan amount was amended to \$4,847,060 with the additional principal bearing an interest rate of 2.43%. On June 7, 2010 the loan principal was amended a second time to \$4,822,150. The loan principal is payable semi-annually in the amount of \$151,585 at an interest rate 2.5282% through August 15, 2026.

Note 9 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending				
September 30,	Principal Interest			
2011	\$	203,906	\$	99,264
2012		209,107		94,063
2013		214,439		88,731
2014		219,908		83,262
2015		225,517		77,653
2016-2020		1,216,847		299,003
2021-2025		1,380,141		135,709
2026-2030		297,503		5,667
	\$	3,967,368	\$	883,352

During the year ended September 30, 2009, the City executed an agreement with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection to borrow up to \$3,798,642 at an interest rate of 3.14% through the State Revolving Fund loan program, for the purpose of stormwater drainage improvements and swale rehabilitation (SW903070). As of September 30, 2010 the amount expended and received on this loan was \$1,976,258.

	Interest	Disbursable	Amount	Repayment	Semi-Annual	Term
Description	Rate	Amount	Funded	Date	Payment	(Years)
Stormwater system improvements	3 17%	\$3 740 362	\$1 976 258	9/15/2010	\$131 132	20

Bank Loan

During the year ended September 30, 2009, the City executed an agreement with the RBC Bank to borrow up to \$9,000,000 at a variable interest rate for the purpose of stormwater drainage improvements and swale rehabilitation. The variable rate during the draw period, not to exceed three years, is equal to 70% of the One-Month LIBOR rate plus 212 basis points. As of September 30, 2010 this rate was 2.30156%. The total amount of funding received on this loan was \$5,544,335 during the fiscal year. At the end of the three year draw period, the loan will convert to a fixed interest term loan at a future rate to be agreed upon. The loan will mature on October 1, 2023.

	Variable	Disbursable	Amount	Repayment	Semi-Annual	Term
Description	Rate	Amount	Funded	Date	Payment	(Years)
Stormwater system improvements	2.30%	\$9,000,000	\$7,843,335	10/1/2011	tbd	15

Note 9 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Information Technology and Communications (IT&C) Long-Term Debt

Capital Leases

During year ended September 30, 2010, the City executed an agreement with Dell Financial Services to lease computer equipment for use on the city-wide network. The non-cancelable capital lease principal of \$85,120 is payable annually in the amount of \$21,986 at an interest rate of 2.20% through October 1, 2012.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the lease are as follows:

Year Ending					
September 30,	Princ	ipal	Interest		
2011	\$	20,598	\$	1,388	
2012		21,051		935	
2013		21,485		473	
	\$	63,134	\$	2,796	

During year ended September 30, 2010, the City executed an agreement with Key Government Finance to lease computer equipment for use on the fiber optic network. The non-cancelable capital lease principal of \$285,130 is payable annually in the amount of \$99,501 at an interest rate of 2.39% through October 1, 2011.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the lease are as follows:

Year Ending				
September 30,	Princ	cipal	Inte	erest
2011	\$	92,963	\$	6,538
2012		95,918		3,583
	\$	188,881	\$	10,121

Loan

During year ended September 30, 2009, the City executed an agreement with MetroPCS Florida, LLC to purchase a wireless communications tower built on City land. MetroPCS Florida, LLC would construct the tower and lease space on the tower for its operations (see Note 8). The City agreed to apply fifty percent of the tower lease payments towards repayment of the cost of the tower in the amount of \$164,773 with principal only payable annually according to the schedule below.

Note 9 - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending				
September 30,	Prin	Principal		<u> </u>
2011	\$	13,412	\$	-
2012		13,948		-
2013		14,506		-
2014		15,087		-
2015		15,690		-
2016-2020		66,834		
	\$	139,477	\$	

Changes in long-term debt

During the year ended September 30, 2010, the following changes in long-term debt occurred:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
CDBG Loan	\$ 63,552	\$ -	\$ (37,623)	\$ 25,929	\$ 25,929
SR100 CRA Loan	-	4,000,000	(230,000)	3,770,000	200,000
Net OPEB Liability	71,000	73,000	-	144,000	-
Compensated Absences	1,671,182	800,254	(1,096,649)	1,374,787	501,717
Long-term debt	\$1,805,734	\$4,873,254	\$(1,364,272)	\$5,314,716	\$727,646
Business Type Activities:					
Utility Revenue Bonds	\$138,890,000	\$ -	\$(2,970,000)	\$135,920,000	\$3,060,000
Deferred Amounts:					
Plus: issuance premiums	1,435,336	-	(92,859)	1,342,477	-
Less: issuance costs	(3,664,140)	_	148,569	(3,515,571)	
Total Revenue Bonds	136,661,196	-	(2,914,290)	133,746,906	3,060,000
State Revolving Fund Loans	32,782,922	1,805,855	(3,016,458)	31,572,319	1,582,551
Bank and Other Loans	2,299,000	5,709,108	(25,296)	7,982,812	13,412
Net OPEB Liability	27,000	23,000	-	50,000	-
Capital Leases	-	370,250	(118,235)	252,015	113,561
Compensated Absences	890,950	822,014	(552,430)	1,160,534	446,956
Long-term debt	\$172,661,068	\$8,730,227	\$(6,626,709)	\$174,764,586	\$5,216,480

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year end, \$14,163 of internal service fund compensated absences is included in the above amounts. For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Note 10 - Retirement Plans

Defined Contribution Plan

The City maintains a single employer defined contribution plan. All full-time employees are eligible to participate. The name of the plan is the City of Palm Coast 401(a) Pension Plan. The plan is administered by a third party administrator, Great West Retirement Services. The authority to establish and amend benefits rests with the City Council. Under this plan, the City contributes a certain percentage of employees' eligible wages based upon their job classification as determined by City Council. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, general employees received a 10% contribution, with department heads receiving 13% and special risk employees receiving 17.5%. Employees do not participate in the plan funding. Pension contributions are subject to a five year (5) vesting schedule. Withdrawals from the plan may be made due to retirement, attainment of age 59 ½, separation from service, disability, or death. For the period ended September 30, 2010, contributions to this plan totaled \$1,887,543.

Florida Retirement System

Former Flagler County and Palm Coast Service District employees hired as transfers during the 1999-2000 or 2000-2001 fiscal years have a one-time option to remain a member of the Florida State Retirement System (FRS). No employees for FYE 1999-2000 elected to be part of FRS. However, during 2001 there were former Palm Coast Service District employees hired who did elect to remain in FRS.

The Retirement System is a cost sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State of Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for participant eligibility, contribution requirements, vesting eligibility and benefit provisions.

The System provides vesting of benefits after six (6) years of creditable service. Members are eligible for normal retirement after 6 years of service and attaining age 62, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Early retirement may be taken any time after completing 10 years of service; however, there is a five percent reduction in benefits for each year prior to normal retirement. Generally, membership is compulsory for all full-time and part-time employees.

Note 10 - Retirement Plans (Continued)

Florida Retirement System (Continued)

There is no requirement for employees to contribute to the System; the employer pays all contributions.

The statutory contribution rates as a percent of earnings were as follows:

	10/1/2009
	09/30/2010
Regular employees – members not qualifying for	
other classes	10.77%
Special Risk Employees – members employed as	
law enforcement officers and firefighters	23.25%
Health Insurance Subsidy included in the above	
rates	1.11%

Contributions required and made to the System for City employees were as follows:

	Required	%
Fiscal Year Ending	Contribution	Contributed
09/30/2008	\$298,771	100%
09/30/2009	300,683	100%
09/30/2010	317,139	100%

For a stand-alone report of the Florida Retirement System, refer to the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report or various publications available from the Florida Department of Management Services.

During the fiscal year, the System held no securities issued by the employer.

Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan

Plan Description and Summary of Benefits

On July 2, 2002, the City of Palm Coast established a volunteer firefighters' pension plan pursuant to Florida Statute, Chapter 175. The volunteer positions are unpaid and therefore there is no benefit provided under Chapter 175. On February 15, 2005, the City adopted a "local law" plan that will provide benefits based on years of service. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan.

Note 10 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

The City of Palm Coast Volunteer Retirement Trust Fund is administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board has administrative authority over the Fund, and acts as supervisor and plan administrator.

Volunteer firefighters who meet minimum City-established standards are eligible to participate in the plan. Minimum standards are based on a system that awards points used to certify years of credited service for completing training courses, attending drills, responding to emergency and non-emergency calls, and participating in other fire emergency related activities. The minimum number of years of active service shall be five years to qualify for retirement. Members with up to five years of consecutive service to the City prior to July, 2002 shall be eligible for up to five years credit providing such members satisfy pension requirements in at least one of the two years following July, 2002. The minimum age for receiving benefits shall be 52 with twenty-five years of service, or 55 and after ten years of service, or for volunteers 62 and over, five years of service. Early retirement may be arranged with consent of the Board for a member who has attained age 50 with ten years of continuous service. The retirement benefit shall be actuarially reduced by three percent for each year by which the member's age at retirement precedes the member's normal retirement age. Each member shall become one hundred percent vested at normal retirement age, subject only to the actuarial reduction for early retirement at age fifty (50).

Contributions from the state to the plan are reported as revenues and expenditures in the general fund before being reported in the pension fund. The amount recorded for the period ended September 30, 2010 was \$339,247. Administrative costs are paid from plan assets. A separate, audited GAAP-basis pension plan report is not available for the plan. Currently, three members are receiving retirement benefits. There are 47 active participants, with nine being eligible for normal retirement.

An actuarial valuation, utilizing the entry age normal method (level dollar), has been completed as of October 1, 2009. Plan assets are reported at fair value. The actuarial assumption included an 8.0 percent investment rate of return, and 3.0 percent inflation rate. The amortization period is no more than 30 years and is closed.

Basis of Accounting

The Volunteer Firefighter Pension Plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. City contributions, if any, are required when due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Note 10 - Retirement Plans (Continued)

Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Cash and Investments

Cash required for current operating needs is invested in a money market account. The remaining plan assets are invested in the Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool administered by the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) and the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund administered by the Florida League of Cities. Both of these funds are external investment pools and are reported at fair value.

The total invested with the SBA in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME) and Fund B as of September 30, 2010 was \$3,839 and \$11,106 respectively. See Note 4 for a further disclosures relating to the SBA.

The total invested with the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF) administered by the Florida League of Cities as of September 30, 2010 was \$1,693,371. The City's investments in the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund, a Securities and Exchange Commission rule 2a7-like external investment pool, are beneficial interests in shares of portfolios, not the individual securities held within each portfolio.

Interest Rate Risk. The FMPTF includes the following fixed income funds.

Fixed Income Fund	Effective Duration	Weighted Average Maturity
	(Years)	(Years)
FMIvT 0-2 Year High Quality Bond	0.70	0.78
FMIvT Broad Market High Quality Bond	3.70	4.90

Credit Risk. The fixed income funds in the chart above are rated AAAf/S1 by Standard and Poors and AA/V4 by Fitch, respectively. There are also a number of equity portfolios within the investment pool which are not rated.

Funding Policy

The authority to establish and amend benefits rests with the City Council. City contribution requirements to the plan are adopted as part of the City's annual budget. The current retirement benefit is based on \$50 per month for each year of credited service. This was an increase from the original minimum benefit accrual rate of \$35 per month. The change was adopted by ordinance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009. Volunteers do not contribute to the plan.

Note 10 - Retirement Plans (Continued)

Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Three Yea	r Trend	Inform	nation
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	Actuarially		
Fiscal	Required	Percentage	Net
Year	Contribution	of ARC	Pension
Ending	(ARC)	Contributed	Obligation
9/30/2009	\$0	100%	\$0
9/30/2008	0	100%	0
9/30/2007	0	100%	0

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of October 1, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation update, the plan was 111 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,352,993 and the actuarial value of assets was \$1,503,874 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of (\$150,882).

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

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Note 10 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

Deferred Compensation Program

The City offers its employees a voluntary deferred compensation program created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 457 and Chapter 112.215 Florida Statutes. During the year ended September 30, 2010, the City complied with the requirements of IRC Section 457 and all assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. No amounts from this plan are included in the financial statements.

Note 11 – Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description and Summary of Benefits

The City provides retirees with the option to purchase health insurance from the City's single employer, experience rated health insurance plan (Plan) that provides medical benefits to active and eligible retirees at the City's group rate as mandated by Florida Statute 112.0801. This requirement creates an implicit rate subsidy benefit for the retirees' participation. Retirees are required to pay the full amount of the health insurance premium during their eligibility period. As of the valuation dated March 1, 2008 and updated June 26, 2009, the Plan had approximately 373 active participants and 1 retiree receiving benefits. The plan does not issue a separate publicly available financial report.

Transition Year

GASB Statement No. 45 was implemented prospectively resulting in a zero net OPEB obligation at transition. There was neither an OPEB asset nor liability at transition.

Funding Policy

The City has followed the pay-as-you-go funding policy, contributing only those amounts necessary to provide for its portion of current year benefit costs and expenses plus any addition to the reserve for accrued costs incurred but not yet reported, as determined as part of the insurance contract. The contribution requirements of Plan members are established annually by the City. The City pays any remaining required amounts after contributions of plan members are taken into account. Currently, retired members pay the full premium associated with the coverage elected; no direct City subsidy is applicable; however there is an implicit cost outlined below. Spouses and other dependents are also eligible for coverage, and the member is responsible for payment of the applicable premiums.

State of Florida law prohibits the City from separately rating retirees and active employees. The City therefore assigns both groups equal, blended-rate premiums. Although both groups are assigned the same blended rate premiums, GAAP requires actuarial liabilities to be calculated using age-adjusted premiums approximating claim costs for retirees separate from active members. The use of age-adjusted premiums results in the full expected retiree obligation recognized in this disclosure.

Note 11 – Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)(Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other postemployment benefit cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The City has elected to calculate the ARC and related information using the Entry Age Normal (level dollar) actuarial cost method. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. Amortizations are open ended in that they begin a new amortization base at each valuation date. Annual requirements include a 4% discount rate, compounded annually, and based on assumptions that the plan will be unfunded. The annual health care cost trend rate was assumed to decline gradually over the next several years from 9% at March 1, 2008 to an ultimate rate of 5% on and after 2012. The economic rates are based on an assumed inflation rate of 4% per annum.

The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) was determined as of September 30, 2009, based on the above assumptions and cost method, and applied to member data current at March 1, 2008. Liabilities were developed based on age adjusted costs for retirees currently receiving plan benefits as of March 1, 2008, with an AAL calculated to be \$319,000, which is unfunded (or 0% funded). The annual covered payroll is \$14.671 million, resulting in an unfunded AAL of 2.2%. The actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective using methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in AAL and actuarial value of assets. The Plan provisions affecting the valuation were those in effect on March 1, 2008.

OPEB GASB No. 45 results are not based on the assumption that all members terminate services as of the valuation date, but rather on assumptions of future mortality, retirement, and termination.

Plan Obligation:	
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$105,000
Interest on Plan Obligation	4,000
Adjustment to ARC	(4,000)
Annual Plan OPEB Cost	105,000
Contributions Made	(9,000)
Change in OPEB Obligation	96,000
Net OPEB Obligation Beginning of	
year	98,000
Net OPEB Obligation End of year	\$194,000

As of September 30, 2010, the City accrued \$194,000 in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets, with \$50,000 in the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets.

Note 12 - Prepaid Water and Sewer Impact Fees

The original developers of the City of Palm Coast collected impact fees to establish utility infrastructure. These amounts are considered a prepayment of current impact fees and are subtracted from the total impact fees due when a building lot is developed. As of September 30, 2010, the amount of prepaid impact fees is estimated to be \$21,408,000.

Note 13 – Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year. There have been no settlements in excess of insurance coverage in any of the prior three fiscal years.

Self Insurance Program

The City is also exposed to risks for losses related to health and other medical benefits it provides to its employees. A self insurance program was created July 1, 2010 to handle these risks. The Self Insured Health Fund (internal service fund) was established to account for medical insurance claims of City employees and their covered dependents. Under this program, the fund provides the employee with a lifetime maximum benefit of \$2,000,000. Retention limits of \$125,000 for specific claims have been set. Commercial insurance for specific loss claims in excess of the coverage provided by the fund is supplied by Aetna Insurance at a monthly rate of \$48.99 per participating employee. The City has contracted with various agencies to perform certain administrative functions, such as monitoring, reviewing, and paying claims. Settled claims have not exceeded the excess insurance limits.

All funds of the City that carry employees participate in the program and make payments to the Self Insured Health Fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims, claims reserves, and administrative costs.

A liability for claims is reported if it is probable that a liability has occurred and the amount is estimable. As a result, a liability of \$349,314 is reported in the fund at September 30, 2010.

Change in the fund's claims liability amount in fiscal year 2010 were:

<u>2010</u>
\$ -
425,220
(75,906)
\$ 349,314
· ·

Note 14 - Community Redevelopment Area

The City has established the SR100 Community Redevelopment special revenue fund to account for revenues and expenditures related to the SR100 community redevelopment area. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, the fund received \$786,325 in property tax revenue, a \$600,198 transfer from the general fund, and \$83,602 in investment earnings. The fund also received \$4,000,000 in proceeds from a revenue note towards redevelopment costs (see Note 9). Expenditures for the fiscal year of \$2,471,847 are for the purchases of land, related redevelopment costs and debt service.

Note 15 - Prior Years Restatement

Governmental activities net assets were restated for the year ended September 30, 2009. The restatement resulted in a decrease to net assets. Certain contributions of land at the inception of the City were recorded in error.

	<u>Governmental</u>
	<u>Activities</u>
Net Assets - September 30, 2009	\$323,620,987
Land contributions recorded in error	(4,767,652)
Restated Net Assets	\$318,853,335

Note 16 - Fund Balance Policy

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, the City enacted a policy establishing minimum levels of unassigned fund balance and unrestricted net assets. The details of this policy are outlined below.

General Fund

Adjusted unassigned fund balance (includes nonspendable advances to other funds less next fiscal year appropriations, if any), at year end, will be between ten percent and twenty percent of the following year's budgeted expenditures. Adjusted unassigned fund balance over twenty percent may be transferred to the Disaster Reserve to meet funding goals, or to the Capital Projects Fund, if necessary. If the adjusted unassigned fund balance is below ten percent at year end, a plan must be developed using increased revenues or a reduction in expenditures to return the adjusted unassigned fund balance to ten percent or greater within three years.

Note 16 – Fund Balance Policy (Continued)

Utility Fund

Unrestricted net assets, at year end, will be between ten percent and twenty percent of the following year's budgeted expenses. Unrestricted net assets over twenty percent may be assigned to a rate stabilization fund or transferred to the Utility Capital Projects Fund for utility system renewal and replacement. If the unrestricted net assets is below ten percent at year end, a plan must be developed using increased revenues or a reduction in expenses to return the unrestricted net assets to ten percent or greater within three years.

Stormwater Management Fund

Unrestricted net assets, at year end, will be between ten percent and twenty percent of the following year's budgeted expenses excluding capital expenditures. Unrestricted net assets over twenty percent may be assigned for future system capital projects. If the unrestricted net assets balance is below ten percent at year end, a plan must be developed using increased revenues or a reduction in expenses to return the unrestricted net assets to ten percent or greater within three years.

Solid Waste Fund

Unrestricted net assets, at year end, will be between five percent and ten percent of the following year's budgeted operating expenses. Unrestricted net assets over ten percent may be assigned to a rate stabilization fund. If the unrestricted net assets is below five percent at year end, a plan must be developed using increased revenues or a reduction in expenses to return the unrestricted net assets to five percent or greater within three years.

Tennis Center Fund and Golf Course Fund

Unrestricted net assets, at year end, will be between five percent and ten percent of the following year's budgeted operating expenses. Unrestricted net assets over ten percent may be assigned for future capital projects including renewal and replacements. If the unrestricted net assets is below five percent at year end, a plan must be developed using increased revenues or a reduction in expenses to return the unrestricted net assets to ten percent or greater within three years.

Disaster Reserve

The Disaster Reserve is committed fund balance within the General Fund. This balance at year end will be at least two one hundredths percent (0.02%) of the just value of all property in the City on July 1 of that year. If this balance is below the minimum amount at year end, an additional amount should be committed from the General Fund unassigned fund balance in an amount sufficient to increase the Disaster Reserve above the minimum amount, within two years.

Note 16 - Fund Balance Policy (Continued)

Other Funds

All other funds, including Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds, certain Nonmajor Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds do not have a fund balance requirement. Fund balances in these funds are dictated by revenue sources and a schedule of capital projects.

Note 17 – Subsequent Events

SR100 CRA Land Purchase

In October 2010, land was purchased in the amount of \$1,150,000. The purchase was for a total of seven lots that are part of the overall redevelopment plan.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF PALM COAST, FL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS PENSION PLAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Schedule of Funding Progress

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued Liability	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL) Entry Age	AAL (UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Valuation Date	Assets (a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
10/1/2009	\$1,503,874	\$1,352,993	\$ (150,882)	111.15%	\$0	N/A
10/1/2008	968,776	848,589	(120,187)	114.16%	0	N/A
10/1/2007	558,348	530,700	(27,648)	105.21%	0	N/A

Schedule of Employer and Other Contributing Entities

		•	<u> </u>	
Year Ended	Annual Required			Percentage
September 30,	Contributions	City Contribution	State Contribution	Contributed
2009	\$108,698	\$0	\$164,879	100
2008	82,833	0	112,408	100
2007	85,357	0	112,408	100
2006	0	0	112,408	100
2005	0	0	96,546	100
2004	0	0	62,130	100

^{*} The 2006 -2008 State contribution is "frozen" pursuant to Chapter 175, Florida Statutes, as amended. Prior to the adoption of Ordinance 2005-08, which was adopted February 15, 2005, the Plan was considered a "Chapter" plan, and therefore the City was able to use all State contributions to offset their costs. Beginning with the fiscal year ended September 30, 2006, excess State contributions over the initial "frozen" amount of \$112,408 must be used for additional benefits. The \$112,408 represents the annual cost of the initial benefit improvement when changing to a "local law" plan. As of September 30, 2010 \$602,652 of accumulated state contributions were reserved for future benefit improvements.

CITY OF PALM COAST, FL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (OPEB) SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Schedule of Funding Progress

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued Liability	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL)	AAL (UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Valuation Date	Assets (a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
3/1/2008	\$ 0	\$ 319,000	\$ 319,000	0%	\$14,671,000	2.20%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

			Contribution as a
Year Ended	Annual Required	Percentage	Percentage of
September 30,	Contributions	Contributed	Payroll
2010	\$ 105,000	8.6%	0.1%
2009	98,000	0%	0.0%

City of Palm Coast, Florida Required Supplementary Information General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	Original Budgeted Amount	Final Budgeted Amount	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 19,352,700	\$ 19,379,800	\$ 19,544,242	\$ 164,442
Licenses and permits	389,600	450,100	391,479	(58,621)
Intergovernmental revenue	2,061,800	2,034,100	1,967,830	(66,270)
Charges for services	3,174,201	3,174,201	2,444,783	(729,418)
Fines and forfeitures	853,600	828,900	387,000	(441,900)
Contributions	-	-	5,350	5,350
Investment earnings	561,700	390,200	469,223	79,023
Miscellaneous	16,600	37,000	21,255	(15,745)
Total revenues	26,410,201	26,294,301	25,231,162	(1,063,139)
EXPENDITURES Current: General government:				
Major and Council	85,258	85,200	83,221	1,979
City Administration	2,790,892	2,513,781	2,388,645	125,136
City Attorney	341,332	342,500	337,778	4,722
Financial Services	777,281	763,065	763,014	4,722 51
Community Development	5,374,617	3,526,418	3,523,949	2,469
Nondepartmental	670,000	240,000	209,657	30,343
Total general government	10,039,380	7,470,964	7,306,264	164,700
Public safety:	10,033,300	7,470,304	7,500,204	104,700
Fire	7,868,166	7,901,267	7,897,128	4,139
Law Enforcement	2,599,863	2,599,911	2,599,720	191
Total public safety	10,468,029	10,501,178	10,496,848	4,330
Transportation & physical environment:		-,,	-,,-	,,,,,
Streets and Drainage	7,794,026	7,637,111	5,159,597	2,477,514
Engineering	1,444,885	1,315,743	1,234,853	80,890
Total transportation & physical environment	9,238,911	8,952,854	6,394,450	2,558,404
Culture and recreation	2,506,717	2,274,035	1,898,578	375,457
Total expenditures	32,253,037	29,199,031	26,096,140	3,102,891
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,842,836)	(2,904,730)	(864,978)	2,039,752
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	909,695	414,501	785,401	370,900
Transfers out	(572,971)	(6,595,621)	(6,587,620)	8,001
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	32,782	32,782
Total other financing sources (uses)	336,724	(6,181,120)	(5,769,437)	411,683
Net change in fund balance	(5,506,112)	(9,085,850)	(6,634,415)	2,451,435
Fund balance - beginning	17,174,822	17,174,822	17,174,822	-
Fund balance - ending	\$ 11,668,710	\$ 8,088,972	\$ 10,540,407	\$ 2,451,435

City of Palm Coast, Florida Required Supplementary Information Transportation Impact Fee Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	Original Budgeted Amount	Final Budgeted Amount	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 450,000	\$ -	\$ 366,687	\$ 366,687		
Impact fees	2,459,900	883,900	886,171	2,271		
Investment earnings	404,200	31,600	15,842	(15,758)		
Total revenues	3,314,100	915,500	1,268,700	353,200		
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay:						
Transportation and physical environment	14,154,200	12,409,700	10,937,079	1,472,621		
Total expenditures	14,154,200	12,409,700	10,937,079	1,472,621		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(10,840,100)	(11,494,200)	(9,668,379)	1,825,821		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	4,000,000	3,000,000	3,600,000	600,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,000,000	3,000,000	3,600,000	600,000		
Net change in fund balance	(6,840,100)	(8,494,200)	(6,068,379)	2,425,821		
Fund balance - beginning	1,200,576	1,200,576	1,200,576			
Fund balance - ending	\$ (5,639,524)	\$ (7,293,624)	\$ (4,867,803)	\$ 2,425,821		

City of Palm Coast, Florida Required Supplementary Information Streets Improvement Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	E	Original Budgeted Amount	Final Budgeted Amount	Act	ual Amount	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	3,894,400	\$ 3,936,800	\$	4,084,768	\$	147,968	
Intergovernmental revenue		1,387,300	1,647,900		1,624,916		(22,984)	
Fines and forfeitures		1,080,000	650,000		626,952		(23,048)	
Investment earnings		134,900	76,100		66,594		(9,506)	
Miscellaneous		-	100		170		70	
Total revenues		6,496,600	6,310,900		6,403,400		92,500	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety		420,600	310,000		249,749		60,251	
Capital Outlay:								
Transportation and physical environment		9,987,300	5,515,200		5,501,652		13,548	
Total expenditures		10,407,900	5,825,200		5,751,401		73,799	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,911,300)	485,700		651,999		166,299	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		-	(3,600,000)		(3,600,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	(3,600,000)		(3,600,000)			
Net change in fund balance		(3,911,300)	(3,114,300)		(2,948,001)		166,299	
Fund balance - beginning		4,101,752	4,101,752		4,101,752			
Fund balance - ending	\$	190,452	\$ 987,452	\$	1,153,751	\$	166,299	

City of Palm Coast, Florida Required Supplementary Information SR100 CRA Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Original Budgeted Amount	Final Budgeted Amount	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 736,700	\$ 820,300	\$ 786,325	\$ (33,975)
Investment earnings	4,900	25,900	83,602	57,702
Total revenues	741,600	846,200	869,927	23,727
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Transportation and physical environment	100,000	41,000	39,409	1,591
Capital Outlay:				
Transportation and physical environment	4,649,591	4,718,800	1,746,032	2,972,768
Debt Service:				
Principal	6,000,000	230,000	230,000	-
Interest and Other	500,000	456,500	456,406	94
Total expenditures	11,249,591	5,446,300	2,471,847	2,974,453
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(10,507,991)	(4,600,100)	(1,601,920)	2,998,180
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	507,991	600,100	600,198	98
Issuance of long term debt	10,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,507,991	4,600,100	4,600,198	98
Net change in fund balance	-	-	2,998,278	2,998,278
Fund balance - beginning	(5,584,055)	(5,584,055)	(5,584,055)	-
Fund balance - ending	\$ (5,584,055)	\$ (5,584,055)	\$ (2,585,777)	\$ 2,998,278

CITY OF PALM COAST, FLORIDA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, SR100 CRA special revenue fund, streets improvement special revenue fund and the transportation impact fee special revenue fund. Encumbrance accounting is employed. Unexpended and unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year and may be reappropriated in the ensuing year.

COMBINING NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL AND OTHER INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



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CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for a portion of property taxes and grant revenues for the construction of public safety, recreational, and transportation related public projects.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Police Education Fund -This fund accounts for the costs of educational expenses for police officers. Revenues come from fines and forfeitures.

Police Automation Fund -This fund accounts for funds collected and disbursements made for the purpose of acquisition of equipment to upgrade the technology of existing police equipment.

Park Impact Fee Fund -This fund accounts for fees collected from new development for the purpose of funding capital costs related to park land acquisition and improvements, and to track the related expenditures.

Fire Impact Fee Fund -This fund accounts for fees collected from new development for the purpose of funding capital costs related to expanding fire services, and to track the related expenditures.

Neighborhood Stabilization Fund -This fund accounts for the acquisition and rehabilitation of homes for sale and lease to individuals and families as part of the grant under the Neighborhood Stabilization Program.

Old Kings Road Special Assessment Fund -This fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of special assessments for the widening and realignment of Old Kings Road.



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City of Palm Coast, Florida Capital Projects Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	В	Original udgeted Amount	Final Budgeted Amount		Act	ual Amount	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	2,657,900	\$	2,671,000	\$	2,631,273	\$	(39,727)	
Intergovernmental revenue		2,137,000		1,542,900		1,431,161		(111,739)	
Charges for services		25,000		75,000		108,120		33,120	
Contributions		-		-		8,998		8,998	
Investment earnings		337,600		105,800		158,684		52,884	
Miscellaneous		-		21,400		-		(21,400)	
Total revenues		5,157,500		4,416,100		4,338,236		(77,864)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government Capital Outlay:		342,200		495,328		494,912		416	
General government		7,757,000		98,300		22,515		75,785	
Public Safety		-		50,000		42,411		7,589	
Transportation and physical environment		2,650,000		2,300,000		2,164,074		135,926	
Culture and recreation		-		400,000		379,106		20,894	
Total expenditures		10,749,200		3,343,628		3,103,018		240,610	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(5,591,700)		1,072,472		1,235,218		162,746	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		58,000		85,000		85,000		-	
Transfers out		(1,110,020)		(2,839,172)		(1,039,172)		1,800,000	
Sale of Capital Assets		-		-		1,794,498		1,794,498	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,052,020)		(2,754,172)		840,326		3,594,498	
Net change in fund balance		(6,643,720)		(1,681,700)		2,075,544		3,757,244	
Fund balance - beginning		12,017,095		12,017,095		12,017,095			
Fund balance - ending	\$	5,373,375	\$	10,335,395	\$	14,092,639	\$	3,757,244	

City of Palm Coast, Florida Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2010

Special	Revenue	Funds
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	Police Education Fund		Education Automation Park Impact		Fire Impact Fee Fund		Neighborhood Stabilization Fund		OKR Special Assessment Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS													
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	27,677	\$	241,156	\$ 167,087	\$	47,437	\$	3,610	\$	62	\$	487,029
Special Assessment receivable - net		-		-	-		-		-		131,047		131,047
Due from other governments		-		-	681,396		-		512,205		-		1,193,601
Total assets	\$	27,677	\$	241,156	\$ 848,483	\$	47,437	\$	515,815	\$	131,109	\$	1,811,677
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities:													
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 583,131	\$	-	\$	85,815	\$	5,348	\$	674,294
Deferred revenue		-		-	-		-		-		6,433		6,433
Due to other funds		-		-	-		-		430,000		-		430,000
Advances from other funds		-		-	-		-		-		5,227,167		5,227,167
Total liabilities		-		-	583,131		-		515,815		5,238,948		6,337,894
Fund Balances:													
Restricted for													
Public safety		27,677		241,156	-		-		-		-		268,833
Construction		-		-	265,352		47,437		-		-		312,789
Unassigned		-		-	-		-		-		(5,107,839)		(5,107,839)
Total fund balances		27,677		241,156	265,352		47,437		-		(5,107,839)		(4,526,217)
Total liailities and fund balances	\$	27,677	\$	241,156	\$ 848,483	\$	47,437	\$	515,815	\$	131,109	\$	1,811,677

City of Palm Coast, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Special Revenue Funds

		olice ecation und	Police Automation Fund		Park Impact Fee Fund		Fire Impact Fee Fund		Neighborhood Stabilization Fund		OKR Special Assessment Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES														
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	896,865	\$	-	\$	1,652,210	\$	-	\$	2,549,075
Special assessments		-		-		-		-		-		219,391		219,391
Fines and forfeitures		7,024		22,119		-		-		-		-		29,143
Impact fees		-		-		267,207		61,359		-		1,924		330,490
Investment earnings		990		5,686		18,341		-		-		14,627		39,644
Total revenues		8,014		27,805		1,182,413		61,359		1,652,210		235,942		3,167,743
EXPENDITURES Current:														
General government		-		-		-		-		1,652,210		-		1,652,210
Public safety Capital outlay:		21,314		-		-		-		-		-		21,314
Public Safety		-		-		-		3,925		-		-		3,925
Transportation and physical environment		-		-		-		-		-	2	,004,611		2,004,611
Culture and recreation Debt Service:		-		-		2,262,979		-		-		-		2,262,979
Interest and Other		-		-		-		90		-		87,063		87,153
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		21,314		-		2,262,979		4,015		1,652,210	2	2,091,674		6,032,192
expenditures		(13,300)		27,805		(1,080,566)		57,344		-	(1	,855,732)		(2,864,449)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Transfers in		-		-		-		200,000		-		-		200,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		200,000		-		-		200,000
Net change in fund balances		(13,300)		27,805		(1,080,566)		257,344		-	(1	,855,732)		(2,664,449)
Fund balances - beginning		40,977		213,351		1,345,918		(209,907)		<u> </u>	(3	3,252,107)		(1,861,768)
Fund balances - ending	\$	27,677	\$	241,156	\$	265,352	\$	47,437	\$	-	\$ (5	5,107,839)	\$	(4,526,217)

City of Palm Coast, Florida Police Education Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Ві	Original Budgeted Amount			Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	8,500	\$	7,100	\$	7,024	\$	(76)
Investment earnings		2,000		1,000		990		(10)
Total revenues		10,500		8,100		8,014		(86)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety		76,500		49,000		21,314		27,686
Total expenditures		76,500		49,000		21,314		27,686
Net change in fund balance		(66,000)		(40,900)		(13,300)		27,600
Fund balance - beginning		40,977		40,977		40,977		
Fund balance - ending	\$	(25,023)	\$	77	\$	27,677	\$	27,600

City of Palm Coast, Florida Police Automation Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	В	Original Budgeted Amount			Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	36,000	\$	27,200	\$	22,119	\$	(5,081)
Investment earnings		6,900		4,100		5,686		1,586
Total revenues		42,900		31,300		27,805		(3,495)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public safety		261,800		244,600		-		244,600
Total expenditures		261,800		244,600		-		244,600
Net change in fund balance		(218,900)		(213,300)		27,805		241,105
Fund balance - beginning		213,351		213,351		213,351		_
Fund balance - ending	\$	(5,549)	\$	51	\$	241,156	\$	241,105

City of Palm Coast, Florida Park Impact Fee Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Original Budgeted Amount			Final Budgeted Amount	Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	987,000	\$	1,000,900	\$	896,865	\$	(104,035)
Impact fees		272,600		276,900		267,207		(9,693)
Investment earnings		112,200		51,300		18,341		(32,959)
Total revenues		1,371,800		1,329,100		1,182,413		(146,687)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital Outlay:								
Culture and recreation		2,500,000		2,275,000		2,262,979		12,021
Total expenditures		2,500,000		2,275,000		2,262,979		12,021
Net change in fund balance		(1,128,200)		(945,900)		(1,080,566)		(134,666)
Fund balance - beginning		1,345,918		1,345,918		1,345,918		-
Fund balance - ending	\$	217,718	\$	400,018	\$	265,352	\$	(134,666)

City of Palm Coast, Florida Fire Impact Fee

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Original Budgeted Amount			Final Budgeted Amount		Actual Amount		ance with I Budget - ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Impact fees	\$	107,300	\$	78,300	\$	61,359	\$	(16,941)
Investment earnings		10,000		3,600		-		(3,600)
Total revenues		117,300		81,900		61,359		(20,541)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital Outlay:								
Public Safety		117,300		281,800		3,925		277,875
Debt Service:								
Interest and Other		-		100		90		10
Total expenditures		117,300		281,900		4,015		277,885
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		(200,000)		57,344		257,344
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	-	-		200,000		200,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		200,000		200,000		-
Net change in fund balance		-		-		257,344		257,344
Fund balance - beginning		(209,907)		(209,907)		(209,907)		
Fund balance - ending	\$	(209,907)	\$	(209,907)	\$	47,437	\$	257,344

City of Palm Coast, Florida Neighborhood Stabilization Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Origi Budge Amo	eted	Final Budgeted Amount	Act	ual Amount	Fina F	iance with al Budget - Positive legative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$ 2,131,900	\$	1,652,210	\$	(479,690)
Miscellaneous		-	176,300		-		(176,300)
Total revenues		-	2,308,200		1,652,210		(655,990)
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General government		-	2,308,200		1,652,210		655,990
Total expenditures		-	2,308,200		1,652,210		655,990
Net change in fund balance		-	-		-		-
Fund balance - beginning		-	-		-		
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	

City of Palm Coast, Florida OKR Special Assessment Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Original Budgeted Amount	Final Budgeted Amount	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Special assessments	\$ -	\$ 88,900	\$ 219,391	\$ 130,491
Impact fees	-	-	1,924	1,924
Investment earnings		20,000	14,627	(5,373)
Total revenues		108,900	235,942	127,042
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay:				
Transportation and physical environment	46,000,000	2,094,000	2,004,611	89,389
Debt Service:				
Interest and Other		87,100	87,063	37
Total expenditures	46,000,000	2,181,100	2,091,674	89,426
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(46,000,000)	(2,072,200)	(1,855,732)	216,468
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(4,000,000)	-	-	-
Issuance of long term debt	50,000,000	-	=	<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	46,000,000	-	-	
Net change in fund balance	-	(2,072,200)	(1,855,732)	216,468
Fund balance - beginning	(3,252,107)	(3,252,107)	(3,252,107)	<u> </u>
Fund balance - ending	\$ (3,252,107)	\$ (5,324,307)	\$ (5,107,839)	\$ 216,468



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COMBINING NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENTS



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NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds account for the functions that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises and where the costs of providing goods or services to the general public are recovered primarily through user charges, or where the City has decided that determination of net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Golf Course Fund -This fund accounts for the operations of the Palm Harbor Golf Course financed primarily by user fees.

Tennis Center Fund -This fund accounts for the operations of a tennis center financed primarily by user fees.

Building Permits & Inspections Fund -This fund accounts for the operations and enforcement of State and local building regulations financed primarily by user fees.

Information Technology & Communications (IT&C) - This fund accounts for the fiber optic network and wireless communications provided to external users, and technology support and implementation for internal users. This is financed through a combination of user fees and internal charges.

City of Palm Coast, Florida Combining Statement of Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds September 30, 2010

Business-type	Activities-F	nternrise	Funds

	G	olf Course Fund	nis Center Fund	ding Permits nspections Fund	IT	&C Fund	al Nonmajor Interprise Funds
Assets:							
Current assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	292	\$ 4,292	\$ 4,657,085	\$	757,591	\$ 5,419,260
Accounts receivable - net		6,207	-	-		795	7,002
Inventories		26,059	-	-		-	26,059
Prepaid Items		17,033	550	3,767		5,280	26,630
Land		2,282,481	-	-		-	2,282,481
Building and improvements other							
than buildings		387,554	-	-		-	387,554
Infrastructure		4,257,411	-	-		3,334,410	7,591,821
Equipment		191,188	33,421	-		480,019	704,628
Less accumulated depreciation		(251,426)	(10,663)	-		(269,718)	(531,807)
Total assets	\$	6,916,799	\$ 27,600	\$ 4,660,852	\$	4,308,377	\$ 15,913,628
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	69,341	\$ 3.561	\$ 3,234	\$	519.467	\$ 595.603
Due to Other Governments		, <u>-</u>	· -	3,871		· -	3,871
Loans payable		-	-	· -		126,973	126,973
Compensated absences		-	-	46,380		26,499	72,879
Accrued liabilities		14,521	26,517	34,975		21,398	97,411
Accrued loan interest payable		-	-	_		7,927	7,927
Deferred revenue		11,985	10,208	_		-	22,193
Total current liabilities		95,847	40,286	88,460		702,264	926,857
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated absences		-	-	80,269		55,579	135,848
Loans payable		-	-	-		264.519	264.519
Advances from other funds		5,556,500	-	_		1,794,498	7,350,998
Total noncurrent liabilities		5,556,500	-	80,269		2,114,596	7,751,365
Total liabilities		5,652,347	40,286	168,729		2,816,860	8,678,222
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		6,867,208	22,758	-		3,153,219	10,043,185
Unrestricted		(5,602,756)	(35,444)	4,492,123		(1,661,702)	(2,807,779)
Total net assets	\$	1,264,452	\$ (12,686)	\$ 4,492,123	\$	1,491,517	\$ 7,235,406

City of Palm Coast, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Business-type	Activities	 Enterpris 	e Funds
----------------------	------------	-------------------------------	---------

	Golf Course Fund	Tennis Center Fund	Building Permits & Inspections Fund	IT&C Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services:					
Tennis program charges	\$ -	\$ 164,404	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 164,404
Golf Course charges	1,213,334	-	-	-	1,213,334
Building Permit & Inspection Charges	-	-	201,626	0.004.075	201,626
IT&C Charges		-	-	2,604,275	2,604,275
Total operating revenues	1,213,334	164,404	201,626	2,604,275	4,183,639
Operating Expenses:					
Golf Course	1,626,517	-	-	-	1,626,517
Tennis Center	-	281,361	-	-	281,361
Building Permits and Inspections	-	-	1,796,345	-	1,796,345
IT&C	-	4.050	=	2,241,757	2,241,757
Depreciation	249,877	4,058	-	269,718	523,653
Total operating expenses	1,876,394	285,419	1,796,345	2,511,475	6,469,633
Operating income (loss)	(663,060)	(121,015	(1,594,719)	92,800	(2,285,994)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Investment revenue	4,195	73	127,248	11,967	143,483
Interest/amortization expense			-	(11,180)	(11,180)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	4,195	73	127,248	787	132,303
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	(658,865)	(120,942	(1,467,471)	93,587	(2,153,691)
TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS					
Capital grants and contributions	67,854	1,260	-	647,930	717,044
Transfers in	-	117,000	5,959,594	750,000	6,826,594
Transfers out	(373,586)	(2,000	-	-	(375,586)
Total transfers and contributions	(305,732)	116,260	5,959,594	1,397,930	7,168,052
Change in net assets	(964,597)	(4,682	4,492,123	1,491,517	5,014,361
NET ASSETS					
Total net assets - beginning	2,229,049	(8,004)			2,221,045
Total net assets - ending	\$ 1,264,452	\$ (12,686	\$ 4,492,123	\$ 1,491,517	\$ 7,235,406

Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

-							
	Gol	f	т	ennis	Building Permits		
Cash flows from operating	Cour	se	С	enter	& Inspections	IT&C	Totals
activities							
Cash received from customers	\$ 1	,219,112	\$	156,197	\$ 201,626	\$ 2,603,480	\$ 4,180,415
Cash paid to suppliers		(896,677)		(125,760)	(726,619)	(905,499)	(2,654,555)
Cash paid to employees		(703,611)		(146,291)	(904,764)	(718,595)	(2,473,261)
Net cash provided by (used in)							
operating activities		(381,176)		(115,854)	(1,429,757)	979,386	(947,401)
Cash flow from noncapital							
financing activities							
Transfers in from other funds		-		117,000	5,959,594	750,000	6,826,594
Transfers out to other funds		(373,586)		(2,000)	-	-	(375,586)
Advances from other funds	1	,056,500		-	-	1,794,498	2,850,998
Net cash provided by (used in)							
noncapital financing activities		682,914		115,000	5,959,594	2,544,498	9,302,006
Cash flow from capital and related							
financing activities							
Proceeds from issuance of long-term							
debt		-		-	-	535,023	535,023
Loan principal payments		-		-	-	(143,531)	(143,531)
Interest paid		-		-	-	(3,253)	(3,253)
Acquisition and construction of							
property, plant and equipment	(1	,537,449)		-	-	(3,814,429)	(5,351,878)
Impact fees and contributions		-		1,260	-	647,930	649,190
Net cash provided by (used in) capital						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>
and related financing activities	(1	,537,449)		1,260	-	(2,778,260)	(4,314,449)
Cash flow from investing activities							
Interest on investments		4,195		73	127,248	11,967	143,483
Net cash provided by (used in)							
investing activities		4,195		73	127,248	11,967	143,483
Net increase (decrease) in cash and							
cash equivalents	(1	,231,516)		479	4,657,085	757,591	4,183,639
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		1,231,808		3,813	-	-	1,235,621
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$	292	\$	4,292	\$ 4,657,085	\$757,591	\$ 5,419,260
<u> </u>			\$		\$ 4,657,085	- \$757,591	

(continued)

City of Palm Coast, Florida

Combining Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	_	olf urse		nnis enter	Building Permits & Inspections	IT&C		Totals
Reconciliation of operating income								
to net cash provided by operating								
activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(663,060)	\$	(121,015)	\$ (1,594,719)	\$ 92,800	\$	(2,285,994)
Adjustment to reconcile operating								
income to net cash provided by								
operating activities								
Depreciation and amortization		249,877		4,058	-	269,718		523,653
Change in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts receivable		(6,207)		-	-	(795)		(7,002)
Inventories		(26,059)		-	-	-		(26,059)
Prepaids		(11,516)		(550)	(3,767)	(5,280)		(21,113)
Accounts payable		69,341		(726)	7,105	519,467		595,187
Accrued liabilities		6,448		14,387	34,975	21,398		77,208
Compensated absences		-		(12,008)	126,649	82,078		196,719
Net cash provided by (used in)								
operating activities	\$	(381,176)	\$	(115,854)	\$ (1,429,757)	\$ 979,386	\$	(947,401)
Cash and cash equivalents classified as:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments in current assets	ď	292	\$	4,292	\$ 4,657,085	\$ 757,591	æ	E 410 260
investments in current assets	\$	292	ф	4,292	\$ 4,007,085	\$ 151,591	Ф	5,419,260
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	292	\$	4,292	\$ 4,657,085	\$ 757,591	\$	5,419,260



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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fleet Management Fund -This fund is used to account for the leasing of motor vehicles and heavy equipment to other departments as well as related maintenance and replacement costs.

Self Insured Health Fund -This fund accounts for the management and allocation of costs associated with the self insured health benefits program for eligible employees and their dependents.

City of Palm Coast, Florida Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds September 30, 2010

	 Internal Ser	vice	Funds	
	 f Insured alth Fund	F	leet Fund	 tal Internal rvice Funds
Assets:				
Current assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 443,856	\$	2,501,255	\$ 2,945,111
Accounts receivable - net	-		32,310	32,310
Inventories	-		60,381	60,381
Prepaid Items	49,316		14,262	63,578
Building and improvements other				
than buildings	-		1,097,144	1,097,144
Equipment	-		11,299,484	11,299,484
Less accumulated depreciation	 -		(5,607,795)	(5,607,795)
Total assets	\$ 493,172	\$	9,397,041	\$ 9,890,213
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 18,299	\$	871,662	\$ 889,961
Claims Payable	349,314		-	349,314
Compensated absences	-		3,454	3,454
Accrued liabilities	-		5,090	5,090
Compensated absences	 -		10,709	10,709
Total liabilities	367,613		890,915	1,258,528
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	-		6,788,833	6,788,833
Unrestricted	 125,559		1,717,293	1,842,852
Total net assets	\$ 125,559	\$	8,506,126	\$ 8,631,685

City of Palm Coast, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

		f Insured alth Fund	F	leet Fund	 tal Internal vice Funds
Operating Revenues: Charges for services: Miscellaneous	\$	676,032	\$	3,324,318	\$ 4,000,350
Total operating revenues		676,032		3,324,318	4,000,350
Operating Expenses: Administrative Depreciation		554,003		1,877,467 1,086,913	2,431,470 1,086,913
Total operating expenses		554,003		2,964,380	3,518,383
Operating income (loss)		122,029		359,938	481,967
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Investment revenue Other		3,530		51,412 48,943	54,942 48,943
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		3,530		100,355	103,885
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		125,559		460,293	585,852
TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS Transfers in	-	-		781,220	781,220
Total transfers and contributions		-		781,220	781,220
Change in net assets		125,559		1,241,513	1,367,072
NET ASSETS					
Total net assets - beginning		-		7,264,613	7,264,613
Total net assets - ending	\$	125,559	\$	8,506,126	\$ 8,631,685

Statement of Cash Flows

Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Self I	nsured		
Cash flows from operating	He	alth	Fleet	Totals
activities				
Cash received from customers	\$	676,032	\$ 3,309,828	\$ 3,985,860
Cash paid to suppliers		(235,706)	(1,767,335)	(2,003,041)
Cash paid to employees		-	(131,409)	(131,409)
Net cash provided by (used in)				
operating activities		440,326	1,411,084	1,851,410
Cash flow from noncapital				
financing activities				
Transfer in from other funds		-	781,220	781,220
Net cash provided by (used in)				
noncapital financing activities		-	781,220	781,220
Cash flow from capital and related				
financing activities				
Acquisition and construction of				
property, plant and equipment		-	(2,423,992)	(2,423,992)
Proceeds from the sale of capital		-	37,238	37,238
assets				
Net cash provided by (used in) capital			(2.206.754)	(0.006.754)
and related financing activities		-	(2,386,754)	(2,386,754)
Cash flow from investing activities				
Interest on investments		3,530	51,412	54,942
Net cash provided by (used in)				
investing activities		3,530	51,412	54,942
Net increase (decrease) in cash and				
cash equivalents		443,856	(143,038)	300,818
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		-	2,644,293	2,644,293
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$	443,856	\$ 2,501,255	\$ 2,945,111

(continued)

City of Palm Coast, Florida

Combining Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

-						
	Self In	sured				
	Hea	lth	F	leet	Т	otals
Reconciliation of operating income						
to net cash provided by operating						
activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	122,029	\$	359,938	\$	481,967
Adjustment to reconcile operating						
income to net cash provided by						
operating activities						
Depreciation and amortization		-	•	1,086,913		1,086,913
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		-		(14,490)		(14,490)
Inventories		-		(25,771)		(25,771)
Prepaids		(49,316)		(14,262)		(63,578)
Accounts payable		367,613		11,760		379,373
Accrued liabilities		-		1,559		1,559
Compensated absences		-		5,437		5,437
Net cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities	\$	440,326	\$	1,411,084	\$	1,851,410
Cash and cash equivalents						
classified as:						
Equity in pooled cash and						
investments in current assets	\$	443,856	\$ 2	2,501,255	\$	2,945,111
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	443,856	\$ 2	2,501,255	\$	2,945,111

FIDUCIARY FUND SCHEDULES

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

Agency funds are fiduciary funds that hold monies in an agency capacity for various governmental units, individuals or funds.

Coquina Coast Cooperative Agency Fund -This fund accounts for all cash contributed and disbursed on behalf of the Coquina Coast Cooperative desalinization project. This is a cooperative effort between regional governmental entities investigating the potential for a desalinization water plant.

City of Palm Coast, Florida Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the year ended September 30, 2010

	Balance October 1,			Balance September 30,
	2009	Additions	Deductions	2010
Coquina Coast Cooperative				
Cash and investments	\$ 558,656	\$ 1,830,581	\$ 721,178	\$ 1,668,059
Due from other governments	247,635	<u>-</u>	247,635	
Total assets	\$ 806,291	\$ 1,830,581	\$ 968,813	\$ 1,668,059
Accounts payable	\$ 352,960	\$ 529,937	\$ 819,691	\$63,206
Deposits held in escrow	453,331	1,582,945	431,423	1,604,853
Total liabilities	\$ 806,291	\$ 2,112,882	\$ 1,251,114	\$ 1,668,059



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Statistical Section

This section of the City of Palm Coast's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	119
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	124
These Schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property taxes	
Debt Capacity	128
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	133
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons	
over time and with other governments	405
Operating Information	135
These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the city's financial information related to the services the City's provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented Statement 34 in 2000; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.



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Schedule 1 City of Palm Coast, Florida Net Assets by Component, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal	Year				
-	2001	2002	2003	2004 (1)	2005 (2)	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Governmental activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$4,763,505	\$167,192,568	\$171,361,402	\$180,740,187	\$188,058,574	\$200,311,305	\$228,447,143	\$267,361,577	\$291,330,417	\$307,069,337
Restricted	27,338	17,538	18,168	5,950,159	20,866,845	34,114,771	32,324,411	21,477,931	8,201,392	919,709
Unrestricted	7,355,731	13,041,435	14,698,845	9,707,728	13,953,120	21,046,064	15,686,738	16,811,638	19,321,526	11,141,460
Total governmental activities net assets	\$12,146,574	\$180,251,541	\$186,078,415	\$196,398,074	\$222,878,539	\$255,472,140	\$276,458,292	\$305,651,146	\$318,853,335	\$319,130,506
Business-type activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	-	-	-	\$1,704,059	\$13,854,695	\$20,287,134	\$36,693,625	\$49,857,685	\$60,854,530	\$72,856,080
Restricted	-	-	-	5,288,252	7,733,922	15,509,631	15,436,579	12,965,853	6,051,501	4,024,083
Unrestricted	-	-	-	3,745,088	9,345,746	9,897,342	11,234,724	11,746,111	11,977,264	5,771,497
Total business-type activities net assets	-	-	-	\$10,737,399	\$30,934,363	\$45,694,107	\$63,364,928	\$74,569,649	\$78,883,295	\$82,651,660
Primary government										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$4,763,505	\$167,192,568	\$171,361,402	\$182,444,246	\$201,913,269	\$220,598,439	\$265,140,768	\$317,219,262	\$352,184,947	\$379,925,417
Restricted	27,338	17,538	18,168	11,238,411	28,600,767	49,624,402	47,760,990	34,443,784	14,252,893	4,943,792
Unrestricted	7,355,731	13,041,435	14,698,845	13,452,816	23,298,866	30,943,406	26,921,462	28,557,749	31,298,790	16,912,957
Total primary government net assets	\$12,146,574	\$180,251,541	\$186,078,415	\$207,135,473	\$253,812,902	\$301,166,247	\$339,823,220	\$380,220,795	\$397,736,630	\$401,782,166

Note: The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999. The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2000.

- (1) The City purchased the local water and wastewater utility on October 30, 2003, and established a solid waste enterprise fund during the fiscal year.
- (2) The City and the Palm Coast Community Service Corporation (PCCSC) merged during the fiscal year and a Stormwater enterprise fund was created.

Schedule 2 City of Palm Coast, Florida Changes in Net Assets, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(accrual basis of accounting)					Figor	l Year				
Expenses	2001	2002	2003	2004 (1)	2005 (2)	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010 (3)
Governmental activities:	2001	2002	2000	2004 (1)	2003 (2)	2000	2001	2000	2000	2010 (3)
General government	\$4.003.411	\$4,735,135	\$6,105,902	\$8,388,301	\$6,821,382	\$8,721,369	\$8,358,244	\$8,222,494	\$9.089.652	\$7.291.611
Public safety	2,229,349	2,391,106	2,837,067	3,643,368	4,450,045	6,339,499	7,749,060	8,270,787	9,558,547	11,029,379
Transportation and physical	2,220,040	2,001,100	2,007,007	0,040,000	4,400,040	0,000,400	7,740,000	0,270,707	0,000,047	11,020,070
environment	1,617,073	5,003,610	5,449,800	6,589,005	7,054,196	8,776,023	9,535,259	10,580,806	12,035,335	11,552,570
Culture and recreation	442,020	723,718	687,477	1,047,729	1,696,730	2,101,421	2,535,047	2,692,254	2,710,434	2,874,115
Interest on long-term debt	10,296	84,073	39,515	17,983	39,017	19,208	291,244	264,240	314,337	545,416
Total governmental activities expenses	8,302,149	12,937,642	15,119,761	19,686,386	20,061,370	25,957,520	28,468,854	30,030,581	33,708,305	33,293,091
Business-type activities:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				-,,		,,		
Utility	_	_	_	15,619,664	18,667,179	22,329,065	24,748,547	27,047,807	32,873,576	32,414,733
Solid Waste	_	_	_	1,490,093	3,733,373	4,359,944	6,352,603	7,436,948	7,492,553	7,557,209
Stormwater	_	_	_	-	1,270,065	3,680,413	3,469,901	3,419,649	3,654,793	4,339,649
Building Permits & Inspections	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	1,787,281
Information Technology and Communication	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	157,268
Golf Course	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	31,989	84,219	1,876,394
Tennis Center	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	226,646	242,969	284,483
Total business-type activities expenses		-	-	17,109,757	23,670,617	30,369,422	34,571,051	38,163,039	44,348,110	48,417,017
Total primary government expenses	\$8,302,149	\$12,937,642	\$15,119,761	\$36,796,143		\$56,326,942			\$78,056,415	
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$1.866.209	\$3,197,287	\$5,157,949	\$6,960,846	\$7,723,865	\$8,477,215	\$3,631,863	\$3,575,723	\$2,409,425	\$1.147.521
Public safety	90,248	56,640	871,075	118,086	170,604	214,074	279,066	468,618	1,028,174	679,557
Transportation and physical	,	, .	, , , ,	-,	-,	,-	-,	,-	,,	,
environment	232,634	82,915	1,692,582	208,305	276,940	344,155	160,299	123,281	93,136	92,840
Culture and recreation	117,090	74,544	1,634,750	120,901	186,165	244,630	267,788	239,941	193,571	158,546
Operating grants and contributions	4,660	3,600	83,102	2,540,442	2,032,933	2,481,156	2,227,021	2,482,829	2,696,553	3,661,398
Capital grants and contributions	-	5,032,608	151,000	4,911,700	16,970,920	19,533,215	9,809,343	23,416,000	11,116,163	4,401,134
Total governmental activities program revenues	2,310,841	8,447,594	9,590,458	14,860,280	27,361,427	31,294,445	16,375,380	30,306,392	17,537,022	10,140,996
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Utility	-	-	-	16,005,064	21,204,365	25,503,330	25,893,437	24,401,358	27,690,432	27,771,725
Solid Waste	-	-	-	1,450,510	3,667,701	4,003,761	6,843,240	7,278,358	7,498,306	7,667,964
Stormwater	-	-	-	-	1,673,827	3,071,992	4,046,556	3,685,785	5,112,097	5,509,260
Building Permits & Inspections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	201,626
Information Technology and Communication Golf Course	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	246,094
Tennis Center	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	109,791	153,925	1,213,334 164,404
Operating grants and contributions	-	_	_	_	_	2,673,226	_	109,791	100,920	104,404
Capital grants and contributions	_	-	_	10,011,548	17,760,957	9,743,906	15,174,755	9,175,206	12,605,884	2,940,853
Total business-type activities program				.,. ,	,,-	-, -,	-, , ,	-, -,,	, ,	,,
revenues			-	27,467,122	44,306,850	44,996,215	51,957,988	44,650,498	53,060,644	45,715,260
revenues Total primary government program revenues	<u>-</u> \$2,310,841	- \$8,447,594		, ,	, ,			•	\$70,597,666	

	2001	2002	2003	2004 (1)	2005 (2)	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010 (3)
Net (Expense)/Revenue				(/	,					- (2)
Governmental activities	(\$5,991,308)	(\$4,490,048)	(\$5,529,303)	(\$4,826,106)	\$7,300,057	\$5,336,925	(\$12,093,474)	\$275,811	(\$16,171,283)	(\$23,152,095)
Business-type activities	-	-	-	10,357,365	20,636,233	14,626,793	17,386,937	6,487,459	8,712,534	(2,701,757)
Total primary government net expense	(\$5,991,308)	(\$4,490,048)	(\$5,529,303)	\$5,531,259	\$27,936,290	\$19,963,718	\$5,293,463	\$6,763,270	(\$7,458,749)	(\$25,853,852)
General Revenues and Other Changes in	Net Assets									
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$4,882,939	\$5,981,826	\$6,539,567	\$7,855,523	\$10,218,772	\$14,720,753	\$19,902,970	\$20,620,265	\$18,211,813	\$18,614,730
Sales and use taxes	_	4,066,291	2,202,280	1,878,066	2,649,771	2,617,198	2,434,474	2,458,212	2,422,436	2,495,167
Telecommunication services tax	_	1,107,968	1,531,099	1,634,060	1,980,363	2,430,169	2,616,030	3,431,800	2,726,666	2,748,010
Other local taxes	_	-	-	-	-	-		-	, , , <u>-</u>	404,685
Franchise Fees	174,310	203,115	103,024	79,730	9,651	_	-	571,591	58,423	744,353
Intergovernmental revenue	8,869,143	3,319,553	2,016,034	2,128,690	2,730,825	3,310,749	3,095,179	3,364,679	3,310,696	3,253,543
Unrestricted investment earnings	236,059	176,256	186,128	197,427	750,053	2,358,173	3,515,416	2,132,333	1,244,703	888,531
Rental income	-	-	_	- ,	-	-	-	-	102,334	_
Miscellaneous	321,961	1,346,908	131,716	6,006	24,443	35,711	240,871	128,620	75,211	21,425
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets	· -	-	(20,803)	8,895	93,575	25,115	66,891	14,653	231,860	81,725
Capital contributions not restricted to			, , ,	,	,	•	,	,	,	,
specific programs	2,015,508	156,393,098	-	-	-	802,047	61,260	-	-	_
Transfers	-	-	-	24,500	722,955	956,761	1,146,535	(3,805,110)	5,756,982	(5,822,903)
Total governmental activities	16,499,920	172,595,015	12,689,045	13,812,897	19,180,408	27,256,676	33,079,626	28,917,043	34,141,124	23,429,266
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings				148,549	539,671	1,089,712	1,430,419	912,152	833,213	647,219
Other income	-	-	-	140,549	559,071	1,009,712	1,430,419	912,132	524,881	047,219
Transfers	-	_	_	(24,500)	(722,955)	(956,761)	(1,146,535)	3,805,110	(5,756,982)	5,822,903
Total business-type activities		-	-	124,049	(183,284)	132,951	283,884	4,717,262	(4,398,888)	6,470,122
Total primary government	\$16 400 020	\$172,595,015	\$12 689 045	\$13 036 046	\$18 007 12 <i>4</i>	\$27,389,627	\$33 363 51 0	\$33,634,305	\$29,742,236	\$29,899,838
Total plinary government	\$10,499,920	\$172,393,013	\$12,009,043	φ13,930,940	φ10,997,124	φ21,309,021	φ33,303,310	φ33,034,303	\$29,142,230	\$29,099,030
Change in Net Assets										
Governmental activities	\$10,508,612	\$168,104,967	\$7,159,742	\$8,986,791	\$26,480,465	\$32,593,601	\$20,986,152	\$29,192,854	\$17,969,841	\$277,171
Business-type activities	-	-	-	10,481,414	20,452,949	14,759,744	17,670,821	11,204,721	4,313,646	3,768,365
Total primary government	\$10,508,612	\$168,104,967	\$7,159,742	\$19,468,205	\$46,933,414	\$47,353,345	\$38,656,973	\$40,397,575	\$22,283,487	\$4,045,536

Fiscal Year

Note: The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999. The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2000. Capital contributions not restricted to specific programs totaling \$156,393,098 in fiscal year 2002 represents land and infrastructure contributed to the City by Flagler County

- (1) The City purchased the local water and wastewater utility on October 30, 2003, and established a solid waste enterprise fund during the fiscal year.
- (2) The City and the Palm Coast Community Service Corporation (PCCSC) merged during the fiscal year and a Stormwater enterprise fund was created.
- (3) The Building Permits & Inspections and Information Technology and Communication departments were removed from the general fund and established as enterprise funds during the fiscal year.

Schedule 3
City of Palm Coast, Florida
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	•				Fiscal	Year				
-	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010 (1)
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ 288,747	\$ 847,267	\$ 820,575	\$ 605,668	\$ 1,443,695	\$ 1,103,293	\$ 2,933,294	\$ 2,106,699	\$ 7,141,109	\$ -
Unreserved	2,661,069	2,763,569	3,714,792	5,849,129	9,168,444	13,572,557	10,210,163	13,023,776	10,033,713	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,975,576
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,171,614
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,393,217
Total general fund	\$2,949,816	\$3,610,836	\$4,535,367	\$6,454,797	\$10,612,139	\$14,675,850	\$13,143,457	\$15,130,475	\$17,174,822	\$10,540,407
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ 908,544	\$ 1,204,184	\$ 2,158,702	\$ 7,009,041	\$ 4,996,572	\$ 4,129,475	\$ -	\$4,500,000	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:	·	, , .							, , ,	·
Capital projects funds	4,246,865	6,871,420	4,746,588	2,633,691	2,656,158	6,313,502	9,341,010	7,899,230	7,517,095	-
Special revenue funds	337,578	1,949,095	4,840,163	5,693,586	15,638,859	29,286,584	21,725,136	14,071,339	(2,143,495)	_
Nonspendable	-	-	· · · · -	· · · · -	-	-	-	-	-	_
Restricted	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	919,709
Committed	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	14,908,303
Assigned	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned, reported in:										
Capital projects funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,561,419)
Total all other governmental funds	\$4,584,443	\$9,729,059	\$10,790,935	\$10,485,979	\$25,304,058	\$40,596,658	\$35,195,621	\$21,970,569	\$9,873,600	\$3,266,593

Note: The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999.

⁽¹⁾ The City adopted GASB 54 beginning with fiscal year 2010 and has elected to display this change prospectively. Additional information can be found in Note 1 of the financial statements.

Schedule 4
City of Palm Coast, Florida
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Nine Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(modified accrual basis of accounting)				Fiscal Ye	0.5				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Revenues	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Taxes	\$11,359,200	\$11,571,061	\$12,941,610	\$16,174,220	\$21,670,939	\$30,198,339	\$26,759,295	\$26,307,061	\$27,046,608
		. , ,		6,525,597		. , ,		1,147,673	391,479
Licenses and permits	2,790,824	4,209,977	5,910,993		6,161,259	2,578,103	2,572,951		
Intergovernmental revenues	8,355,761	2,140,974	3,374,899	5,004,586	4,522,431	828,706	9,512,770	4,843,895	7,939,669
Charges for services	478,571	846,087	1,574,693	2,667,712	3,952,844	4,712,369	5,295,879	4,197,416	2,552,903
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,701	219,391
Fines and forfeitures	90,795	159,381	129,910	227,706	868,468	767,936	805,046	1,398,511	1,043,095
Impact fees	-	2,313,325	4,002,575	15,220,838	11,503,871	4,608,972	3,270,897	1,281,486	1,216,661
Contributions	-	-	-	146,100	7,396,000	1,808,376	12,719	21,295	14,348
Rental income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	102,334	-
Investment Earnings	173,786	186,128	197,186	741,840	2,326,074	3,449,378	2,075,610	1,203,109	833,589
Miscellaneous	1,316,955	247,616	6,006	14,968	34,831	249,308	118,941	75,211	21,425
Total revenues	24,565,892	21,674,549	28,137,872	46,723,567	58,436,717	49,201,487	50,424,108	40,616,692	41,279,168
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government	4,711,537	6,841,677	8,455,664	7,673,946	10,130,835	11,608,405	12,074,244	11,642,333	9,413,906
Public safety	2.288.508	2,681,225	3,549,167	4,280,179	6,189,208	7,530,760	8,003,618	9,820,736	10,719,389
Transportation and physical environment	4,869,617	3,365,153	4,476,099	4,357,076	5,657,983	6,162,459	6,530,163	7,014,650	6,401,040
Culture and recreation	712,316	602,408	1,002,543		1,773,901	2,054,595	2,097,824	1,991,501	1,878,028
				1,536,105					
Capital outlay	6,840,516	3,548,620	11,260,891	9,431,598	14,409,198	28,863,676	28,797,726	27,990,100	25,166,275
Debt Service:	04.000	0.500.000	77 540	400.004	EE 450	07.040	04.705	00.450	007.000
Principal	64,999	2,598,933	77,510	138,301	55,158	37,318	34,735	36,150	267,623
Interest and Other	84,073	33,037	17,983	23,109	9,634	286,954	264,240	314,337	545,416
Total expenditures	19,571,566	19,671,053	28,839,857	27,440,314	38,225,917	56,544,167	57,802,550	58,809,807	54,391,677
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	4,994,326	2,003,496	(701,985)	19,283,253	20,210,800	(7,342,680)	(7,378,442)	(18,193,115)	(13,112,509)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Sale of capital assets	_	_	905,280	_	_	_	_	2,903,420	1,827,280
Loan and capital lease proceeds	954,279	98,811	53,811	_	-	_	_	-	4,000,000
Transfers In	900,216	980,622	904,436	973,133	819,193	1,051,078	1,112,077	5,792,243	5,270,599
Transfers Out	(1,043,185)	(1,096,522)	(879,936)	(1,280,965)	(1,673,682)	(641,829)	(4,971,669)	(555,170)	(11,226,792)
Total other financing sources (uses)	811,310	(17,089)	983,591	(307,832)	(854,489)	409,249	(3,859,592)	8,140,493	(128,913)
Net change in fund balances	\$5,805,636	\$1,986,407	\$281,606	\$18,975,421	\$19,356,311	(\$6,933,431)	(\$11,238,034)	(\$10,052,622)	(\$13,241,422)
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	1.18%	19.51%	0.55%	0.90%	0.27%	1.19%	1.04%	1.15%	2.86%

Note: The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999. Information regarding Capital Outlay is not available for fiscal years 2000 and 2001.

Schedule 5
City of Palm Coast, Florida
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property,
Last Eight Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Agricultural	Institutional	Governmental	Other	Less: Homestead	Less: Save our	Less: Tax-Exempt	Total Taxable Assessed	Total Direct Tax
September 30,	Property	Property	Property	Property	Property	Property	Property	Exemption (1)	Homes (2)	Property	Value	Rate
2003	\$2.051.254.318	\$194.862.777	\$26.395.838	\$5.798.060	\$39.438.049	\$100.525.175	\$196.993.077	\$321.753.386	\$92.574.202	\$217.199.078	\$1.983.740.628	\$3.40
2004	2,528,271,398	232,047,340	31,357,801	7,760,475	42,679,835	139,464,416	214,309,963	354,573,215	165,002,148	270,418,934	2,405,896,931	\$3.40
2005	3,454,001,811	254,715,262	30,507,106	8,346,686	26,661,862	180,732,585	259,118,929	393,810,094	347,134,776	378,735,156	3,094,404,215	\$3.40
2006	5,138,381,360	300,963,171	34,861,566	8,561,550	36,578,109	189,285,651	277,949,484	441,240,549	692,335,627	408,149,787	4,444,854,928	\$3.40
2007	7,209,873,840	395,823,530	39,036,957	22,762,740	43,289,461	212,526,036	365,126,897	486,806,902	1,075,079,176	486,558,894	6,239,994,489	\$3.25
2008	7,966,142,375	513,581,436	57,316,405	82,932,630	46,282,002	302,740,605	391,307,071	519,386,257	1,135,486,199	695,552,647	7,009,877,421	\$2.96
2009	7,048,853,617	626,574,296	56,439,734	64,271,265	63,863,079	344,342,373	425,467,243	1,153,749,410	693,792,399	650,304,629	6,131,965,169	\$2.96
2010	5,810,369,969	640,358,943	57,394,160	81,593,288	79,017,915	363,209,622	413,135,467	1,178,584,144	325,396,383	692,916,836	5,248,182,001	\$3.50

Source: Flagler County Property Appraiser, based on preliminary values provided by July 1 of each year for 2003-2005. Fiscal year 2006 forward is based on final taxable values provided in October of each year. Detailed breakdown of final taxable values for 2003-2005 is not available.

Note: The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999. Detailed information is not readily available for fiscal years 2000 to 2002. Property in the city is reassessed each year, and visited at least once every three years. Property is assessed at actual value, therefore the assessed values are equal to actual value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

- (1) Every person who has legal or equitable title to real property in the State of Florida, who resides on the property and makes it their permanent home is entitled to a \$25,000 exemption for the tax years 2003-2007. Starting in tax year 2008, the exemption was increased to \$50,000, with an additional \$25,000 for ages 65 and older.
- (2) The Florida Constitution has been amended effective January 1, 1995 to limit any annual increase in the assessed value of residential property with a Homestead Exemption to 3 percent or the Consumer Price Index percent change, whichever is lower. This limitation does not include any change, addition or improvement to a homestead.

Schedule 6
City of Palm Coast, Florida
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

		Overlapping Rates (2)				
	City			East Flagler	St Johns River	Florida Inland
Fiscal	Direct	School	Flagler	Mosquito Control	Water Management	Navigation
Year	Rate (1)	District	County	District	District	District
2004	2.45000	0.40000	F 40040	0.22200	0.47000	0.04400
2001	3.15000	9.46900	5.10910	0.33300	0.47200	0.04100
2002	3.50000	9.11900	5.29120	0.31500	0.46200	0.03850
2003	3.40000	9.04900	5.26700	0.29100	0.46200	0.03850
2004	3.40000	8.81700	5.39380	0.25200	0.46200	0.03850
2005	3.40000	8.61200	5.39380	0.23500	0.46200	0.03850
2006	3.40000	8.33600	4.98380	0.18600	0.46200	0.03850
2007	3.25000	7.71100	4.77160	0.16800	0.46200	0.03850
2008	2.96234	7.61800	4.33460	0.15500	0.41580	0.03450
2009	2.96230	7.31000	4.54450	0.17300	0.41580	0.03450
2010	3.50000	7.76800	5.24790	0.20380	0.41580	0.03450

Source: Flagler County Tax Collector Note: The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999.

Note: The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999

(1) The City's basic and direct tax rates are the same. The basic tax rate is limited to \$10.00 per thousand by the State of Florida. Any additional amount requires a majority vote of the city's residents.

(2) Overlapping rates are those local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Palm Coast.

Schedule 7 City of Palm Coast, Florida Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Five Years Ago

		2010			2005	2005	
			Percentage of			Percentage of	
	Taxable		Total City	Taxable		Total City	
	Assessed		Taxable Assessed	Assessed		Taxable Assessed	
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value	
FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT	\$87,827,823	1	1.29%	-		-	
BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS	21,338,896	2	0.41%	-		-	
FLORIDA LANDMARK COMMUNITIES	20,966,473	3	0.40%	-		-	
PALM COAST CENTER LLC	16,412,954	4	0.31%	-		-	
INTEGRA WOODS LLC	12,572,255	5	0.24%	-		-	
PALM COAST MEDICAL SPECIALISTS	12,377,228	6	0.24%	-		-	
GINN-LA HAMMOCK BEACH LTD LLP	12,300,597	7	0.23%	-		-	
CELEBRITY RESORTS OF PALM COAST	12,225,600	8	0.23%	-		-	
PALM COAST HOLDINGS INC	12,071,991	9	0.23%	\$8,473,479	7	0.27%	
BRIGHT HOUSE NETWORKS	11,922,528	10	0.23%	-		-	
HARBOR CLUB OWNERS ASSOCIATION	-		-	16,579,324	1	0.54%	
COMMONWEALTH PALM COAST CORP	-		-	13,087,141	2	0.42%	
GRAND CLUB LLC THE	-		-	11,241,803	3	0.36%	
WACHOVIA TRUST COMPANY	-		-	9,117,934	4	0.30%	
WAL-MART STORES, INC	-		-	9,089,406	5	0.29%	
CRESCENT RESOURCES INC	-		-	8,781,812	6	0.28%	
INTERVEST CONSTRUCTION INC	-		-	7,361,708	8	0.24%	
LONGVIEW VILLAGE	-		-	6,940,340	9	0.22%	
HOME DEPOT USA INC			<u> </u>	6,201,085	10	0.20%	
	\$200,016,345		3.81%	\$96,874,032		3.12%	

Source: Flagler County Property Appraiser

Note: The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999. Information from prior years is not available.

Schedule 8
City of Palm Coast, Florida
Property Tax Levies and Collections,
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected V	Vithin the			
	Taxes Levied	Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collections	Total Collections to Date	
Fiscal Year Ended	for the		Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage
September 30,	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy (1)	Years (2)	Amount	of Levy
2001	\$5,021,775	\$4,882,939	97.24%	-	\$4,882,939	97.24%
2002	6,206,826	5,981,826	96.37%	24,958	6,006,784	96.78%
2003	6,744,718	6,514,609	96.59%	-	6,514,609	96.59%
2004	8,174,413	7,855,523	96.10%	6,946	7,862,469	96.18%
2005	10,565,776	10,211,826	96.65%	29,558	10,241,384	96.93%
2006	15,112,507	14,602,739	96.63%	14,539	14,617,278	96.72%
2007	20,279,982	19,589,267	96.59%	13,873	19,603,140	96.66%
2008	20,765,640	20,101,446	96.80%	81,687	20,183,133	97.19%
2009	18,164,720	17,521,094	96.46%	117,912	17,639,006	97.11%
2010	18,364,494	17,710,493	96.44%	-	17,710,493	96.44%

Source: Flagler County Property Appraiser

Note: The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999. No taxes were levied in fiscal year 2000.

(1) Taxes are levied on November 1 of each year. Taxes are due by March 31 of the following year. Taxes paid prior to March 31 receive discounts of up to 4%. See Note 1 of the financial statements for more details.

(2) Details relating to collections in subsequent years is unavailable. Subsequent collections have been applied to fiscal years based on an estimate of collections.

Schedule 9
City of Palm Coast, Florida
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type,
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governm	ental Activ	ities			Business-typ	e Activities								
Fiscal Year	Capital Leases	Local Government Pooled Loan	CDGB Loan	SRF/Bank Loan (c)	Equipment Loan	Utility Revenue Bonds (a)	Utility SRF Loan (b)	Stormwater SRF/Bank Loan (b)	IT&C Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage Taxable Assessed Value of Property	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Estimated Population	Percentage of Personal Income (d)	e Per Capita (d)
2001	76,444	1,605,000	318,310	_	-	-	_	_	-	1,999,754	1,594,214,20	0.13%	1,282,887	32,732	0.16%	61
2002	77,967	2,520,000	291,067	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,889,034	1,773,378,86	65 0.16%	1,391,448	35,443	0.21%	82
2003	53,612	-	260,300	75,000	-	-	-	-	-	388,912	1,983,740,62	28 0.02%	1,555,403	38,348	0.03%	10
2004	59,520	-	230,693	75,000	156,230	96,650,000	-	-	-	97,171,443	2,405,896,93	31 4.04%	1,817,308	42,850	5.35%	2,268
2005	27,033	-	199,880	-	92,801	96,650,000	8,415,152	-	-	105,384,866	3,094,404,2	15 3.41%	2,139,000	50,484	4.93%	2,087
2006	3,944	-	167,812	-	228,072	94,805,000	16,074,494	2,769,785	-	114,049,107	4,444,854,92	28 2.57%	2,480,000	58,216	4.60%	1,959
2007	-	-	134,437	-	37,846	142,765,000	23,134,323	3,988,024	-	170,059,630	6,239,994,48	89 2.73%	2,731,000	67,832	6.23%	2,507
2008	-	-	99,702	-	-	140,845,000	27,939,573	3,919,270	-	172,803,545	7,009,877,42	21 2.47%	2,805,000	70,376	6.16%	2,455
2009	-	-	63,552	-	-	138,890,000	28,386,116	6,695,806	-	174,035,474	6,131,965,16	69 2.84%	2,832,191	74,590	6.14%	2,333
2010	-	-	25,929	3,770,000	-	135,920,000	25,700,918	13,854,213	252,015	179,523,075	5,248,182,00	01 3.42%	-	73,910	-	2,429

Note: The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999. No taxes were levied in fiscal year 2000. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Population for calendar year 2000 from the U.S. Census Bureau. Population estimates for calendar year 2001-2010 by the Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida.

⁽a) The City purchased the local water and wastewater utility on October 30, 2003, issuing revenue bonds to fund the purchase. During fiscal year 2007, the City issued an additional \$49,840,000 in bonds to fund a new water treatment plant.

⁽b) The City obtained an SRF and bank loans to fund the expansion of the wastewater treatment plant, water distribution infrastructure and stormwater system improvements.

⁽c) The City obtained a bank loan in the amount of \$4,000,000 during fiscal year 2010 to fund land purchases and improvements in the SR100 CRA.

⁽d) Personal income data is for Flagler County 2000 - 2005. Personal income data is not available specifically for Palm Coast until 2006. See Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 133 for personal income and population data.

Schedule 10
City of Palm Coast, Florida
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding,
Last Ten Fiscal Years

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

				Percentage		
			Taxable	Taxable		
Fiscal	Local Government		Assessed Value	Assessed Value	Estimated	Per
Year	Pooled Loan (a)	Total	of Property	of Property	Population	Capita
2001	\$1,605,000	\$1,605,000	\$1,594,214,203	0.10%	32,732	\$49.03
2002	2,520,000	2,520,000	1,773,378,865	0.14%	35,443	71.10
2003	-	-	1,983,740,628	-	38,348	-
2004	-	-	2,405,896,931	-	42,850	-
2005	-	-	3,094,404,215	-	50,484	-
2006	-	-	4,444,854,928	-	58,216	-
2007	-	-	6,239,994,489	-	67,832	-
2008	-	-	7,009,877,421	-	70,376	-
2009	-	-	6,131,965,169	-	74,590	_
2010	-	-	5,248,182,001	-	73,910	-

Note: The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999. No taxes were levied in fiscal year 2000. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Population for calendar year 2000 from the U.S. Census Bureau. Population estimates for calendar year 2001-2010 by the Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida.

(a) FY 2001 and 2002 amounts are a loan from the Florida Association of Counties loan pool.

Schedule 11
City of Palm Coast, Florida
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
As of September 30, 2010

		Estimated	Estimated Share of
	Debt	Percentage	Overlapping
Governmental Unit	Outstanding	Applicable (a)	Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes			
Flagler County General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005	\$29,935,000	55.52%	\$16,621,160
Flagler County Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2005	29,255,000	55.52%	16,243,596
Flagler County Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005	4,100,000	55.52%	2,276,491
Flagler County Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009	9,735,000	55.52%	5,405,278
Other debt			
Flagler County School Board District Certificates of Participation	76,975,000	51.36%	39,530,580
Flagler County School Board District State School Bonds	2,240,000	51.36%	1,150,354
Flagler County School Board District Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	5,690,000	51.36%	2,922,105
Flagler County School Board District Revenue Bonds	2,280,000	51.36%	1,170,896
Flagler County Notes Payable	12,297,160	55.52%	6,827,896
Subtotal, overlapping debt		-	92,148,356
City Direct Debt		_	3,795,929
Total Direct and overlapping debt		_	\$95,944,285
		=	

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Flagler County Property Appraiser. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

Fetimated

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Palm Coast. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

(a) For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental units' taxable value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value. This same formula is used for other overlapping debt.

Schedule 12 City of Palm Coast Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Fiscal Years

> The Constitution of the State of Florida, Florida Statutes 200.181 and the City of Palm Coast Charter sets no legal debt margin

Schedule 13
City of Palm Coast, Florida
Pledged-Revenue Coverage,
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Utility Revenue Bonds													
						Rate									
	Utility		Less:	S	Stabilization	Net Available									
Fiscal		Service		Operating	Transfers			Debt Service							
Year	Charges (1)			Expenses (2)		To/(From) (3)		Revenue		Principal		Interest	Coverage		
2001	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	_		
2002	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	_		
2003		-		-		_		-		-		_	-		
2004		16,044,561		9,149,504		1,900,000		4,995,057		-		4,442,773	1.12		
2005		21,744,036		11,451,648		3,300,000		6,992,388		-		4,442,773	1.57		
2006		26,593,042		14,152,222		4,000,000		8,440,820		1,845,000		4,405,873	1.35		
2007		26,674,110		14,789,497		1,000,000		10,884,613		1,880,000		4,368,273	1.74		
2008		24,925,712		16,496,688		-		8,429,024		1,920,000		4,329,873	1.35		
2009		28,044,523		16,743,299				11,301,224		1,955,000		6,445,164	1.35		
2010		28,132,136		17,170,763		(1,500,000)		12,461,373		2,970,000		6,352,364	1.34		

Note: The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. The City purchased the local water and wastewater utility on October 30, 2003, issuing revenue bonds to fund the purchase.

- (1) Gross revenues include operating revenue of the system and interest earnings. Interest earnings from construction funds are excluded.
- (2) Operating expenses include operating and administrative expenses of the system.
- (3) Transfers to the rate stabilization account decrease net revenues, and transfers from the rate stabilization account increase net revenues, per the bond resolution.

Schedule 14
City of Palm Coast, Florida
Demographic and Economic Statistics,
Last Ten Calendar Years

		Personal Income (a)	Per Capita		
Calendar		(thousands	Personal	School	Unemployment
Year	Population	of dollars)	Income (a)	Enrollment	Rate
2000	30,767	\$1,194,237	\$23,622	6,160	3.60%
2001	32,732	1,282,887	23,884	6,607	4.60%
2002	35,443	1,391,448	24,227	7,054	5.40%
2003	38,348	1,555,403	25,026	7,596	5.60%
2004	42,850	1,817,308	26,632	8,464	5.10%
2005	50,484	2,139,000	28,393	9,626	4.40%
2006	58,216	2,480,000	30,140	10,973	4.20%
2007	67,832	2,731,000	30,973	12,800	6.50%
2008	70,376	2,878,868	30,746	12,738	11.80%
2009	74,590	2,832,191	30,912	13,082	12.90%

Sources: Population for calendar year 2000 from the U.S. Census Bureau. Population estimates for calendar year 2001-2009 by the Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida. Personal income data per the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, and data for 2010 was not available as of the financial statement date. School enrollment data is from the Flagler County School Board. Unemployment rates are from the Florida Agency for Workforce Innovation.

(a) Personal income data is for Flagler County. Data is not available specifically for Palm Coast until 2006.

Note: The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999.

Schedule 15 City of Palm Coast, Florida Principal Employers, Current Year and Eight Years Ago

		2010			2003	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment (a)	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment (a)
Flagler County Schools	1,756	1	4.15%	1,200	1	5.53%
Palm Coast Data	1,100	2	2.60%	1,032	2	4.75%
Florida Hospital-Flagler	780	3	1.84%	340	4	1.57%
Publix Supermarket	560	4	1.32%	190	5	0.88%
Hammock Beach Resort	557	5	1.32%	-	-	-
Wal Mart Stores	500	6	1.18%	350	3	1.61%
City of Palm Coast	415	7	0.98%	133	9	0.61%
Sea Ray Boats	400	8	0.95%	-	-	-
Ocean Hammock Resort	320	9	0.76%	_	-	-
Flagler County Sheriff's Office	257	10	0.60%	-	-	-
Winn-Dixie Stores	-	-	-	170	6	0.78%
American Radionic Company, Inc.	-	-	-	137	7	0.63%
Beverly Health & Rehabilitation	-	-	-	135	8	0.62%
Ascom Energy Systems, Inc.	-	-	-	131	10	0.60%
Total	6,645		15.70%	3,818		17.58%

Source: Enterprise Flagler, Flagler County Chamber of Commerce, Florida Research and Economic database for civilian workforce

Note: Information for years prior to 2003 is unavailable.

(a) Statistics relating to total city employment are unavailable. The City of Palm Coast represents approximately 70% of the total population of Flagler County.

Schedule 16
City of Palm Coast, Florida
Full-time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program,
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time-Equivalent Employees as of September 30,

-	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008 (a)	2009	2010
Function/Program								. ,		
General Government										
City Administration	-	2	2	4	4	4	4	22	22	14.5
Community Relations	-	-	-	-	3	4	4	-	-	-
City Attorney	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	0.5
City Clerk	-	1	1	1	3	4	5	-	-	-
Financial Services	9	10	9	10	15	15	17	14	9	8
Information Tech & Communications	_	_	1	2	7	12	14	15	15	11.5
Community Development	13	29	23	16	14	17	19	60	17	16
Building and Code Enforcement	-	-	4	21	55	54	51	-	45	41
Fire	25	30	33	36	37	44	46	58	67	66
Law Enforcement	_	_	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	_
Public Works	25	36	34	34	37	55	55	43	64	54
Engineering	_	_	_	_	_	6	7	18	17	9
Recreation and Athletics	3	10	15	17	23	32	40	31	27	19
Capital Projects	_	_	9	16	10	7	8	-	_	_
Water and Wastewater Utility (1)	_	_	-	67	81	101	112	106	116	112.5
Solid Waste	_	_	_	-	2	2	2	_	_	_
Stormwater Management (2)	_	_	_	_	16	17	20		30	37
Golf Course	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	1	-	-
Tennis Center	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3	3	3
Fleet Management	-	-	2	4	4	5	5		3	3
Total	75	118	133	227	310	379	410	391	436	395

Source: City Budget

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year, including vacation and sick leave. Fire employees (not including administrative positions) are scheduled to work 2,756 hours per year, including vacation and sick leave. Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,756 for Fire, and 2,080 for all other employees.

The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999.

- (1) The City purchased the local water and wastewater utility on October 30, 2003.
- (2) The City and the Palm Coast Community Service Corporation (PCCSC) merged during fiscal year 2005 creating the Stormwater Management department.
- (a) General government departments and functions were reorganized for the year ended September 30, 2008.

Schedule 17 City of Palm Coast, Florida Operating Indicators by Function/Program, **Last Nine Fiscal Years**

Fiscal Year

_	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Function/Program									
General Government									
Building Permits Issued									
Residential	_	2,816	4,347	3,299	2,187	507	203	132	127
Commercial	-	77	97	130	56	83	100	17	26
Other	_	3,309	4.652	6.259	6,906	4.201	4.991	5.609	5,260
Total	5,363	6,202	9,096	9,688	9,149	4,791	5,294	5,758	5,413
Building Inspections	-	67,776	39,873	69,047	42,493	58,735	18,503	17,488	16,006
Code Violations		, -	,-	,-	,	,	-,	,	-,
Total Code Violations	3,934	9,395	10,897	14,528	15,743	14,775	19,789	18,775	23,749
Code Violations Cleared	2,271	3,594	2,791	7,756	9,820	12,226	14,335	13,028	16.500
Expenditures per Cleared Violation		\$126	\$206	\$111	\$119	\$168	\$140	\$143	\$125
Fire and Rescue		¥	,	*	****	*	*	*	*
Total Fire Calls	143	185	238	159	192	207	170	222	186
Total EMS Calls	1,559	1,866	2,592	3,050	2,419	3,311	4,501	4,860	5,404
% Responses under 5 Minutes	51%	50%	44%	52%	52%	63.10%	61%	56%	61%
Public Works	0.70	0070	,	0_70	0_/0	33,	0.70	30,0	0.70
Refuse Collection (Annual Tons)	15,682	20,625	26,362	33,601	37,515	46,093	34,137	31,580	31,134
Recycle Collection (Annual Tons)	2,602	2,990	2,101	2,836	2,959	4,339	3,857	3,969	3,982
Street Rehabilitation (Expenditures per capita)	\$78	\$89	\$40	\$57	\$63	\$58	\$49	\$55	\$52
Potholes Repaired	397	695	454	404	790	1,790	1,210	350	381
Parks and Recreation						,,,,,,,,	-,		
Developed Park Acres/1000 population	1.61	0.97	4.29	3.43	4.02	4.52	3.53	4.41	5.05
Recreation Program Expenditures/1000 population	\$14,099	\$14,058	\$20,168	\$12,906	\$16,635	\$17,152	\$22,002	\$13,544	\$12,263
Total Recreation Revenues/1000 population	\$2,280	\$2,380	\$2,420	\$3,380	\$3,725	\$4,130	\$3,504	\$3,769	\$2,145
Engineering and Stormwater (1)	, , , ,	, ,	, , -	, -,	* - 7	, ,	* - ,	, . ,	, , -
Freshwater Canal Maintenance -									
100% Annual Service Required	-	-	-	-	60.20%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Existing Swale Service -									
2% of Existing Swales Regraded Annually	_	-	_	-	2.80%	2%	2%	2%	6%
Hazardous Drainage Conditions Resolved -									
100% Repaired in 24 Hours	-	-	_	_	85.70%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Water (2)									
New Connections	-	-	3,745	3,751	1,603	1,599	481	201	229
Peak Daily Water Demand (Million gallons per day)	-	-	10.08	8.73	11.33	10.9	10.4	10.1	9.7
Wastewater (2)									
Peak Daily Wastewater Treated	-	-	7.07	7.63	6.38	10.62	6.9	11.8	6.83
(Million gallons per day)									

(Million gallons per day) **Sources**: Various City departments

Notes: The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999. Certain operating indicators for and prior to fiscal year 2002 are unavailable. (1) The City and the Palm Coast Community Service Corporation (PCCSC) merged during fiscal year 2005 creating the Stormwater Management department. (2) The City purchased the local water and wastewater utility on October 30, 2003.

Schedule 18
City of Palm Coast, Florida
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program,
Last Nine Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year									
-	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Function/Program									
Fire and Rescue									
Stations	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	5	5
Apparatus	11	14	9	12	12	15	15	15	17
Public Works									
Streets (miles)	1,032	1,032	1,077	1,078	1,078	1,102	1,102	1,102	1,138
Traffic Signals	· <u>-</u>	26	26	29	36	41	43	47	47
Fleet Size	49	91	113	153	238	241	301	283	246
Parks and Recreation									
Acreage	481	481	602	602	647	672	672	746	746
Playgrounds	3	3	4	4	6	6	6	7	8
Athletic Fields	4	4	14	14	14	16	16	22	19
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Stormwater (1)									
Swales (miles)	-	-	-	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,200	1,200	1,200
Drainage ditches (miles)	-	-	-	150	150	150	150	150	150
Canals (miles)	-	-	-	80	80	80	80	80	80
Water control structures	-	-	-	19	19	19	19	19	19
Water (2)									
Water Mains (miles)	-	_	623	623	648	648	648	679	679
Fire Hydrants	-	_	3,058	3,058	3,455	3,455	3,455	3,717	3,772
Capacity (millions of gallons per day)	-	-	12.38	12.38	12.38	12.38	12.38	15.38	15.38
Wastewater (2)									
Sewers (miles)	-	-	475	475	560	560	560	613	613
Treatment Capacity (millions of gallons per day)	-	-	4.55	4.55	6.83	6.83	6.83	6.83	6.83

Sources: Various City departments

Notes: The City of Palm Coast was incorporated on December 31, 1999. Certain operating indicators for and prior to fiscal year 2002 are unavailable. No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.

- (1) The City and the Palm Coast Community Service Corporation (PCCSC) merged during fiscal year 2005 creating the Stormwater Management department.
- (2) The City purchased the local water and wastewater utility on October 30, 2003.



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OTHER REPORTS



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JAMES MOORE & CO., P.L. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager, City of Palm Coast, Florida:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Palm Coast, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 10, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses. [2010-01 and 2010-02]

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City of Palm Coast, Florida in a separate letter dated February 10, 2011.

The City of Palm Coast, Florida's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the City of Palm Coast, Florida's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Pursuant to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, this management letter is a public record and its distribution is not limited. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to indicate that this report is intended solely for the information and use of the State of Florida Office of the Auditor General, City Council, management, others within the City, and Federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Games Hoore & lo.

Daytona Beach, Florida February 10, 2011

CITY OF PALM COAST, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Federal Agency, Pass-Through Entity	CFDA Number	Contract / Grant Number	Program Award Amount	Program Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS				
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Passed Through Florida Department of Community Affairs:				
Community Development Block Grants	14.228	10DB-4X-04-28-02-F 20	\$ 2,664,903	\$ 1,652,210
Environmental Protection Agency				
Passed Through Florida Department of Environmental Protection:				
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	66.458	CS120001-050 / SW903040	4,822,150	486,000
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	66.458	CS120001-050 / SW903070	3,740,362	1,310,135
HCD 4 CH L IC 1				1,796,135
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed Through State of Florida, Division of Emergency Management	07.020	10HM-88-04-28-02-015	172.016	120 676
Hazard Mitigation Grant - Tropical Storm Fay	97.039	10HW-88-04-28-02-013	172,016	130,676
U.S. Department of Commerce				
Passed Through the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration:				
Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards	11.419	CM020	50,000	46,900
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through State of Florida, Natural Resources Conservation Service				
Emergency Watershed Protection Program	10.923	69-4209-10-1753	118,969	63,994
U.S. Department of Energy				
Passed Through State of Florida, Department of Energy				
ARRA - Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program	81.128	DE-SC0001403	648,000	459,158
Department of Transportation				
Passed Through State of Florida, Department of Transportation				
ARRA - Highway Planning and Construction - Bridge 764061 Rehabilitation	20.205	APP 95	741,882	596,014
ARRA - Highway Planning and Construction - Belle Terre Phase I Multi-Use Path	20.205	APU 88	319,809	318,326
ARRA - Highway Planning and Construction - Palm Coast Parkway SE Resurfacing	20.205	APV 90	282,000	264,355
Highway Planning and Construction - Rymfire Drive Multi-Use Path	20.205	APV 95	402,538	9,640
Highway Planning and Construction - OKR North Design Widening	20.205	APE 71	318,378	252,622
Highway Planning and Construction - OKR North Design Extension	20.205	APS 73	136,447	114,063
Highway Planning and Construction - Construction of Graham Swamp Trail	20.205	APF 35	654,216	654,216
				2,209,236
Passed Through State of Florida, Department of Transportation				
State Traffic Safety Information System Improvement Grants	20.610	AP079	12,000	10,095
Total Department of Transportation				2,219,331
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 6,368,404
•				

CITY OF PALM COAST, FLORIDA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

(1) **Basis of Presentation:**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes federal awards activity of the City of Palm Coast, Florida and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.

(2) **Loans Payable:**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes expenditures from two Federal loans the City has through the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) under CFDA 66.458. The loans will be repaid over forty semiannual payments. As of September 30, 2010, the City owed FDEP \$3,967,368 and \$1,904,033, respectively.

CITY OF PALM COAST, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

A. Summary of Auditors' Results:

Financial Statements:

• Type of audit report issued on the basic financial statements: *Unqualified*.

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Two significant deficiencies related to internal control over financial reporting were disclosed by the audit of the basic financial statements, which are both considered material weaknesses.
- The audit did not disclose any noncompliance, which was material to the basic financial statements.

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major Federal programs:

- One significant deficiency related to internal control over major Federal programs was disclosed by the audit, which is considered a material weakness.
- Type of report issued on compliance for each major program: *Unqualified*.
- The audit disclosed audit findings, which are required to be reported under OMB Circular A-133 and are included in this schedule.
- Major program identification:
 - CFDA No. 14.228 U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Community Development Block Grants
 - CFDA No. 81.128 U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Efficient and Conservation Block Grant Program
 - CFDA No. 20.205 Department of Transportation, Highway Planning and Construction
- Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- The City of Palm Coast, Florida qualified as a low-risk auditee.

B. Financial Statement Findings:

2010-01 Prior Period Adjustment Related to Land

During an internal audit of capital assets during the year ended September 30, 2010, the Finance Department discovered approximately \$4.75 Million of land related to Governmental Activities had been duplicated. The duplication of these land values is attributed to the fiscal years ending in 2000 and 2001 when the City was entering all beginning land information received from Flagler County. This duplication resulted in land values and net assets as of September 30, 2009 in the Governmental Activities of the Government-wide statements being overstated. As such, a prior period adjustment is required in the current year to reduce land values and net assets in the amount of \$4.75 Million.

2010-02 Revenue Accruals Related to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Upon reconciling various grant expenditures with the related revenue accrual as of September 30, 2010, we noted the accrual for reimbursement requests on the Florida Department of Transportation - Palm Coast Parkway Resurfacing Grant was incomplete. The journal entry required to correct the revenue accrual was an increase to both revenue and amounts due from other governments by \$198,590 in the Streets Improvement Fund. The City Finance Department had properly reported the current year expenditures for this grant on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards although the revenue accrual was missed. In addition, instances were noted in which the amount expended on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards had to be revised to actual. This was primarily due to the City Finance Department's process of entering total project expenditures on the Schedule versus only those expenditures reimbursable under Federal Awards. To avoid such errors in the future, we recommend the City implement a procedure to reconcile grant expenditures from the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to the related revenue accounts to ensure completeness.

C. Federal Award and State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs:

2010-02 Revenue Accruals Related to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

See comment detail above.

D. **Prior Audit Findings:**

No summary schedule of prior audit findings is required because there were no prior audit findings related to federal programs.

E. Corrective Action Plan:

See attached response to management comments as defined in the table of contents.

JAMES MOORE & CO., P.L. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager, City of Palm Coast, Florida:

Compliance

We have audited the City of Palm Coast, Florida's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2010. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the

purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2010-02 to be a material weakness.

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the City's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Pursuant to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, this management letter is a public record and its distribution is not limited. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to indicate that this report is intended solely for the information and use of the State of Florida Office of the Auditor General, City Council, management, others within the City, and Federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Janes Hoore & lo.

Daytona Beach, Florida February 10, 2011

JAMES MOORE & CO., P.L. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

MANAGEMENT LETTER OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager, City of Palm Coast, Florida:

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Palm Coast, Florida (the City), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated February 10, 2011.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters, Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements that Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133, and Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated February 10, 2011, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, which governs the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida. This letter includes the following information, which is not included in the aforementioned auditors' reports or schedule:

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address all findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires our audit to include a review of the provisions of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City complied with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. Such recommendations have been included in our Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* as items 2010-01 and 2010-02.

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but more than inconsequential. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Section 10.554(1)(i)5., Rules of the Auditor General, provides that the auditor may, based on professional judgment, report the following matters that have an inconsequential on financial statements, considering both quantitative and qualitative factors: (1) violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, fraud, illegal acts, or abuse, and (2) deficiencies in internal control that are not significant deficiencies. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Section 10.554 (1)(i)6., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City of Palm Coast, Florida was incorporated on December 31, 1999 under Chapter 99-448, Laws of the State of Florida. There are no component units related to the City as of September 30, 2010.

Section 10.554(1)(i)7.a., Rules of the Auditor General, requires a statement be included as to whether or not the local government has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City, did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes. The City reported deficit unrestricted net assets of \$817,118, \$5,602,756, 35,444, and \$1,661,702 in its storm water, golf course, tennis center, and IT & C funds, respectively, and negative fund balances of \$4,867,803, \$2,585,777, and \$5,107,839 in its transportation impact fee, SR100 CRA, and OKR special assessment funds, respectively, as of September 30, 2010. However, the City had unrestricted net assets and unassigned and committed fund balances in other funds that can be used by the funds with deficits and had unrestricted capital assets available to cover the reported deficits and the disposal of such assets would not impair the City's ability to carry out its functions.

Section 10.554(1)(i)7.b., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether the annual financial report for the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)7.c. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. This assessment was made as of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010.

Pursuant to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, this management letter is a public record and its distribution is not limited. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to indicate that this letter is intended solely for the information and use of the State of Florida Office of the Auditor General, City Council, management, others within the City, and Federal awarding agencies and passthrough entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Games Moore & lo.

Daytona Beach, Florida February 10, 2011

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FINANCIAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT

RESPONSE TO INTERNAL CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT COMMENTS

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members:

The Financial Services Department would like to provide a response to the management comments and recommendations submitted by the audit firm of James Moore & Co., P.L. for the current year.

1. Prior Period Adjustment Related to Land

Periodically, the Financial Services Department performs internal audits as part of our process to ensure the accuracy of the financial statements as a whole, as well as various financial calculations relating to presentations to City Council. These internal audits can uncover historical transactions that were recorded in error, as was this case with the duplicate posting of land at the inception of the City. Our current procedures include steps to detect and prevent the duplicate posting of capital assets.

2. Revenue Accruals Related to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Our current procedure for preparing our reconciliation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards has been modified in order to minimize potential errors in the future. In addition to these new procedures, we are adding a second review of the schedule and supporting information by someone outside of the grant accounting process.

Ray W. Britt, Jr.

Finance Director February 10, 2011



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